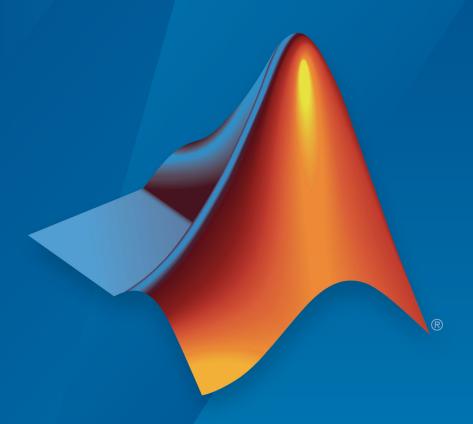
Simulink® Report Generator™

User's Guide



MATLAB® & SIMULINK®



How to Contact MathWorks



Latest news: www.mathworks.com

Sales and services: www.mathworks.com/sales_and_services

User community: www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral

Technical support: www.mathworks.com/support/contact_us

T

Phone: 508-647-7000



The MathWorks, Inc. 3 Apple Hill Drive Natick, MA 01760-2098

Simulink® Report Generator™ User's Guide

© COPYRIGHT 1999-2018 by The MathWorks, Inc.

The software described in this document is furnished under a license agreement. The software may be used or copied only under the terms of the license agreement. No part of this manual may be photocopied or reproduced in any form without prior written consent from The MathWorks, Inc.

FEDERAL ACQUISITION: This provision applies to all acquisitions of the Program and Documentation by, for, or through the federal government of the United States. By accepting delivery of the Program or Documentation, the government hereby agrees that this software or documentation qualifies as commercial computer software or commercial computer software documentation as such terms are used or defined in FAR 12.212, DFARS Part 227.72, and DFARS 252.227-7014. Accordingly, the terms and conditions of this Agreement and only those rights specified in this Agreement, shall pertain to and govern the use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, and disclosure of the Program and Documentation by the federal government (or other entity acquiring for or through the federal government) and shall supersede any conflicting contractual terms or conditions. If this License fails to meet the government's needs or is inconsistent in any respect with federal procurement law, the government agrees to return the Program and Documentation, unused, to The MathWorks, Inc.

Trademarks

MATLAB and Simulink are registered trademarks of The MathWorks, Inc. See www.mathworks.com/trademarks for a list of additional trademarks. Other product or brand names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Patents

MathWorks products are protected by one or more U.S. patents. Please see www.mathworks.com/patents for more information.

Revision History		
January 1999	First printing	New (Release 11)
December 2000	Second printing	Revised (Release 12)
June 2004	Third printing	Revised for Version 2.02 (Release 14)
August 2004	Online only	Revised for Version 2.1
October 2004	Online only	Revised for Version 2.1.1 (Release 14SP1)
December 2004	Online only	Revised for Version 2.2 (Release 14SP1+)
April 2005	Online only	Revised for Version 2.2.1 (Release 14SP2+)
September 2005	Online only	Revised for Version 2.3.1 (Release 14SP3)
March 2006	Online only	Revised for Version 3.0 (Release 2006a)
September 2006	Online only	Revised for Version 3.1 (Release 2006b)
March 2007	Fourth printing	Revised for Version 3.1 (Release 2000b)
September 2007	Fifth printing	Revised for Version 3.2.1 (Release 2007b)
September 2007	rittii priittiig	
		This publication was previously for MATLAB®
March 2008	Online only	and Simulink [®] . It is now for Simulink [®] only.
	Online only	Revised for Version 3.3 (Release 2008a)
October 2008	Online only	Revised for Version 3.4 (Release 2008b)
October 2008	Online only	Revised for Version 3.5 (Release 2008b+)
March 2009	Online only	Revised for Version 3.6 (Release 2009a)
September 2009	Online only	Revised for Version 3.7 (Release 2009b)
March 2010	Online only	Revised for Version 3.8 (Release 2010a)
September 2010	Online only	Revised for Version 3.9 (Release 2010b)
April 2011	Online only	Revised for Version 3.10 (Release 2011a)
September 2011	Online only	Revised for Version 3.11 (Release 2011b)
March 2012	Online only	Revised for Version 3.12 (Release 2012a)
September 2012	Online only	Revised for Version 3.13 (Release 2012b)
March 2013	Online only	Revised for Version 3.14 (Release 2013a)
September 2013	Online only	Revised for Version 3.15 (Release 2013b)
March 2014	Online only	Revised for Version 3.16 (Release 2014a)
October 2014	Online only	Revised for Version 4.0 (Release 2014b)
March 2015	Online only	Revised for Version 4.1 (Release 2015a)
September 2015	Online only	Revised for Version 4.2 (Release 2015b)
October 2015	Online only	Rereleased for Version 4.1.1 (Release
	, and the second	2015aSP1)
March 2016	Online only	Revised for Version 5.0 (Release 2016a)
September 2016	Online only	Revised for Version 5.1 (Release 2016b)
March 2017	Online only	Revised for Version 5.2 (Release 2017a)
September 2017	Online only	Revised for Version 5.3 (Release 2017b)
March 2018	Online only	Revised for Version 5.4 (Release 2018a)
September 2018	Online only	Revised for Version 5.5 (Release 2018b)
Soptombor 2010		110.1202 201 (0101011 0.0 (11010400 20101))

Contents

Getting Sta	rte
Simulink Report Generator Product Description	1 1
Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAI	
Report Generator	1
Finders and Reporters	1
Web Views and Embedded Web Views	1
System Design Documentation and Results Reporting	1
Types of Reports	1
System Design Documentation	1
Results Reporting	1
Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements	1-
Simulink Report API Classes	1-
Find and Report on Blocks in a Model	1-
Block Types	1-
Find and Report on Stateflow Elements	1-
Generate Reports Without Customizing	1-
Predefined Standard Reports	1-
Report API	1-
Web View	1-
Report Creation Workflow	1-
Report Components	1-
About Report Components	1-
Report Structure Components	1-
System-Based Components	1-
User-Supplied Information Components	1-

	Dynamic Reporting Components	1-34 1-35
	Working with the Report Explorer	1-36 1-36
2 [Generate System Design Description Rep	orts
_	System Design Description	2-2
	Predefined Standard Reports	2-2
	What Is the System Design Description?	2-2
	What You Can Do with the Report	2-3
	Report Contents	2-3
	Generate a System Design Description Report	2-7
	Customize the System Design Description	2-8
	Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report	2-8
	Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Setup File	2-9
~ [System Design Descrip	tion
3		
	System Design Description Dialog Box	3-2
	System Design Description Overview	3-2
	Title	3-3 3-3
	Authors	3-3 3-4
	Image	3-4
	Legal Notice	3-5
	Design details	3-5
	Model references	3-6
	Subsystems from custom libraries	3-7
	Requirements traceability	3-7
	Glossary and report explanation	3-7
	File format	3-8

Stylesheet or Template	3- 3-1
Folder	3-1
If report exists, increment name to prevent overwriting	3-1
Package type	3-1
Creating Simulink Rep	ort
Constant Constant Demont	4
Create a Simulink Report Generator Report	4
Report on MATLAB Function	4-1
Find and Report on MATLAB Function Blocks	4-1
Find and Report on Stateflow MATLAB Functions	4- 1
Customize MATLAB Function Reporter Output	4-2
Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively	4-2
Specify Report Options in the Setup File	4-2
Add Report Content with Components	4-2
Generate the Report	4-6
Generate a Report Associated with a Model	4-7
Logical and Looping Components	4-7
Filter with Loop Context Functions	4-7
Create and Save the Setup File	4-7
Add Components	4-7
Run the Report	4-7
Loop Context Functions	4-7
For Simulink Modeling Elements	4-7
For Stateflow Modeling Elements	4-

Export Simulink Models to Web Views

1

Web Views	5-2
What Is a Web View?	5-2
System Requirements	5-2
Web View Files	5-2
Export Models to Web View Files	5-4
Open the Web View Dialog Box	5-4
Export a Model to a Web View	5-4
Export a Float to a was view	J 1
Display and Navigate a Web View	5-6
Display a Web View When You Export It	5-6
Open a Web View File in a Web Browser	5-6
View Centents of a System	5-0 5-7
View Contents of a System	_
View Block Parameters and Signal Properties	5-8
Access Optional Web View Information	5-9
Search a Web View	5-11
	5-11
Perform a Search	
Sort Search Results	5-13
Navigate Between Search Results and Model Elements	5-13
Create and Use a Web View	5-14
About This Tutorial	5-14
	5-1 4 5-14
Export Specific Systems	
Navigate the Web View	5-16
Display Parameters and Properties of Blocks and Signals	5-17
Open the Web View	5-19
Ontional Mak Minne	F 24
Optional Web Views	5-21
Capture and View Optional Web View Information	5-22
	5-22
Capture Optional Web View Information for a Model	
View Optional Web View Information	5-22
Embedded Web View Reports	5-24
What Is Embedded Web View?	5-24
	5-24 5-25
Navigating an Embedded Web View Report	
Embedded Web View Packaging	5-28
View Embedded Web View Reports	5-28

Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator Class	5-30 5-30
Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report	5-32
Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report	5-33
Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report	5-34
Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report	5-35
Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report	5-37
Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report	5-39 5-40 5-41
Web View Export Dialog Box Overview Systems to Export Referenced Models Library Links MathWorks Library Links Masked Subsystems Package name Folder If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting Package Type Include Model Coverage view Include Requirements view Include Coverage view	5-46 5-46 5-47 5-47 5-47 5-48 5-48 5-49 5-49 5-49 5-50

6	Components — Alphabetical List
7	Classes — Alphabetical List
8	Functions - Alphabetical List

Getting Started

- "Simulink Report Generator Product Description" on page 1-2
- "Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator" on page 1-3
- "System Design Documentation and Results Reporting" on page 1-8
- "Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10
- "Generate Reports Without Customizing" on page 1-29
- "Report Creation Workflow" on page 1-31
- "Report Components" on page 1-32
- "Working with the Report Explorer" on page 1-36

Simulink Report Generator Product Description

Design and automatically generate reports from Simulink models and Stateflow charts

Simulink Report Generator provides functions and APIs that enable you to include block diagrams, Stateflow® charts, MATLAB® Function blocks, truth tables, data dictionaries, and other model elements in your reports. You can design and generate reports in PDF, Microsoft® Word, Microsoft PowerPoint®, and HTML. You can generate standard reports such as system design descriptions, as well as custom reports containing design artifacts such as generated code, requirements traceability, documentation, and test results. Artifacts for DO-178, ISO 26262, IEC 61508, and related industry standards can also be included.

Simulink Report Generator enables you to create web views that let you view, navigate, and share Simulink models from a web browser without a Simulink license. You can embed model web views in HTML code generation, requirements, coverage, and other types of reports.

Key Features

- Automated reporting from Simulink and Stateflow
- PDF, Microsoft Word, Microsoft PowerPoint, and HTML formats
- Templates for programmatic and forms-based reporting
- Automatic capture of simulation results and model specifications
- · Web views for viewing and navigating models in web browsers
- Artifacts for DO-178 and IEC 61508

Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator

Simulink Report Generator extends MATLAB Report Generator by adding the ability to find and report on Simulink block diagrams and elements and Stateflow charts and elements. Simulink Report Generator also provides Web Views and Embedded Web Views of Simulink models.

Finders and Reporters

The Simulink Report API has finder classes that find and report on Simulink diagrams, subsystems, blocks, annotations, and other elements. It also has finders for Stateflow, which find and report on charts, states, transitions, and other elements. All of the finders are derived from the mlreportgen.finder.Finder base class. In addition to finders, the Report API has reporter classes, which you use to customize reporting on finder results. See "Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 for more information and a full list of available finders and reporters. In addition the finders and reporters, the MATLAB Report API and DOM API provide many features useful for creating Simulink reports, such as title page, table of contents, and chapter reporters.

This example shows results reported for Simulink blocks by the Report API BlockFinder class.

Chapter 1. Blocks in Simulink vdp model

1.1. Fcn

Table 1.1. vdp/Fcn Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Fcn
Expression	1 - u*u
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1

1.2. More Info

Table 1.2. vdp/More Info Properties

Property	Value
Туре	System

This example shows results reported for Stateflow transitions by the Report API ${\tt StateflowDiagramElementFinder\ class}.$

Chapter 2. Transitions

Table 2.1. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/? Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Destination	None
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	?

Table 2.2. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	None
Destination	One
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

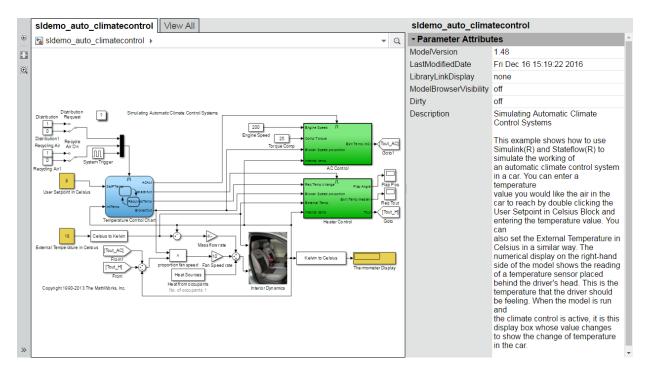
Table 2.3. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	One
Destination	Two
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

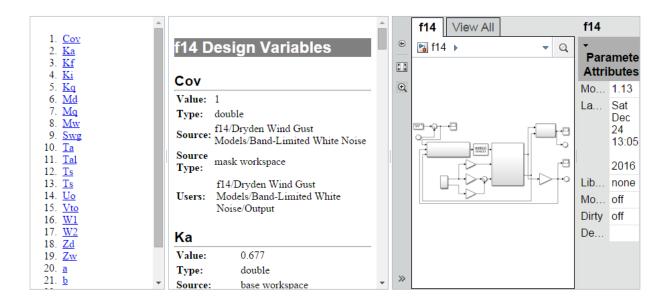
Web Views and Embedded Web Views

Simulink Report Generator also provides Web Views and Embedded Web Views. A Web View is an interactive rendition of a Simulink model that you can view in a Web browser. An Embedded Web View is an HTML report that contains one or more Web Views.

This example shows a Web View.



This example shows a portion of an Embedded Web View report.



See Also

mlreportgen.finder.Finder

More About

- "Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10
- "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Create a Report Generator" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report" on page 4-2
- "Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14
- "Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30

System Design Documentation and Results Reporting

Types of Reports

Two common goals for creating reports are:

- `1 on page 1-8 Capture information about the design decisions, structure, implementation, and operational details of a system.
- Results reporting on page 1-9 Present results of running a system.

You use a similar workflow for creating and generating reports for both goals. However, some components are particularly useful for each use case.

System Design Documentation

System documentation helps you to:

- Capture design decisions
- · Record implementation details
- Communicate the system design and interfaces among groups

When you create a Simulink Report Generator report to provide system design documentation, the report captures information about the system design from the model. Each time that you generate the report, you see up-to-date documentation for the design.

The table includes examples of components that are useful for system design documentation reports.

System Information	Examples of Components to Use
Requirements	Requirements Summary Table (for requirements specified with Simulink Requirements™)
System layout	System Hierarchy, System Snapshot
Model configuration	Model Configuration Set, Model Advisor Report
Block parameter settings	Simulink Dialog Snapshot, Block Loop

System Information	Examples of Components to Use
Properties	Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table
Variables	Variable Table, Simulink Workspace Variable
System documentation included in a model	Documentation, Simulink Name

Results Reporting

Capturing results from simulating a model is useful for:

- · Model regression testing
- Verifying and validating designs
- Exploring design alternatives
- · Optimizing designs

The table includes examples of components that are useful in results reports.

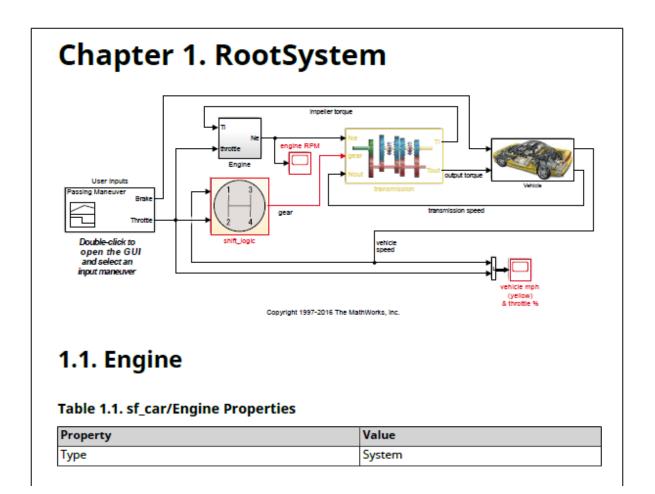
Results Information	Examples of Components to Use
Signal values	Scope Snapshot, Block Loop
Simulation processing	Model Simulation, Model Configuration Set, Fixed-Point Logging Options
Figures generated with MATLAB	Figure Snapshot, To Workspace Plot
Generated code	Code Generation Summary, Import Generated Code

You can use components such as the Model Simulation component to control how the model simulates. Other components, such as the Scope Snapshot, show the results of the simulation.

Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements

Finders and reporters reduce the amount of time and complexity required to write code to find and report on Simulink model elements, such as diagrams and blocks, and on Stateflow charts and transitions, etc. The Simulink Report Generator Report API is a layer on top of the DOM API. Its finders and reporters are based on the Simulink and Stateflow find base class. You specify the container in which to find specific elements, such as blocks in a subsystem or states in a chart. Finder objects return their results in a corresponding array of finder result objects.

The Simulink Report API also includes reporter classes, which return an image of the container. This image is the top level of a model.



Every result object returned by a finder has an associated reporter object, which reports on those results. The reporter object holds the content and formats the content, such as tables of properties and data plots. You add the reporter objects to your reports. Use the MATLAB Report API reporters to define common report elements. See "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator) for information.

All finders and reporters have these features:

Default behaviors and values

Allow overriding and customizing their output

All finders have find, hasNext, and next methods. The find method finds and returns in an array of result objects all elements for each found element of the specified type. The hasNext and next methods find and return one element at a time and are used to iterate over a list of results. The hasNext method checks whether the container has at least one of the element of the specified type. If the container has one or more of the elements, then the hasNext method queues it for the next method to find and return as a result object.

All reporters have predefined templates. The template for each reporter defines its formatting, layout, and content holes. You do not need to change the template or specify any formats, layouts, or holes unless you want a customized report. You can customize your report by copying and editing its default template or by using a new template. Editing a copy of the default template gives you a starting point and structure to follow to customize your template. Using a new template lets you completely define your template starting with a blank file. To change the order of the report content, reorder the holes in the template. Finders do not use templates. Another way to customize a reporter class is by subclassing it.

The default reporter templates for each output type are in a template library, which is at

For example, the path to the default template for the <code>DiagramReporter</code> for PDF output is

For a detailed example of editing a template, see the "Customize a Report API Template" section of "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Simulink Report API Classes

The Simulink Report API provides these finder, result, and reporter classes. To use these classes in a report generator program, you must create a container of type slreport. Report to hold the report.

Finders and Results Classes

Report API Class	Description	Returns
slreportgen.finder.An notationFinder	Finds Simulink block diagram annotations	Annotation finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramElementResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Bl ockFinder	Finds blocks in a Simulink block diagram	Block finder. Its associated find method returns a list of BlockResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Bl ockResult	Create finder result object for block	Result object for block
slreportgen.finder.Ch artDiagramFinder	Finds Stateflow charts in a model	Stateflow chart diagram finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Di agramElementFinder	Finds elements of a Simulink block diagram or Stateflow chart	Diagram element finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramElementResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Di agramElementResult	Container for a diagram element found by a DiagramElementFinder	Result object for diagram element
slreportgen.finder.Di agramFinder	Finds block diagrams and charts in a Simulink model	Diagram finder Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Di agramResult	Container for a diagram element found by the DiagramElementFinder	Result object for diagram
slreportgen.finder.St ateFinder	Finds states in a Stateflow chart	State finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramElementResult objects.

Report API Class	Description	Returns
slreportgen.finder.St ateflowDiagramElement Finder	Finds elements of a Stateflow chart	Stateflow chart diagram finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramElementResult objects.
slreportgen.finder.Sy stemDiagramFinder	Finds system block diagrams in a Simulink model	Simulink block diagram finder. Its associated find method returns a list of DiagramResult objects.

Reporters Classes

Report API Class	Description	Returns
slreportgen.report.Di agram	Creates snapshot of a Simulink block diagram or a Stateflow chart	Returns an image and caption of a Simulink block diagram or a Stateflow chart
slreportgen.report.Lo okupTable	Reports breakpoints and output points of Simulink lookup table block	Returns a table and plot of Lookup table block output values vs. breakpoints, and a data types table
slreportgen.report.MA TLABFunction	Reports script used by MATLABFunction block or Stateflow MATLAB function	Returns a table of MATLAB Function block properties, function input and output argument summary, and the MATLAB code used by the block.
<pre>slreportgen.report.Si mulinkObjectPropertie s</pre>	Creates table of the properties of a Simulink object	Returns a table of property value of the specified Simulink object
<pre>slreportgen.report.St ateflowObjectProperti es</pre>	Creates table of the properties of a Stateflow object	Returns a table of property value of the specified Stateflow object

Find and Report on Blocks in a Model

This example shows how to find and report on all Simulink blocks in the vdp model using the BlockFinder class. The resulting HTML report includes default information and uses default formatting for each block.

Import the Report API package, which let you use class names without including their package names. For example, you can use BlockFinder instead of slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder. In addition to importing the Simulink Report API base classes, import the MATLAB Report API base class. A typical report includes a title page, table of contents, chapters, and sections, which you include as reporter classes in the MATLAB Report API.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

2 Load the vdp model.

```
model_name = 'vdp';
load_system(model_name)
```

3 Create the container object to hold the report and open the report. In this case, the output report is saved in zipped vdp_model.htmx HTML report. You can use any output name you want. If you run the report generator more than once using the same output file name, the output file is overwritten. To use Simulink Report API finders and reporters in your report generator program, you must use the fully qualified name to create the container object.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('vdp_model','html');
open(rpt)
```

4 Add a chapter and specify its title.

```
ch = Chapter('Blocks in Simulink vdp model');
```

5 Use the BlockFinder class to create a finder. In this case, the BlockFinder finds all the blocks in the model. Use the find method to find the blocks specified by the finder.

```
finder = BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(finder);
```

Loop through the results of the find method and create a section for each block, and add the block property table to the section. Then, add each section to the chapter. After all blocks have been added, add the chapter to the report.

```
for result = results
    sect = Section('Title',result.Name);
```

```
add(sect, result)
         add(ch,sect)
   end
   add (rpt,ch);
   Close the report and model, and view the report.
   close(rpt);
   close_system(model_name);
   rptview(rpt);
The full program is
import slreportgen.finder.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'vdp';
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('vdp_model','html');
open(rpt)
ch = Chapter('Blocks in Simulink vdp model');
finder = BlockFinder(model name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
     sect = Section('Title', result.Name);
     add(sect, result)
     add(ch,sect);
end
add (rpt,ch);
close(rpt)
close system(model name)
rptview(rpt)
```

The chapter heading and the section headings and property tables of the first two blocks of the resulting report are shown.

Chapter 1. Blocks in Simulink vdp model

1.1. Fcn

Table 1.1. vdp/Fcn Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Fcn
Expression	1 - u*u
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1

1.2. More Info

Table 1.2. vdp/More Info Properties

• •	Value
	System

Use Specific Finders and Reporters for Different Block Types

Create a PDF report generator that finds all blocks in the $sldemo_radar_eml$ model.

To find all blocks, use the BlockFinder. The if statement shows how to test for MATLAB Function blocks. Use the MATLABFunction reporter to report MATLAB Function block details. The else statement shows how blocks other than MATLAB Function blocks use the BlockFinder find method results.

```
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model_name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
```

```
if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(blks(i).Object)
     rptr = MATLABFunction(blks(i).Object);
     sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
     add(sec,rptr)
     add(ch,sec)
else
     sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
     add(sec,blks(i))
     add(ch,sec)
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model_name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
The full program is
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model_name = 'sldemo_radar_eml';
load system(model name)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('radar','pdf');
open(rpt)
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
ch = Chapter('Blocks in sldemo_radar_eml Model');
for i=1:length(blks)
   if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(blks(i).Object)
      rptr = MATLABFunction(blks(i).Object);
      sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
      add(sec,rptr)
      add(ch,sec)
   else
      sec = Section(blks(i).Name);
      add(sec,blks(i))
      add(ch,sec)
   end
end
add(rpt,ch)
close(rpt)
```

close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)

An example of the information reported for a MATLAB Function block by the ${\tt MATLABFunction}$ reporter is

Chapter 1. Blocks in sldemo_radar_eml Model

1.1. MATLAB Function

Table 1.1. MATLAB Function Object Properties

Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	
Support variable- e-size arrays	0
Saturate on integ er overflow	1
Treat these inheri ted Simulink sign al types as fi obje cts	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function block fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	<pre>fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)</pre>
Description	

Table 1.2. MATLAB Function Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Data Type	Size
meas	Input	1	double	2
residual	Output	1	double	2
deltat	Parameter	NaN	double	1
xhatOut	Output	2	double	4

MATLAB Function Function Script

```
function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat)
%EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter
%
```

1

An example of the information reported by the find method of the BlockFinder is

Chapter 1. Blocks in sldemo_radar_eml Model

1.2. Meas. noise intensity

Table 1.3. sldemo_radar_eml/Meas. noise intensity Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Gain
Gain	[300 0; 0 .01]
Multiplication	Matrix(K*u) (u vector)
Parameter data type	Inherit: Inherit via internal ru le
Output data type	Inherit: Inherit via internal ru le
Lock output data type setting against changes by the fixed-point to ols	off
Integer rounding mode	Floor
Saturate on integer overflow	off
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1

1.3. More Info

Table 1.4. sldemo_radar_eml/More Info Properties

Property	Value	
Туре	System	

1.4. Radar Measurement Noise

Table 1.5. sldemo_radar_eml/Radar Measurement Noise Properties

Property	Value	
Туре	Block	
Block Type	SubSystem	

Find and Report on Stateflow Elements

This example describes how to find and report on Stateflow states, transitions, and junctions. It reports on the control logic chart of the sldemo fuelsys model.

This portion of the code uses the StateFinder and its find method to find and report on states in the chart. It loops through the array of found states and adds each one to the chapter.

```
stFinder = StateFinder(subsys);
states = find(stFinder);
for state = states
    add(chapter, state)
end
add(rpt, chapter)
```

Chapter 1. States

Table 1.1. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/O2 Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
Description	This state determines the validity of the exhaust gas oxygen sensor (EGO) data.
Label	02

Table 1.2. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Pressure Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
Description	This state assesses the validity of the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor.
Label	Pressure

Table 1.3. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Throttle Properties

Property	Value	
Туре	AND State	
Description	This state determines the validity of the throttle sensor signal.	
Label	Throttle	

Table 1.4. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Speed Properties

Property	Value
Туре	AND State
	This state infers the validity of the speed sensor data. A failure is indicated by the pre sence of manifold vacuum at zero speed.
Label	Speed

To report on the transitions, use the StateflowDiagramElementFinder and its find method. To show the property table with a narrower width than the default, customize the

output. First, obtain the reporter for the result. To set the width, use the TableWidth property of the reporter.

```
chapter = Chapter('Title','Transitions');
trFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder...
    ('Container',subsys,'Types','transition');
transitions = find(trFinder);
for transition = transitions
    rptr = transition.getReporter;
    rptr.PropertyTable.TableWidth = '3in';
    add(chapter,rptr)
end
add(rpt,chapter)
```

Chapter 2. Transitions

Table 2.1. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/? Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Destination	None
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	?

Table 2.2. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	None
Destination	One
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

Table 2.3. sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic/Fail/INC Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Transition
Source	One
Destination	Two
ExecutionOrder	1
Label	INC

The complete program is

import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'sldemo fuelsys';
load system(model name);
subsys = strcat(model name,...
   '/fuel rate control/control logic');
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
open(rpt)
tp = TitlePage('Title',...
   'Control Logic Chart of sldemo fuelsys');
add(rpt,tp)
add(rpt,TableOfContents);
chapter = Chapter('Title','States');
stFinder = StateFinder(subsys);
states = find(stFinder);
for state = states
   add(chapter, state)
end
add(rpt,chapter)
chapter = Chapter('Title','Transitions');
trFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder...
   ('Container', subsys, 'Types', 'transition');
transitions = find(trFinder);
for transition = transitions
   rptr = transition.getReporter;
   rptr.PropertyTable.TableWidth = '3in';
   add(chapter,rptr)
end
add(rpt,chapter)
close(rpt)
close system(model name)
rptview(rpt)
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report

More About

- "Relationship Between Simulink Report Generator and MATLAB Report Generator" on page 1-3
- "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Generate Reports Without Customizing

In this section...

"Predefined Standard Reports" on page 1-29

"Report API" on page 1-29

"Web View" on page 1-30

You can use Simulink Report Generator without customizing reports by using:

- Predefined standard reports
- Report API objects
- · Web view

Predefined Standard Reports

Simulink Report Generator comes with two predefined, standard reports for Simulink:

- System Design Description
- Design Requirements (requires Simulink Requirements)

You generate these reports using the **File > Reports** menu in the Simulink Editor. The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model. You can choose report options by using the report dialog box, or you can create a customized version using the Report Explorer. You can use the System Design Description report setup file as a starting point for creating a setup file for your own report. For details, see "Generate a System Design Description Report" on page 2-7.

The Design Requirements report includes information about all the requirements associated with the model and its objects. You must have Simulink Requirements installed to use the Design Requirements report.

Report API

The Report API, which is based on the DOM API, is a set of document objects, such as title page, table of contents, chapter, and figure objects, that do the work of dozens of lines of code based on DOM objects. As a result, the Report API greatly reduces the

amount of code needed to generate reports. As with the DOM API, you can add content to your report in the form of built-in MATLAB objects, such as strings, number and character arrays, and cell arrays. The Report API converts these to DOM objects before adding them to your report. You can also use text, paragraph and other DOM objects directly to format the content that you add to your report.

Web View

A Web View is a view of a model that you can explore in a Web browser. Web Views are useful for presenting models to audiences and for sharing models with colleagues who do not have MathWorks® products installed. You can use Web Views to navigate subsystems and see properties of blocks and signals. For details, see "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4.

Report Creation Workflow

Use this general approach for creating reports interactively.

- 1 Open the Report Explorer. In the Simulink Editor, select **Tools > Report Generator**.
- **2** Create a report setup file for your new report design.
- 3 Add components to the report setup file. Components determine the behavior and contents of your report. You can use the supplied components and you can create your own custom components.
- **4** Choose a Microsoft Word, HTML, or PDF template or a Report Explorer style sheet to associate styles with the report setup file.
- **5** Generate the report.

To create reports programmatically using the Report API and DOM API, see "Report Generator Development" (MATLAB Report Generator) and "Report Creation".

See Also

Related Examples

- "Generate a Report Using a Template" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-26

More About

- "Report Setup" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Layout Style Sheets" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Report Components

In this section...

"About Report Components" on page 1-32

"Report Structure Components" on page 1-32

"System-Based Components" on page 1-33

"User-Supplied Information Components" on page 1-34

"Dynamic Reporting Components" on page 1-34

"Format Control at the Component Level" on page 1-35

About Report Components

Include components in a report setup file to specify report behavior and insert content, such as tables, lists, and figures, into a report. Use the Report Explorer on page 1-36 to add components to a report and to specify their behavior.

Use a combination of these types of components in your report setup file.

Component Type	Description
"Report Structure Components" on page 1-32	Include a title page, sections, and other components to organize the content of a report.
"System-Based Components" on page 1-33	Include components that obtain information directly from a model to include in a report.
"User-Supplied Information Components" on page 1-34	Include text and graphics that you supply, independent of a model.
"Dynamic Reporting Components" on page 1-34	Set up dynamic control for when to include components and what information to report on for a component, based on data from a model or on other conditions that you specify.

Report Structure Components

To add a title page, use a Title Page component. You can include an abstract and legal notice information. For an example, see "Add a Title Page" on page 4-33.

To organize a report into sections, use Chapter/Subsection components. For an example, see "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-49.

System-Based Components

The Simulink Report Generator includes components that get information from a model to include in a report. Using system-based components allows your report to describe the current state of a model. Once the setup file contains these components, you can generate the report whenever you want to capture the latest version of a model.

Property table components display property name/property value pairs for objects in tables. Summary table components insert tables that include specified properties for objects into generated reports. The tables contain one object per row, with each object property appearing in a column.

To use descriptive information from DocBlock blocks, use the Documentation component.

A few examples of system-based components include:

- MATLAB Property Table
- Simulink Workspace Variable
- System Hierarchy
- Simulink Summary Table
- Simulink Dialog Snapshot
- Block Execution Order List
- Model Loop
- Model Configuration Set
- Scope Snapshot

For examples of using system-based components, see:

- "Property Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Summary Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-41

The Simulink Report Generator also includes system-based components that contain model elements from the following Simulink products:

- Stateflow
- Fixed-Point Designer[™]
- Simulink Coder[™]
- Simulink Check™
- Simulink Requirements

User-Supplied Information Components

In addition to using system-based components to extract data from a system and insert that information into a report, you can also add content that you, or others, supply. For example, to include text, use the Paragraph and Text components.

To insert a graphic from a file, use an Image component. To insert ASCII text, use an Import File component.

To include notes about the report source files, use a Comment component.

For an example, see "Add Introductory Text to the First Chapter" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Dynamic Reporting Components

Dynamic reporting components execute conditionally, enabling you to decide when a child component executes or how many times a child component executes. To control the report generation flow, use logical and flow components such as Logical If, Logical Then, While Loop, or For Loop.

A looping component runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, including logical loops, Handle Graphics[®] loops, and model and chart loops. For model and chart loops, you can control aspects such as the order in which the report sorts blocks.

For examples, see:

- "Logical and Looping Components" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-37
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-41
- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-73

Format Control at the Component Level

The output format and stylesheet that you select for a report determines most aspects of the generated report formatting. For details, see "Report Output Format" (MATLAB Report Generator).

In addition to stylesheets that control the format and layout of the report, for some components you can set properties to specify formatting details for that specific instance of a component. For example, for the Simulink Property Table, you can specify whether to display table borders or specify the alignment of text in table cells.

Working with the Report Explorer

About the Report Explorer

The *Report Explorer* is the MATLAB Report Generator and Simulink Report Generator graphical interface. It allows you to:

- Create and modify report setup files.
- Apply style sheets to format the generated report.
- Specify the report file format.
- · Generate reports.

To open the Report Explorer, enter report in the MATLAB Command Window.

- The *Outline pane* on the left shows the hierarchy of components in currently opened report setup files. Report components can reside within other report components, creating parent, child, and sibling relationships.
- The *Library pane* in the middle lists the objects available in the context of the Outline pane.

Outline Pane Context	Library Pane Contents
No report setup file is open.	Reports
Report setup file is open.	Components
Style sheet is open.	Style sheet attributes

• The *Properties pane* contents depend on the Outline pane context. If no report setup file is open, on the right displays tasks the Report Explorer can perform. If a report setup file is open, the Properties pane displays the properties for the item that is currently selected in the Library pane.

Outline Pane Context	Properties Pane Contents
No report setup file is open.	Tasks that the Report Explorer can perform

Outline Pane Context	Properties Pane Contents	
Report setup file is open.	Properties for the item that is currently selected	
	After you create a report setup file, the Properties pane initially displays properties for the report setup file as a whole.	

Tip If the Report Explorer window opens with only two panes, one of the panes is hidden. You can move the vertical boundaries between the panes to reveal any hidden pane, or to make visible panes wider or narrower.

Generate System Design Description Reports

- "System Design Description" on page 2-2
- "Generate a System Design Description Report" on page 2-7
- "Customize the System Design Description" on page 2-8

System Design Description

In this section...

"Predefined Standard Reports" on page 2-2

"What Is the System Design Description?" on page 2-2

"What You Can Do with the Report" on page 2-3

"Report Contents" on page 2-3

Predefined Standard Reports

From the Simulink Editor, you can access two predefined, standard Simulink Report Generator reports called:

- System Design Description
- System Requirements Traceability

The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model. You can choose report options using the report dialog, or you can create a customized version using the Report Explorer. For details, see "Generate a System Design Description Report" on page 2-7.

You can use the System Design Description report setup file as a starting point for creating a setup file for your own report.

You can also generate an HTML model report for Stateflow charts. For details, see "Generate a Model Report" (Stateflow).

The System Requirements Traceability report requires that you have Simulink Requirements installed. The System Requirements Traceability report includes information about all the requirements associated with the model and its objects.

What Is the System Design Description?

The System Design Description is a prebuilt Simulink Report Generator report that describes the system design represented by a Simulink model.

By default, the Simulink Report Generator generates the report for the model from which you invoke the System Design Description report option.

What You Can Do with the Report

You can use the System Design Description to

- · Review a system design without having the model open
- Generate summary and detailed descriptions of the design
- Assess compliance with design requirements
- Archive the system design in a format independent of the modeling environment
- · Build a customized version of the report, using the Report Explorer

Note To view step-by-step tutorials for creating and generating a report, see the Introduction to System Design Description Reports example.

Report Contents

You can specify what kinds of information to include in the report, in terms of:

- What elements of a model to include in the report (for example, whether to include subsystems from custom libraries)
- Whether to generate a summary version or a detailed version of the System Design Description report.

For details, see "Generate a System Design Description Report" on page 2-7.

Summary Version

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version

Section	Information
Root System	Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	Description (if available from model)
	Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the system input and output signals
	Subsystems: the path and a block diagram for each subsystem
	State charts
	Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	• Path
	Block diagram
System Design Variables	Design variables
	Functions in design variable expressions

Detailed Version

The detailed version of the report includes all the information that is in the summary form of the report, as well as more information about the system components. The atomic subsystem information is more detailed than virtual subsystem information.

Section	Information
Report Overview	Model version

Section	Information
Root system	Block diagram representing the algorithms that compute root system outputs
	Description (if available from model)
	Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the root system input and output signals
	Block parameters
	Includes detailed information about MATLAB Function blocks
	Block execution order for root system and atomic subsystems
	Look-up tables
	Simulink workspace variables
	Model configuration sets
	State charts
	Requirements (optional)
Subsystems	The same type of information as the information for the root system, as well as:
	Path of the subsystem in the model
	(For atomic subsystems) Checksum that indicates whether the version of an atomic subsystem that generates the report differs from other versions of the subsystem
	Referenced models (optional)
	Subsystems from custom libraries (optional)

Section	Information
State Charts	State chart
	• States
	Transitions between the states
	• Junctions
	Events that trigger state transitions
	Data types
	Targets
	Truth tables

Report Captures Documentation Included in a Model

The System Design Description reports documentation included in a model, including:

- The model description (from the model properties)
- The block property Description
- DocBlock model documentation blocks

To enrich the generated System Design Description, add corresponding information in the model.

Generate a System Design Description Report

Generate a system design description report to create a standard report of your model from the Simulink Editor. The System Design Description report provides summary or detailed information about a system design represented by a model.

When you generate the report, you can specify layout and content options for:

- Title page contents
- Report content
- Report file format and storage location

Tip For faster report generation, set **File format** to one of the from template options. For example, select Direct PDF (from template) to output to PDF.

- 1 Open the model or subsystem for which you want to generate a report. The model must compile without error for the report to generate.
- 2 From the File menu, select Reports > System Design Description.
- 3 In the System Design Description dialog box, specify layout and content options for the report. To display detailed information about each option, right-click the label and select **What's This**.
- 4 Click Generate.

To create a customized version of the report, click **Customize Content**. This option creates a copy of the report setup file and opens the copy in the Report Explorer. See "Customize the System Design Description" on page 2-8.

See Also

More About

"System Design Description" on page 2-2

Customize the System Design Description

In this section...

"Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report" on page 2-8

"Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Setup File" on page 2-9

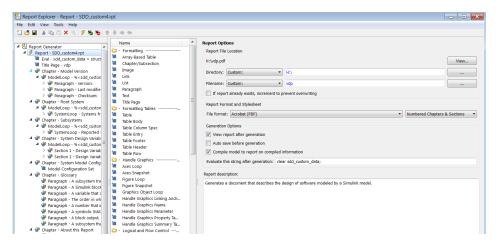
You can create customized versions of the System Design Description report by using the Report Explorer and, optionally the MATLAB tools for building graphical user interfaces.

By default, when you open a customized version of the report, the System Design Description dialog box does not open.

Using the Report Explorer to Customize the Report

To customize the System Design Description setup file in the Simulink Report Generator using the Report Explorer:

1 In the System Design Description dialog box, click the **Customize Content** button to open the Report Explorer.



The Report Explorer reflects any changes (for example, a different report name) that you made in the System Design Description dialog box.

- In the Report Explorer, add or modify components. See "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-26 and "Information Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).
 - Do not remove the sdd_custom_data structure, which is defined as:

```
sdd custom data = struct('model',bdroot,'rootSystem',gcs);
```

You can modify the model argument, which is the model for which you generated the report and the rootSystem argument, which is the system level in the model at which, and below which, you want to use to generate the report.

- Do not remove or modify functions that begin with StdRpt, such as %StdRpt.getChecksum
- **3** Optionally modify a style sheet (see "Layout Style Sheets" (MATLAB Report Generator)).
- 4 Save the customized report with a name other than SDD custom.rpt.

Building a Dialog Box for a Custom Report Setup File

To provide options for your custom report, you can create a dialog box, like the System Design Description dialog box. The dialog box that you create for your custom report can allow others to adapt the report to meet their needs, without their having to use the Report Explorer.

System Design Description

System Design Description Dialog Box

In this section...

"System Design Description Overview" on page 3-2

"Title" on page 3-3

"Subtitle" on page 3-3

"Authors" on page 3-4

"Image" on page 3-4

"Legal Notice" on page 3-5

"Design details" on page 3-5

"Model references" on page 3-6

"Subsystems from custom libraries" on page 3-7

"Requirements traceability" on page 3-7

"Glossary and report explanation" on page 3-7

"File format" on page 3-8

"Stylesheet or Template" on page 3-9

"File name" on page 3-12

"Folder" on page 3-12

"If report exists, increment name to prevent overwriting" on page 3-12

"Package type" on page 3-13

System Design Description Overview

Choose options for the content, format, and location of the generated System Design Description report. To customize the report template, click the **Customize** button to open the report in the Report Explorer.

To get help on an option

- **1** Right-click the option's text label.
- 2 Select What's This from the popup menu.



See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Title

Provide the title text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the title is on the title page. For HTML format reports, the title is at the top of the report.

Settings

Default: <Model name>

- Title can include letters, numbers, and special characters.
- Length is unlimited.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Subtitle

Provide the subtitle text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the subtitle is under the title on the title page. For HTML format reports, the subtitle is under the title at the top of the report.

Settings

Default: System Design Description

- If you do not want a subtitle, delete the default setting and leave the field blank.
- · Subtitle can include letters, numbers, and special characters.
- Length is unlimited.

Tip

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the subtitle.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Authors

List the names of the creators of the system for which you are generating the design description. List of authors is under the subtitle.

Settings

Default: Value of the ModifiedBy parameter for the model. The ModifiedBy parameter indicates the last person who updated the model.

Tip

To find the creator of the system, click the menu **File > Model Properties**, and then click **History** tab.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Image

Include an image on the title page (for PDF, Word, and RTF format reports) or near the top of the report (for the HTML format).

Settings

No Default

- Specify the full path to the image file that you want to include in the report or click the Select Image button to browse to the image file.
- Supported image file formats include:

- GIF
- JPEG
- BMP
- PNG
- TIF

Tip

An example of an image you might want to use is a logo or other graphic for a company, division, or project involved in the system design.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Legal Notice

Provide legal notification text. For PDF, Word, and RTF format reports, the legal notice appears at the bottom of the title page (second page). For HTML format reports, the legal notice appears near the top of the report.

Settings

Default: For Internal Distribution Only

- Length is unlimited.
- The Legal Notice field does not support text formatting (such as bold or italics).

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Design details

To generate a detailed system design description report, use the default (enabled). To generate a summary description, disable this option.

Settings

Default: Enabled (generate a detailed report)

- The summary report provides system design information about the root system and block diagrams for the subsystems in the model.
 - The information about the root system includes:
 - Block diagram
 - Interface: name, data type, and other properties of the system input and output signals
 - · Look-up tables
 - State charts
 - Requirements (optional)
- The detailed version of the report includes all the information that is in the summary form of the report. The detailed version includes the following information, in addition to the summary information. Atomic subsystem information is more detailed than virtual subsystem information.
 - Block parameters
 - · Block execution order for root system and atomic subsystems
 - (For atomic subsystems) Checksum that indicates whether the version of an atomic subsystem used to generate the report differs from other versions of the subsystem

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Model references

To include model references, use the default (enabled). To exclude model references, disable this option.

Settings

Default: Enabled

See Also

- "Use Predefined Reports"
- "Model References" (Simulink)

Subsystems from custom libraries

Include library links to subsystems defined in custom (user-created) libraries.

Settings

Default: Enabled

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Requirements traceability

Include links from blocks to the requirements that the blocks meet.

Settings

Default: Enabled

- To capture requirements links in the report, the model must include requirements links. Use Simulink Requirements to establish requirements links.
- If you use the default (enabled) and there are no requirements links in the model, the generated report omits the Requirements section.

See Also

• "Use Predefined Reports"

Glossary and report explanation

Include a glossary of terms in the report and a description of the report contents. The glossary includes definitions of Simulink terms such as "atomic subsystem," "block diagram," "signal." The glossary helps readers who are unfamiliar with Simulink to understand the system design description. The glossary and report explanation sections appear at the end of the report and are three pages long (in PDF).

Settings

Default: Enabled

Tip

The report explanation ("About this Report") describes the information in each report section.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

File format

Specify the output format for the report. Generating a report formatted by a template is generally faster than generating a report formatted by a Report Explorer stylesheet.

Settings

```
Direct PDF (from template)
```

Generate a PDF report from a template.

```
PDF (from Word template)
```

Generate a PDF report using a Word template.

```
HTML (from template)
```

Generate an HTML report from a template. You can choose a Package type option.

```
Single-File HTML (from template)
```

Generate an HTML report from a template as a single file.

```
Word (from template)
```

Generate a Word report using a template.

```
Acrobat (PDF)
```

Generate a PDF report using an XSL stylesheet.

```
Web (HTML)
```

Generate an HTML report using an XSL stylesheet.

Word Document

Generate a Rich Text Format (RTF) document using a DSSSL stylesheet and convert the RTF document to a Word .doc file. Available only on Microsoft Windows®.

Rich Text Format

Generate a Rich Text Format (RTF) document using a DSSSL stylesheet.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Stylesheet or Template

Specify the stylesheet or template to use for the report.

Settings

The settings depend on the **File format** option you choose.

When you use a from template option, you can use:

- The default template for the output type
- The Default Numbered template, which numbers sections in chapters with numbers like 1.1, 1.2, and 1.1.1
- · A customized template provided at your site

When you use one of the other output options, you can choose from several standard style sheets or any customized versions provided at your site.

For the Acrobat (PDF) file format, these are the stylesheet options:

Default: Default print stylesheet

Default print stylesheet

Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles

Standard Print

Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles

Simple Print

Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles

Compact Simple Print

Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles

Large Type Print

Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)

Very Large Type Print

Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation

Compact Print

Minimizes white space to reduce page count

Unnumbered Chapters & Sections

Chapters and sections are not numbered

Numbered Chapters & Sections

Chapters and sections are both numbered

Paginated Sections

Sections are printed with page breaks

Custom Header

Lets you specify custom headers and footers

Custom Titlepage

Lets you specify custom title page content and presentation

Verbose Print

Lets you specify advanced print options

For the **Web (HTML)** file format, these are the stylesheet options:

Default for Web (HTML): Default HTML stylesheet

Default HTML stylesheet

HTML on a single page

Simulink book HTML stylesheet

HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents

Truth Table HTML stylesheet

HTML on multiple pages; suppresses chapter headings and table of contents

Multi-page Web

HTML, with each chapter on a separate page

Single-page Web

HTML on a single page

Single-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections

HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are not numbered

Single-page Numbered Chapters & Sections

HTML on a single page; chapters and sections are numbered

Single-page Simple

HTML on a single page; suppresses title page and table of contents

Multi-page Simple

HTML on multiple pages; suppresses title page and table of contents

Multi-page Unnumbered Chapters & Sections

HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are not numbered

Multi-page Numbered Chapters & Sections

HTML on multiple pages; chapters and sections are not numbered

For the **Rich Text Format** and **Word** file formats, these are the stylesheet options:

Default for Rich Text Format and **Word** file formats: Standard Print

Standard Print

Displays title page, table of contents, list of titles

Simple Print

Suppresses title page, table of contents, list of titles

Compact Simple Print

Minimizes page count, suppresses title, table of contents, list of titles

Large Type Print

Uses 12-point font (slightly larger than Standard Print)

Very Large Type Print

Uses 24-point font and landscape paper orientation

Compact Print

Minimizes white space to reduce page count

Unnumbered Chapters & Sections

Chapters and sections are not numbered

Numbered Chapters & Sections

Chapters and sections are both numbered

See Also

[&]quot;Use Predefined Reports"

File name

Provide a name for the generated report file.

Settings

Default: <Name of model>

Do not include the file format extension. (For example, enter MyReport, but not MyReport.pdf.

Tip

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the file name.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Folder

Provide a path to the folder in which to store the generated report file.

Settings

No Default

- Use a full path name
- Click the **Select Folder** button to browse to the folder where you want to store the generated report.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

If report exists, increment name to prevent overwriting

Increment the file name to preserve an existing report.

Settings

Default: Enabled (increments the file name to prevent overwriting of an existing report file)

Tips

If you generate both summary and detailed versions of the report, consider reflecting the type of report in the file name.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Package type

Packaging to use for reports generated using an HTML template

Settings

Default: Zipped

Zipped

Package report files in a single compressed file that has the report name, with a .zip extension.

Unzipped

Generate the report files in a subfolder of the current folder. The subfolder has the report name.

Both zipped and unzipped

Package the report files as both zipped and unzipped.

Dependency

To use the **Packaging type options**, set **File format** to HTML (from template), choose a packaging options for the output files.

See Also

"Use Predefined Reports"

Creating Simulink Reports

- "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report" on page 4-2
- "Report on MATLAB Function" on page 4-16
- "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24
- "Generate a Report Associated with a Model" on page 4-71
- "Logical and Looping Components" on page 4-72
- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-73
- "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76

Create a Simulink Report Generator Report

The Simulink Report Generator Report API comprises a set of objects designed to find and format model and simulation data. You can use these objects with MATLAB Report API and DOM API objects to create MATLAB programs that generate reports on Simulink models and simulations. The following example illustrates using the Simulink Report API and the MATLAB Report API to create a MATLAB program. This program generates a report on the contents of a Simulink model. The report contains these sections:

- · Title Page
- Table of Contents
- Root System Chapter Contains the root block diagram and properties of each block in the root diagram
- Subsystems Chapter -- Contains the diagram and block properties of each subsystem
 of the model
- Stateflow Charts Chapter -- Contains charts and chart object properties of each chart in the model
- **1** Import the API functions.

To eliminate the need to use fully qualified names of Report, Finder, and DOM API functions, use these statements. For example, instead of using slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder, you can use BlockFinder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

2 Load the sf car model.

```
model = load_system('sf_car');
```

3 Create a report object.

Use a Simulink report constructor (slreportgen.report.Report) to create a report object to hold the contents of the report. You must fully qualify the name of the constructor to distinguish it from the MATLAB report constructor (mlreportgen.report.Report). Set the name of the report to sdd_followed by the value of the Name property of the model.

```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(['sdd_'...
    get_param('sf_car','Name')],'pdf');
```

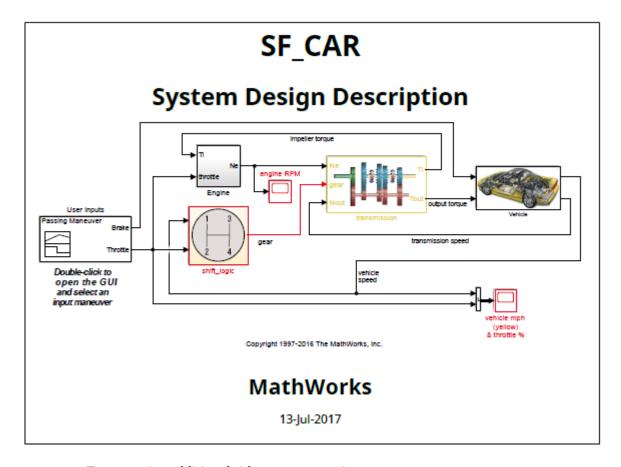
To customize properties that apply to the whole report, see slreportgen.report.Report.

4 Add a title page.

Use a title page reporter constructor (mlreportgen.report.TitlePage) to create a title page reporter. This reporter generates a title page based on its properties. Set the Title, Subtitle, and Author properties to character arrays that specify the report title, subtitle, and author, respectively.

Use a diagram reporter constructor (slreportgen.report.Diagram) to create a diagram reporter for this model. This reporter generates an image of the block diagram of the model. To include this image on the report title page, assign the diagram reporter to the Image property of the title page reporter. Then, add the title page to the report.

```
tp = TitlePage;
tp.Title = upper(get_param(model,'Name'));
tp.Subtitle = 'System Design Description';
tp.Author = 'MathWorks';
tp.Image = Diagram(model);
add(rpt,tp);
```



To customize additional title page properties, see mlreportgen.report.TitlePage.

5 Add a table of contents.

Use a table of contents (TOC) reporter constructor to create a TOC reporter. This reporter generates a TOC for the report. Add the TOC reporter to the report.

```
toc = TableOfContents;
add(rpt,toc);
```

Table of Contents 2.9 vahida mah (vallavi) 9 thrattla 04

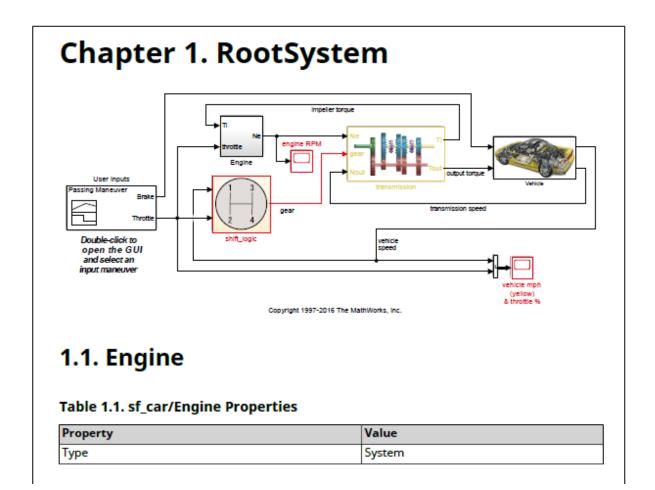
To customize the table of contents, see mlreportgen.report.TableOfContents.

6 Add a chapter for the root system.

Use a chapter constructor (mlreportgen.report.Chapter) to create a chapter reporter. This reporter generates a chapter based on its Title and Content properties. The reporter automatically numbers the chapter title. The chapter reporter also generates the chapter page headers and footers and its page numbers.

Add a model diagram reporter to the chapter. This reporter returns an image of the block diagram of the model that you add to the chapter.

```
ch = Chapter("Title", "RootSystem");
add(ch,Diagram(model));
```



For information on customizing chapters, see mlreportgen.report.Chapter.

7 Add chapter sections for each root system block.

Use the block finder constructor (slreportgen.report.BlockFinder) to create a block finder for the root diagram. Then, use the find function of the block finder. The find function returns an array of block result objects (slreportgen.report.BlockResult), each of which contains a block.

Loop through the block result objects. For each result, construct a section reporter (mlreportgen.report.Section). This reporter generates a numbered report

section based on its Title and Content properties. Set the section Title property to the name of the block on which it reports.

Add the current block result to the section reporter. Adding the result sets the section reporter Content property to a simulink.report.SimulinkObjectProperties reporter. This SimulinkObjectProperties reporter generates a table of the properties of the current block, which is then added to the section. Add each subsection to the parent chapter. Then add the chapter to the report.

```
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    section = Section("Title", ...
        strrep(block.Name, newline,' '));
    add(section,block);
    add(ch,section);
end
add(rpt,ch);
```

1.1. Engine

Table 1.1. sf_car/Engine Properties

Property	Value
Туре	System

1.2. Mux

Table 1.2. sf_car/Mux Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Mux
Number of inputs	2
Display option	none

For information finding blocks and how to customize sections, see slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder and mlreportgen.report.Section, respectively.

8 Add a chapter for subsystems.

Create a chapter for the subsystems of the model and the blocks in each subsystem.

```
ch = Chapter("Title", "Subsystems");
```

9 Find subsystem diagrams in the model.

Find all subsystem diagrams in the model. The finder returns an array of <code>DiagramResult</code> objects, each of which contains a <code>Diagram</code> reporter that creates a snapshot of the subsystem diagram.

```
sysdiagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
sysdiagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
```

Chapter 2. Subsystems

2.1. Engine

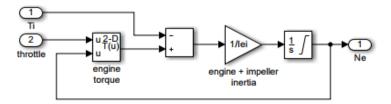


Figure 2.1. Engine

2.1.1. Ti

Table 2.1. sf_car/Engine/Ti Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Inport
Port number	1
Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	-1
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1
Data type	Inherit: auto

For more information, see slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder and slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

10 Add results to chapter sections.

Using loops, create a chapter section for each subsystem. Find the blocks and block elements in each subsystem. Add a table of block elements to each chapter section and add each section to the chapter. Then, add the chapter to the report.

```
while hasNext(sysdiagFinder)
  system = next(sysdiagFinder);
  section1 = Section("Title", system.Name);
  add(section1, system);

  blkFinder1 = BlockFinder(system);
  elems = find(blkFinder1);
  for elem = elems
    section2 = Section("Title",...
        strrep(elem.Name,newline,' '));
    add(section2,elem);
    add(section1,section2);
  end
  add(ch,section1);
end
add(rpt,ch);
```

2.2. Vehicle

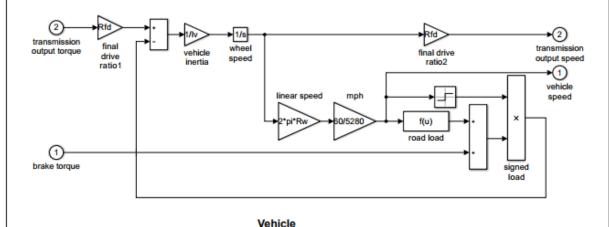


Figure 2.3. Vehicle

2.2.1. brake torque

Table 2.9. sf_car/Vehicle/brake torque Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Inport
Port number 1	
Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	-1
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1
Data type	Inherit: auto

2.2.2. transmission output torque

Note Simulink finders can operate in either array or iterator mode. In array mode, use the finder find function to return the search results as an array of results. In iterator mode, use the finder hasNext and next functions to return the search results one-by-one. Use iterator mode when searching for diagrams in models that have many model references. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can potentially consume all system memory and slow report generation. Although the model used in this example does not contain model references, the example uses iterator mode to illustrate its syntax.

11 Add a chapter for Stateflow charts and objects.

Find all Stateflow charts in the model. Create a chapter. Using loops, add subsections for each chart. Find all the elements in each chart and add them to the subsections. Then, add the section to the chapter and the chapter to the report.

```
ch = Chapter("Title", "Stateflow Charts");
chdiagFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(chdiagFinder)
   chart = next(chdiagFinder);
   section = Section("Title", chart.Name);
   add(section,chart);
   objFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart);
   sfObjects = find(objFinder);
   for sf0bj = sf0bjects
       title = sf0bi.Name;
       if isempty(title)
          title = sf0bj.Type;
       objSection = Section("Title", title);
       add(objSection,sf0bj);
       add(section,objSection);
   end
   add(ch,section);
end
add(rpt,ch);
For information on chart and diagram element finders, see
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder and
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder.
```

Chapter 3. Stateflow Charts

3.1. shift_logic

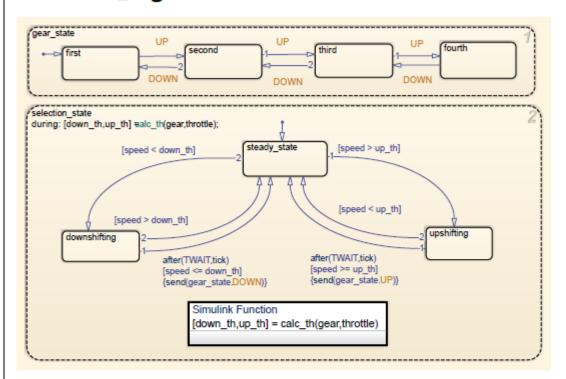


Figure 3.1. shift_logic

3.1.1. gear_state

Table 3.1. sf_car/shift_logic/gear_state Properties

Property	Value	
Туре	AND State	
Label	gear_state	
Events	DOWN UP	Д-1

3.1.2. selection_state

12 Close the report, run the report, and close the model.

```
close(rpt);
    rptview(rpt);
    close system(model);
The complete code is:
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model = load system('sf car');
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report(['sdd_'...
    get param('sf car','Name')],'pdf');
tp = TitlePage;
tp.Title = upper(get_param(model,'Name'));
tp.Subtitle = 'System Design Description';
tp.Author = 'MathWorks';
tp.Image = Diagram(model);
add(rpt,tp);
toc = TableOfContents;
add(rpt,toc);
ch = Chapter("Title", "RootSystem");
add(ch,Diagram(model));
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    section = Section("Title", ...
       strrep(block.Name, newline, ' '));
    add(section, block);
    add(ch,section);
end
add(rpt,ch);
ch = Chapter("Title", "Subsystems");
sysdiagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder(model);
sysdiagFinder.IncludeRoot = false;
while hasNext(sysdiagFinder)
    system = next(sysdiagFinder);
    section1 = Section("Title", system.Name);
    add(section1,system);
```

```
blkFinder1 = BlockFinder(system);
    elems = find(blkFinder1);
    for elem = elems
       section2 = Section("Title",...
           strrep(elem.Name, newline, ' '));
       add(section2,elem);
       add(section1,section2);
    end
    add(ch,section1);
end
add(rpt,ch);
ch = Chapter("Title", "Stateflow Charts");
chdiagFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model);
while hasNext(chdiagFinder)
   chart = next(chdiagFinder);
   section = Section("Title",chart.Name);
   add(section.chart):
   objFinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart);
   sfObjects = find(objFinder);
   for sf0bj = sf0bjects
       title = sf0bj.Name;
       if isempty(title)
          title = sf0bj.Type;
       end
       objSection = Section("Title", title);
       add(objSection,sf0bj);
       add(section,obiSection);
   end
   add(ch,section);
end
add(rpt,ch);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
close system(model);
```

See Also

mlreportgen.report.Report.rptview

Report on MATLAB Function

The Report API provides multiple ways to report on Simulink MATLAB Function blocks and Stateflow MATLAB functions. To report detailed information, use the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter. This reporter reports properties, arguments, function code, function symbols, and supporting functions.

Other ways to report on MATLAB Function blocks or Stateflow MATLAB functions are by using the SimulinkObjectProperties or StateflowObjectProperties reporter, respectively. These reporters, however, do not provide function code formatting or report function symbols, supporting functions, or arguments. Use these reporters if you want only property information.

The Report API provides finders for finding blocks and Stateflow elements, including MATLAB Functions, throughout a model or chart. These finders are the BlockFinder, DiagramElementFinder, and StateflowDiagramElementFinder.

These examples show how to use a finder in your report generator program. For cases where you know the handle or path to a MATLAB Function, you do not need to use a finder (see slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction for examples).

Find and Report on MATLAB Function Blocks

Use Report API finders and the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter to report on MATLAB Function blocks.

Use the BlockFinder to find all blocks of type SubSystem, which includes MATLAB Function blocks. If you search for all block types, the BlockFinder can take more time to return results than if you limit the search to SubSystem block types.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
blkfinder.BlockTypes = "SubSystem";
blks = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the returned SubSystem blocks to test whether the block is a MATLAB Function block. Create a MATLABFunction reporter for each MATLAB Function block, set desired properties, and add each result to a report.

```
for i=1:length(blks)
  block = blks(i).Object;
  if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
```

```
rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
  rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;
  add(rpt,rptr);
  end
end
```

This code is an example of a report generator program that finds and reports MATLAB Function blocks.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'sldemo eml galaxy';
load_system(model_name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
blkfinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blkfinder.BlockTypes = "SubSystem";
blks = find(blkfinder);
for i=1:length(blks)
   block = blks(i).Object;
   if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
      rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
      rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;
      add(rpt,rptr);
   end
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This image shows a section of the report output for one of the MATLAB Function blocks. It shows the block properties table, the summary table for one of the arguments, and a portion of the function script. In the actual output, all of the argument tables appear before the function script.

Table 0.1. Apply Newtonian gravitation Object Properties

Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	
Support variabl e-size arrays	0
Saturate on integ er overflow	1
Treat these inheri ted Simulink sign al types as fi obje cts	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function block fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	<pre>fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)</pre>
Description	

Table 0.2. Apply Newtonian gravitation Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Data Type	Size
heavy1	Output	1	double	[700, 8]
light1	Output	2	double	[700, 8]
light	Input	1	double	[700, 8]
heavy	Input	2	double	[700, 8]

Apply Newtonian gravitation Function Script

```
function [heavy1,light1] = ApplyGravity(light,heavy)

G = 6.672E-11; % Nm^2/kg^2 (Gravitational constant)

4.MearInSeconds = 365*24*60*60;
  timeStep = 2000000*YearInSeconds;

n = size(heavy,1);
```

Find and Report on Stateflow MATLAB Functions

Use the StateflowDiagramElementFinder and the slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction reporter to find and report on Stateflow MATLAB functions.

```
elemfinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart_name);
elemfinder.Types = "emfunction";
elems = find(elemfinder);
```

Then, loop through the returned MATLAB functions. Create a MATLABFunction reporter for each MATLAB function and add it to a report.

```
for i = 1:length(elems)
    rptr = MATLABFunction(elems(i).Object);
    add(rpt,rptr);
end
```

This code is an example of a report generator program that finds and reports MATLAB functions in Stateflow charts.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model_name = 'sf_server';
load system(model name);
chart_name = 'sf_server/transmitter';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
elemfinder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(chart name);
elemfinder.Types = "emfunction";
elems = find(elemfinder):
for i = 1:length(elems)
   rptr = MATLABFunction(elems(i).Object);
   add(rpt,rptr);
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This image shows a section of the report output for one of the MATLAB Function blocks. It shows the object properties table and a portion of the function script.

Table 0.1. init_gui Object Properties

Property	Value
Saturate on integer overflow	1
MATLAB Function block fima th	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	<pre>fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)</pre>
Description	

init_gui Function Script

```
function init_gui

coder.extrinsic('set', 'findall', 'figure', 'delete', 'axes', 'text', 'rectangl
fig = sf_server_handle_map('fig');

if is_invalid_gui_obj_handle(fig)
    % see if there is an existing figure
    figTemp = findall(0, 'type', 'figure', 'tag', 'SF_SERVER');
    if ~isempty(figTemp)
        deleteFig = 0;

fig = figTemp;
    lastObj = fig;
    sf_server_handle_map('fig', fig);
```

Customize MATLAB Function Reporter Output

You can customize the output of a MATLAB Function reporter in the same way that you customize any report or reporter:

• Use DOM classes — Specify formats using DOM classes, such as mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph, and use them in your program. For example, this code sets the appearance of the function script.

```
rptr = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction;
paraScript = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph;
paraScript.FontFamilyName = 'Arial';
paraScript.FontSize = '12pt';
paraScript.Color = 'blue';
rptr.FunctionScript = paraScript;
```

Edit a copy of the default template — The advantage of saving customizations in a new template is that you can easily reuse those customizations by using that template for another report generator program The template and style sheets for the MATLABFunction reporter are located in the matlab\toolbox\shared\slreportgen\rpt\rpt\+slreportgen\+report\@MATLABFunction\resources\templates folder.

This example shows the steps for copying and editing a MATLABFunction reporter html template.

1 Create a copy of the default html template. In this example, the template package is saved as myHTMLTemplate.htmtx in the current working folder.

```
mfunction = slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction;
mfunction.createTemplate('myHTMLTemplate','html');
```

2 Unzip the template package. The unzipped template package is a folder of document, style sheet, and image files. In this example, the template package folder is saved to the current working folder.

```
unzipTemplate('myHTMLTemplate.htmtx');
```

From the stylesheets folder, open the root.css file in a text editor. The root.css file contains the default styles for the MATLABFunction reporter. The beginning of the file and the first style are:

```
.MATLABFunctionFunctionScriptTitle {
font-family: 'Noto Sans', 'Noto Sans CJK JP', 'Noto Sans CJK SC', 'Noto Sans CJK
KR';
font-weight: bold;
margin-top: 10pt;
color: black;
white-space: pre;
}
Edit the styles as desired. In this example, the top margin above the function
script title is increased to 20 points and the color of the title to blue.
/****************************
MATLABFunction Reporter
/* Default style for the MATLAB function script title */
.MATLABFunctionFunctionScriptTitle {
font-family: 'Noto Sans', 'Noto Sans CJK JP', 'Noto Sans CJK SC', 'Noto Sans CJK
KR';
font-weight: bold;
margin-top: 12pt;
color: blue;
white-space: pre;
}
Save the file.
```

Zip the template folder into a template package. For this example, the template

package is myHTMLTemplate.htmtx.

5

6

```
zipTemplate('myHTMLTemplate');
```

7 In your report generator program, to use the saved template, specify the template source.

```
mfunction.TemplateSrc = 'myHTMLTemplate';
```

See "Templates for DOM API Report Programs" (MATLAB Report Generator) for additional information.

See Also

```
MATLAB Function | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction | unzipTemplate | zipTemplate
```

Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively

This example shows how to use the Report Explorer to design a report setup file and generate a report that does the following:

- Opens a Simulink model for the van der Pol equation, called the vdp model.
- Sets the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block to five different values.
- Simulates the model each time the **Gain** parameter is set.
- Collects the results. Results that fall within a specified range appear in a table in the generated report.

You do not need to know MATLAB or Simulink software to create and run this example report. However, knowledge of these products will help you understand the MATLAB code and model simulation that executes.

To create this report, you perform these main tasks:

- "Specify Report Options in the Setup File" on page 4-24
- "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-26

This example includes separate sections for different kinds of report creation and generation task. Each section builds on the previous sections. However, if you want to see the report setup components for a later section without doing the previous sections, in MATLAB you can view the completed report setup file by opening Dynamic Simulink Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Note For another set of step-by-step examples for creating and generating a report, see the Introduction to System Design Description Reports example.

Specify Report Options in the Setup File

To create and configure the report setup file:

- **1** Start a Simulink software session.
- 2 Open the Report Explorer. From the MATLAB Toolstrip, in the **Apps** tab, in the **Database Connectivity and Reporting** section, click **Report Generator**.
- **3** Select **File > New** to create a report setup file.

4 Save the report setup file.

In the Properties pane:

- a Specify where to save the report setup file. To save it in the current working folder, select Present Working Directory from the **Directory** selection list.
- Specify the report format. In the File format selection list, select Acrobat (PDF).

Tip In your reports, if you want to include hyperlinks in system snapshots, use Direct PDF (from template) file format.

Enter a description for the report. In the **Report description** text box, replace the existing contents with the following text.

Tip Copy and paste this code from the HTML documentation into the Report Explorer.

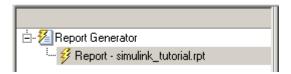
Simulink Dynamic Report

This report opens up a model, sets a block parameter several times, simulates the model, and collects the results. Results that fall within a specified range are displayed in a table after the test is complete.

The report is configured to test the vdp model only. By selecting the Eval String component immediately below the Report component, you can modify

- * model
- * block
- * parameter
- * tested values
- 5 Click File > Save As to save the report setup file as simulink_tutorial.rpt.

The Outline pane on the left displays the new file name.



To create the content for the report, see "Add Report Content with Components" on page 4-26.

Add Report Content with Components

- "Report Components" on page 4-26
- "Add MATLAB Code" on page 4-28
- "Add a Title Page" on page 4-33
- "Open the Simulink Model" on page 4-35
- "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-37
- "Error If Model Cannot Be Opened" on page 4-38
- "Create the Body of the Report" on page 4-41
- "Process with a Model Loop Component" on page 4-42
- "Add a Paragraph for Each Model" on page 4-44
- "Insert a Snapshot of the Model" on page 4-45
- "Add a Loop for Processing the Model" on page 4-46
- "Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression" on page 4-48
- "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-49
- "Insert the Block Value" on page 4-50
- "Set a Parameter Value" on page 4-51
- "Check Value Using a Logical If Component" on page 4-53
- "Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component" on page 4-55
- "Create a Post-Test Analysis Section" on page 4-61

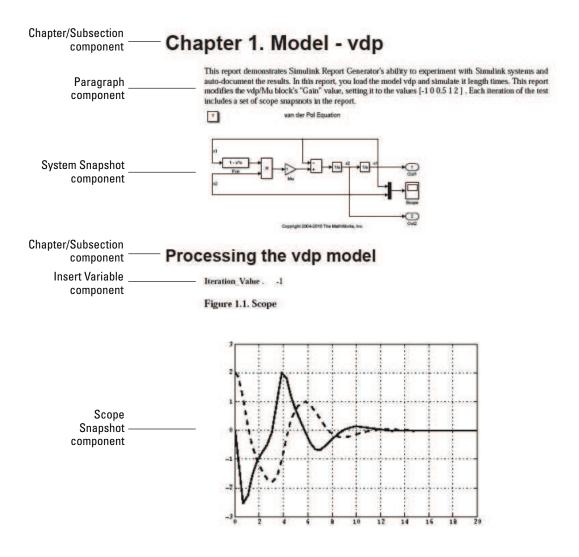
Report Components

Report components specify what information to include in the report. Components are self-contained, modular MATLAB objects that control the report-generation process and insert elements, such as tables, lists, and figures, into a report setup file. Use components to customize the appearance and output of reports.

For more information, see "Report Components" on page 1-32.

The following figure shows a sample page from the report you create in this example, and which components you use to produce this output.

Note Do not deactivate report components that you add to the report setup file.



Add MATLAB Code

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

The first component to add is the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component, which evaluates MATLAB commands in the workspace. The code in this component assigns initial values to variables used in this example.

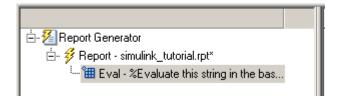
In the Outline pane on the left, select simulink_tutorial.rpt.



- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, select Evaluate MATLAB Expression.
- In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to **Add component to** current report to insert the component into the report.

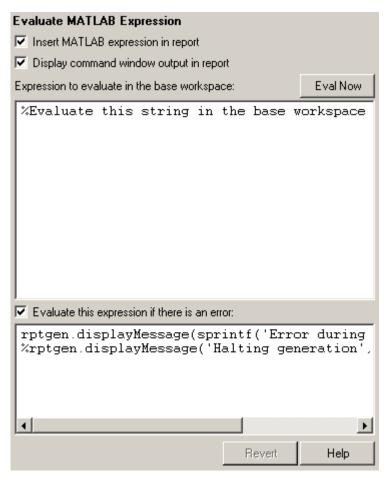
Note You cannot edit the component information in the Properties pane on the right until you add the component to the report.

In the Outline pane on the left, the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component appears under the simulink_tutorial report setup file. The Simulink Report Generator software abbreviates the component name to **Eval**.



The icon in the upper left corner of the **Eval** component icon indicates that this component cannot have child components. By default, any components you add while the **Eval** component is selected are siblings of this component.

The options for the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component appear in the Properties pane on the right.



4 Clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and the **Display command** window output in report check boxes so you do not include MATLAB code or output in this report.

- 5 Add MATLAB code to the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box to specify the following values:
 - · The model name
 - The block name
 - · The block parameter
 - Parameter values
 - Other initial values required for processing the vdp model

Replace the existing text with the following MATLAB code.

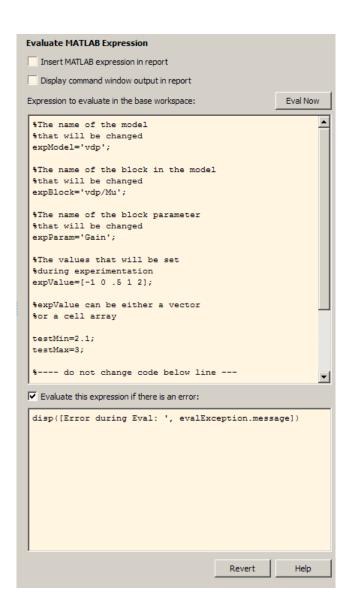
```
%The name of the model
%that will be changed
expModel='vdp';
%The name of the block in the model
%that will be changed
expBlock='vdp/Mu';
%The name of the block parameter
%that will be changed
expParam='Gain';
%The values that will be set
%during experimentation
expValue=[-1 0 .5 1 2];
%expValue can be either a vector
%or a cell array
testMin=2.1;
testMax=3;
%---- do not change code below line ---
try
   open system(expModel);
end
exp0kValues=cell(0,2);
```

Note When you change a field in the Properties pane on the right, the field background changes color (the default is a cream color), indicating that there are unapplied changes to that field. As soon as you perform operations on another component, the Simulink Report Generator software applies the changes, and the background color becomes white again.

- 6 Select the **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box.
- 7 In the field under the check box, replace the existing text with the following text:

```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])
```

The Report Explorer window now looks as follows.



Tip To run the commands that you specified in your MATLAB expression, click the **Eval Now** button. This button is located at the upper-right corner of the Report

Explorer. This is an easy way to ensure that your commands are correct and will not cause report generation problems.

8 Click **File > Save** to save the report setup file.

For information about handling error conditions, see "Error Handling for MATLAB Code" (MATLAB Report Generator).

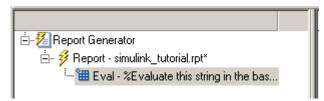
Add a Title Page

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

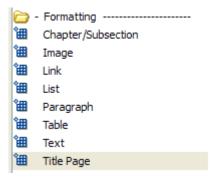
To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Create a custom title page for your report using the **Title Page** component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component.

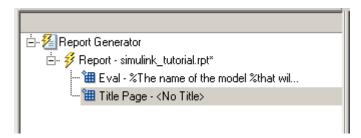


2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, click **Title Page**.



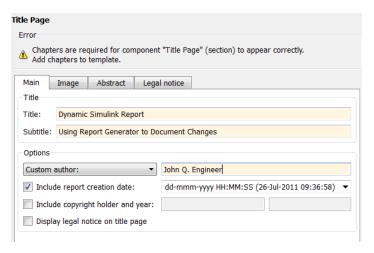
3 Click the icon next to **Add component to current report**.

The **Title Page** component appears in the Outline pane.



Note To use the **Title Page** component, you need to have a **Chapter** component in your report . You have not yet added a **Chapter** component, so the Properties pane displays a message indicating that chapters are required for the **Title Page** component to appear correctly. Because later in this example you add **Chapter** components to this report, you can ignore that message.

- 4 In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Title** text box, enter:
 - Dynamic Simulink Report
 - **b** In the **Subtitle** text box, enter:
 - Using Simulink Report Generator to Document Changes
 - c In the **Options** section, choose **Custom** Author from the selection list.
 - **d** Enter your name in the text box.
 - e Select the Include report creation date check box.
 - Select the default date and time format from the selection list. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.



5 Save the report setup file.

Open the Simulink Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

The following statement in the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component that you created in "Add MATLAB Code" on page 4-28 tries to open the vdp model:

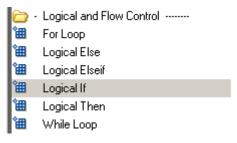
```
try
    open_system(expModel);
end
```

Tip Select the **Eval** component in the Outline pane on the left to look at this code again.

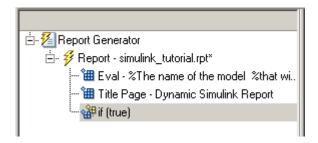
To see if the vdp model was successfully opened, test the result of the open_system command using a **Logical If** component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Title Page** component.

In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, select **Logical If**. This component checks to see if a given condition is true or false; in this case, if the model opened successfully.



In the Properties pane on the right, click the icon next to **Add component to current report**. The **Logical If** component appears as **if** in the Outline pane.



These components are child components of the report and siblings of one another. Components can have parent, child, and sibling relationships.

This component can have child components. "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-37 explains how to add two child components to the **if** component.

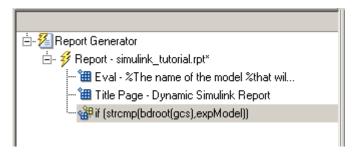
4 In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Test expression** text box, replace the default text, true, with the following text:

```
strcmp(bdroot(gcs),expModel)
```

The strcmp function compares the name of the open Simulink model and the value of expModel, which was set to 'vdp'. It tests to see if the vdp model opened successfully. strcmp returns 1 (true) if the two strings match, and 0 (false) if not.

5 Save the report setup file.

The **if** component name in the Outline pane changes to include the expression that you added.



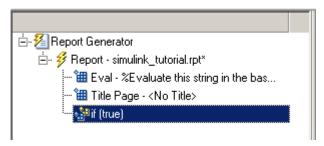
Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

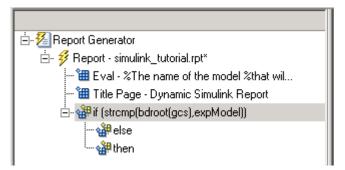
The if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel) component has two possible results. Add two child components to the report setup file to process these cases.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component.

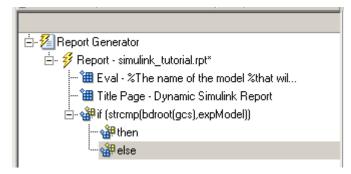


- In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **Logical Then**.
- 3 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component again.
- 4 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **Logical Else**.

Both elements are added as child components to the if component, as shown in the Outline pane.



5 To move the else component under the **then** component, select the else component and click the **down** arrow on the toolbar once. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



6 Save the report setup file.

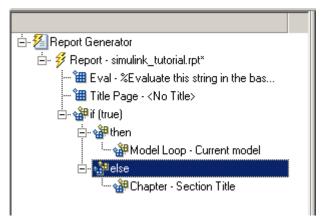
Error If Model Cannot Be Opened

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

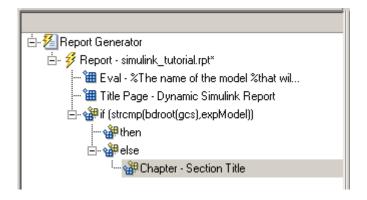
To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

If the if strcmp(bdroot(gcs), expModel) component fails (the vdp model cannot open), the **else** component executes. Display an error message in the report using the Chapter/Subsection component.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **else** component.



In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Chapter/Subsection** to add it as a child of the **else** component. This component displays an error message if an error occurs when opening the vdp model.



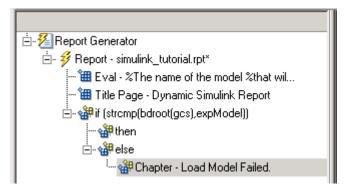
Note When you add a component to a report, it is added by default as a child component unless the selected component cannot have child components.

In the Properties pane on the right, choose Custom from the **Title** selection list, and then enter the following text in the text box:

Load Model Failed.

Save the report file.

The Outline pane looks as follows.



- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Chapter** component.
- 5 In the Library pane in the middle, under **Formatting**, double-click **Paragraph**.
- In the Properties pane on the right, enter the following text in the **Paragraph Text** text box to display the following error message:

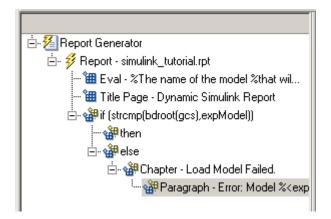
Error: Model %<expModel> could not be opened.

The expression %<expModel> indicates that the value of the workspace variable expModel is inserted into the text, as in the following example.

Error: Model vdp could not be opened.

- 7 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Chapter/Section** component.
- **8** Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane looks as follows.



Create the Body of the Report

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Creating the body of the report involves setting up components and code for dynamic execution of report components. In this example, you perform the following tasks:

- "Process with a Model Loop Component" on page 4-42
- "Add a Paragraph for Each Model" on page 4-44
- "Insert a Snapshot of the Model" on page 4-45
- "Add a Loop for Processing the Model" on page 4-46
- "Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression" on page 4-48
- "Create a Section for Each Iteration" on page 4-49
- "Insert the Block Value" on page 4-50
- "Set a Parameter Value" on page 4-51
- "Check Value Using a Logical If Component" on page 4-53
- "Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component" on page 4-55
- "Create a Post-Test Analysis Section" on page 4-61

Each action requires a separate component under the **then** component. For information about the then component in this report, see "Add Logical Then and Logical Else Components" on page 4-37.

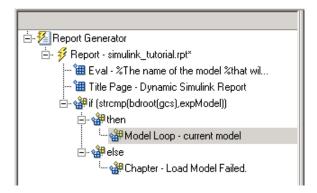
Process with a Model Loop Component

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

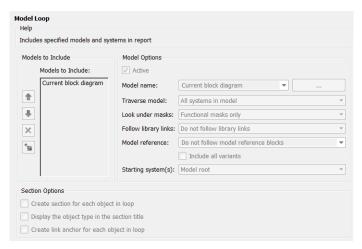
To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report.

The report changes the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block in the vdp model several times. This task requires a **Model Loop** component.

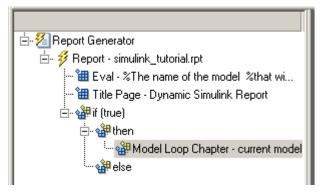
- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component.
- In the Library pane in the middle, scroll down to the **Simulink** category, and then double-click **Model Loop**. It is added as a child of the then component.



The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - **a** Select the **Active** check box to process the vdp model.
 - b In the Traverse model selection list, select Selected system(s) only to traverse only the vdp model.
 - c Select Model root from the **Starting system(s)** selection list.
 - d At the bottom of the Properties pane on the left, select the Create section for each object in loop check box to create a chapter or section for each model. When you select this check box, the component name in the Outline pane on the left changes to Model Loop Chapter.



Select the **Display the object type in the section title** check box to include the object type (in this example, model) in the title name.

- f Clear the Create link anchor for each object in loop check box.
- **4** Save the report setup file.

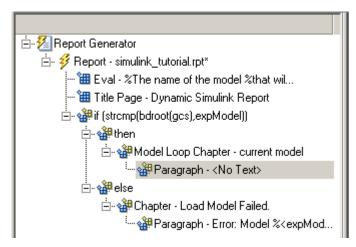
Add a Paragraph for Each Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

In each Model Loop Chapter, add an explanation using the Paragraph component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.
- In the Library pane in the middle, scroll up to the Formatting category, and then double-click Paragraph. The Paragraph component is added as a child of the Model Loop Chapter component.



In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Paragraph Text** text box, enter the following text:

This report demonstrates Simulink Report Generator's ability to experiment with Simulink systems and auto-document the results. In this report, you load the model %<expModel> and simulate it %<length> times. This report modifies the

%<expBlock> block's "%<expParam>" value, setting it to the values %<expValue>. Each iteration of the test includes a set of scope snapsnots in the report.

When this report is generated, the variable names, preceded by percent signs (%) and enclosed in angle brackets (<>), are replaced with the values of those variables in the MATLAB workspace.

4 Save the report setup file.

Insert a Snapshot of the Model

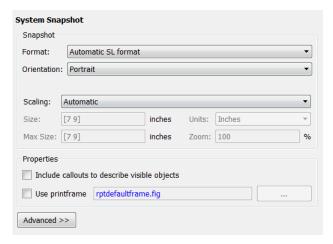
Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

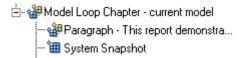
Inside each **Model Loop Chapter** component, include a snapshot of the current model using the **System Snapshot** component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.
- In the Library pane in the middle, scroll down to the **Simulink** category, and then double-click the **System Snapshot** component.

This component inserts an image of the current model into your report. The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Select Zoom from the **Scaling** selection list.
 - **b** Enter 70 as the % value.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **System Snapshot** component.
- 5 Click the down arrow on the toolbar once to move it under the Paragraph component.



6 Save the report setup file.

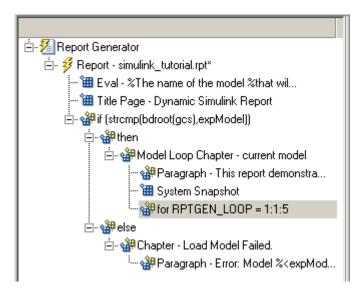
Add a Loop for Processing the Model

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Create a loop to process the model length times using the For Loop component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **System Snapshot** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Logical and Flow Control category, double-click For Loop. The For Loop component is added as a sibling of the System Snapshot component.



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - **a** In the **End** text box, replace the existing text with the following text:

length(expValue)

expValue is the array of **Gain** parameter values assigned in the **Eval** component with the command expValue=[-1 0 0.5 1 2];. The expression length(expValue) evaluates to 5 in this example.

b In the **Variable name** text box, replace the existing text with the name of the for loop variable. Enter the following text:

expIteration

The name of the **For** component in the Outline pane on the left changes to reflect the loop variable and the termination value.

4 Save the report setup file.

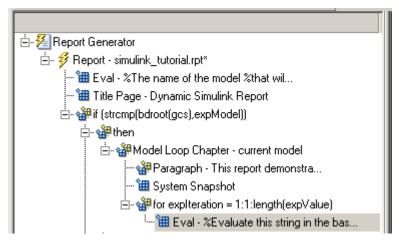
Block Parameter Value from a MATLAB Expression

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

For each iteration, get a value from the expValue array to use as the **Gain** parameter value. This task requires an **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component.

- **1** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **for** component.
- In the Library pane in the middle, under the **MATLAB** category, double-click **Evaluate MATLAB Expression**. In the Outline pane, the component name is shortened to **Eval**.



- **3** On the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
 - Enter the following text in the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box:

%Evaluate this string in the base workspace

```
if iscell(expValue)
    Iteration_Value=expValue{expIteration};
else
    Iteration_Value=...
        num2str(expValue(expIteration));
end
```

The Iteration Value variable represents the designated array element.

- c Clear the **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box.
- **4** Save the report setup file.

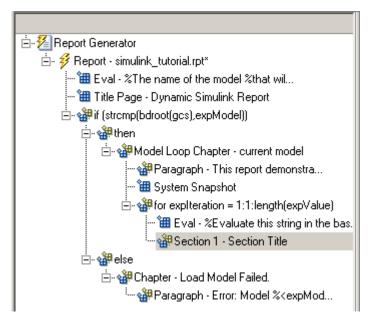
Create a Section for Each Iteration

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Create a separate section for each iteration of the loop that includes the data using the Chapter/Subsection component.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, under the **for** component, select the **Eval** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Chapter/Subsection to add it as a sibling. This component is automatically added as Section 1 because it is inside a Chapter component (the Model Loop Chapter component).



- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Title** selection list, select Custom.
 - **b** In the text box, enter the following title:

Processing the vdp model

This indicates that the section title comes from the first child component. Do not change any other properties.

4 Save the report setup file.

Insert the Block Value

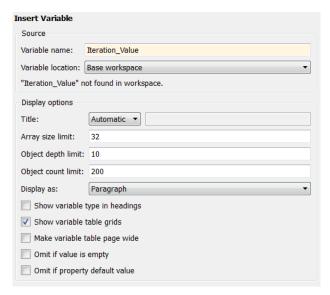
Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Insert the Gain value that is used for each simulation.

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Section 1** component.
- 2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Insert Variable.
- 3 In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the Variable name text box, enter Iteration Value.
 - **b** In the **Display as** selection list, select Paragraph.

The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.



4 Save the report setup file.

Set a Parameter Value

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

For each iteration, set the Gain parameter to the value that you extracted from the expValue array.

- In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Variable** component.
- In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression. This component is added as a sibling of the Variable component.

- In the Properties pane on the right, clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and **Display command window output in report** check boxes.
- 4 In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, replace the existing text with the following text.

```
set_param(expBlock,expParam,Iteration_Value);
okSetValue=(1);
```

The set_param command sets the value of the **Gain** parameter for the Mu block in the vdp model to the value of Iteration_Value.

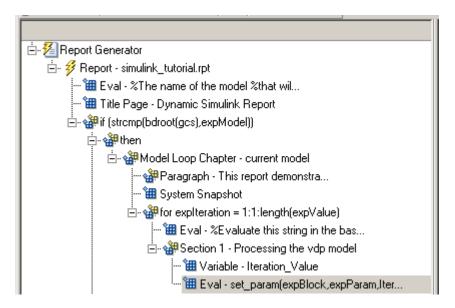
5 Make sure you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error**. Enter the following text into the text box:

```
okSetValue=logical(0);
```

If the set_param command works, okSetValue is set to 1. If an error occurs, okSetValue is set to 0. The next component then reports the error and terminates processing.

6 Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



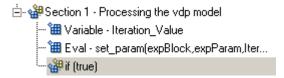
Check Value Using a Logical If Component

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

Check the value of okSetValue using a **Logical If** component. If the value is 0, the simulation cannot proceed because the **Gain** parameter could not be set.

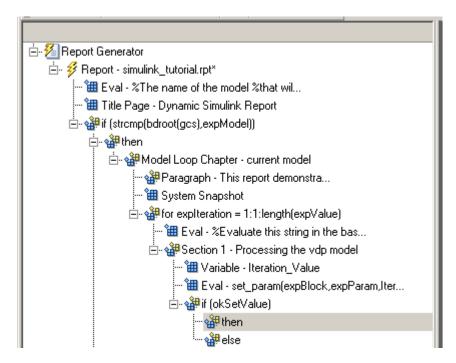
- In the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component for the set_param command.
- In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Logical and Flow Control** category, double-click **Logical If**. The component is added as a sibling of **Eval**.



3 In the Properties pane on the right, in the Test expression text box, replace true with okSetValue.

okSetValue can be 1 (true) or 0 (false), so insert two components — **Logical Then** and **Logical Else** — to process those conditions:

- 1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if (okSetValue)** component.
- 2 To insert **Logical Then** and **Logical Else** in the correct order:
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click the **Logical Else** component.
 - **b** Select the **if (okSetValue)** component again.
 - C Double-click the Logical Then component. The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.



- **3** In the Outline pane on the right, select the **else** component.
- 4 In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Paragraph**.

If okSetValue = 0, the **Gain** parameter value is not set and the report displays an error.

- 5 In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Choose Custom title from the **Title Options** selection list.
 - **b** Enter Error in the text box next to the selection list.
 - **c** Enter the following text into the **Paragraph Text** text box:

```
Could not set %<expBlock> "%<expParam>" to value %<Iteration Value>.
```

6 Save the report.

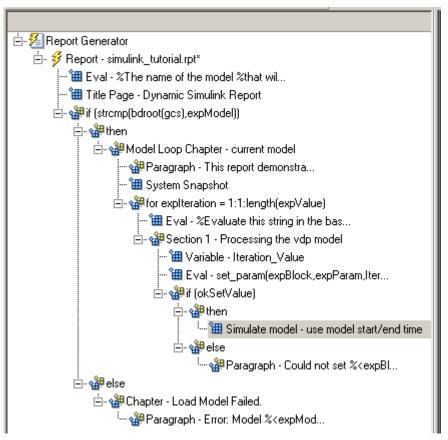
Simulate the Model Using a Model Simulation Component

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

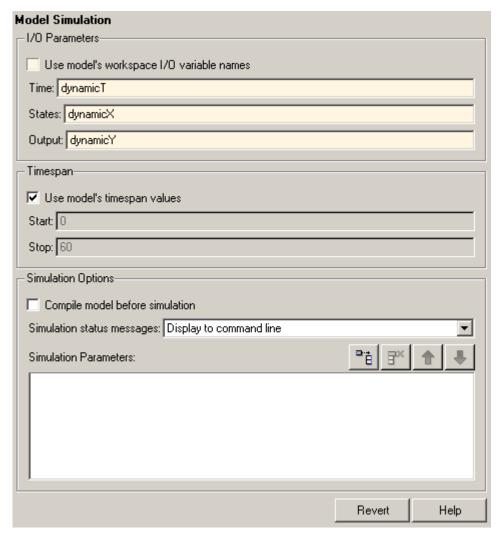
Now that the model is open and the **Gain** parameter is set, use the **Model Simulation** component to simulate the vdp model.

- In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component under the **if (okSetValue)** component.
- In the Library pane, under the **Simulink** category, double-click **Model Simulation**. In the Outline pane on the left, this component is renamed **Simulate model**.



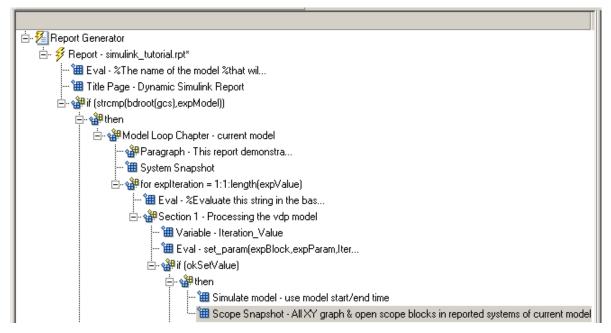
- 3 In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Clear the Use model's workspace I/O variable names check box.
 - **b** In the **Time** text box, enter dynamicT.
 - c In the **States** text box, enter dynamicX.
 - **d** In the **Output** text box, enter dynamicY.

The Properties pane on the right looks as follows.



- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Simulate model** component.
- 5 In the Library pane in the middle:
 - a Scroll down to the **Simulink Blocks** category.
 - **b** Double-click **Scope Snapshot** to add it as a sibling of the **Simulink Model** component.

This component captures the scope for each iteration.

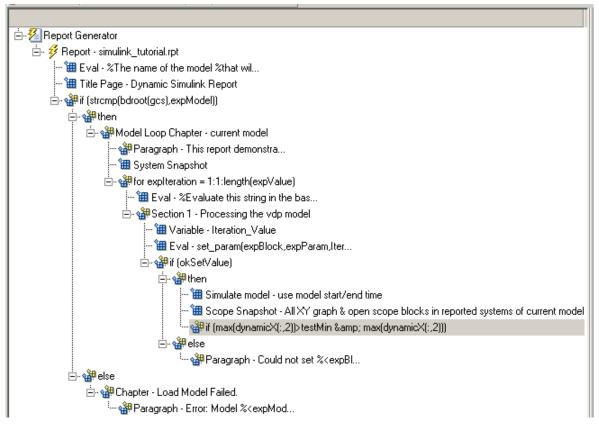


- **6** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a In the **Paper orientation** selection list, select Portrait.
 - **b** For the **Image size**, enter [5 4].
 - **c** In the **Scaling** selection list, select **Zoom**.
 - **d** Enter 75 for the % value.
- **7** Save the report setup file.
- 8 To test to see if the signal data falls within a specified range, add another **Logical If** component:
 - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Scope Snapshot** component.
 - **b** In the Library pane in the middle, scroll up to the **Logical and Flow Control** category.
 - c Double-click the **Logical If** component.
- 9 To test the signal data, replace true in the **Test expression** text box with the following in the Properties pane on the right:

max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2))

10 Save the report.

The Outline pane looks as follows:



- If this condition is true, the signal data falls within the desired range. Add a **Paragraph** component to print information about the signal data in the report.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** component you just added.
 - In the Library pane in the middle, under the Formatting category, double-click Paragraph so that it becomes a child of the if component.

- **c** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - i From the **Title Options** selection list, select **Custom title**.
 - **ii** Type Success in the text box.
 - **iii** Enter the following text in the **Paragraph text** text box.

The conditioned signal has a maximum value of %<max(dynamicX(:,2))>, which lies in the desired range of greater than %<testMin> and less than %<testMax>.

- 12 To save the success values to insert into a table at the end of the iterations, use an **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component.
 - a In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Paragraph** component.
 - b In the Library pane in the middle, under the MATLAB category, double-click Evaluate MATLAB Expression.

An unintended result occurs: the new component is a child of the **Paragraph** component.

C To make the new component a sibling of the Paragraph component, in the Outline pane on the left, select the Eval component, and then Click the left arrow on the toolbar. The Eval component becomes a sibling of the Paragraph component.

```
- ∰ if (max(dynamicX(:,2))>testMin & max(dynamicX(:,2)))

- ∰ Paragraph - The conditioned signa...

Eval - %Evaluate this string in the bas...
```

- 13 In the Properties pane on the right, for the **Eval** component:
 - a Clear the **Insert MATLAB expression in report** and **Display command** window output in report check boxes.
 - **b** In the **Expression to evaluate in the base workspace** text box, enter the following to save the desired signal values in the exp0kValues array:

```
exp0kValues=[exp0kValues;...
{Iteration Value,max(dynamicX(:,2))}];
```

c Make sure you select **Evaluate this expression if there is an error**. Insert the following text in the text box:

```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalException.message])
```

14 Save the report setup file.

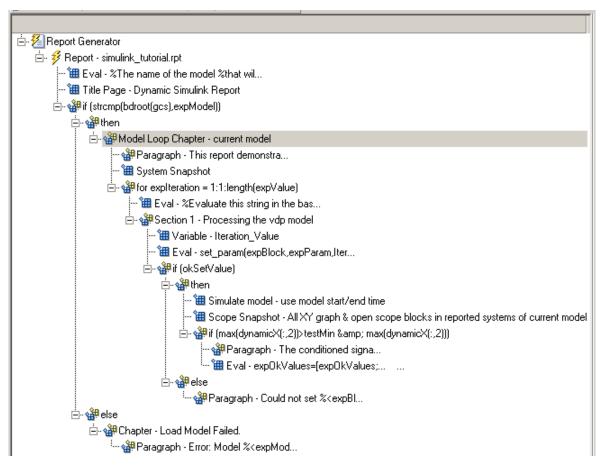
Create a Post-Test Analysis Section

Note This section builds on the previous tasks described in the step-by-step example summarized in "Create a Simulink Report Generator Report Interactively" on page 4-24.

To see the completed report setup file, open Simulink Dynamic Report. The report is for the vdp model.

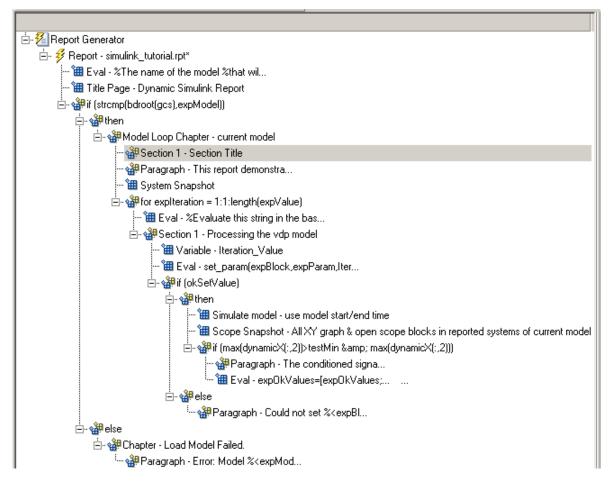
Now that you have collected all the desired values, create the post-test analysis section by creating a table and inserting it into your report at the end of this chapter.

1 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Model Loop Chapter** component.

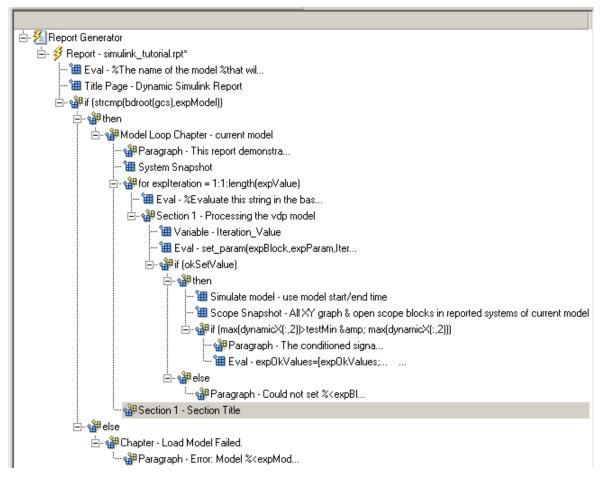


2 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Chapter/Subsection**.

The new section appears at the beginning of the chapter.



Click the **down** arrow three times so **Section 1** moves to the end of the **Model Loop Chapter** component.



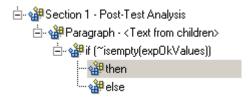
- **3** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - a Select Custom in the **Title** selection list.
 - **b** Enter Post-Test Analysis in the text box.
- 4 In the Outline pane on the left, select the new **Section 1** component.
- 5 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click **Paragraph**. Do not change its properties.
- To check whether there are any signal values within the desired range, check the array exp0kValues with a **Logical If** component. If exp0kValues is empty, there are no signal values in the desired range. Report the result of this check.

- a In the Outline pane on the left, select the Paragraph component and add a **Logical If** child component.
- In the Properties pane on the right, enter the expression to evaluate in the **Test** expression text box:
 - ~isempty(exp0kValues)

This expression evaluates to 0 (false) if exp0kValues is empty; otherwise, it evaluates to 1 (true).

- c In the Outline pane on the left, select the **if** (**~isempty(expOkValue)**) component and add the **Logical Else** component as a child.
- Select the if(~isempty(expOkValue)) component again and add the Logical Then component as a child.

The two components are siblings in the Outline pane on the left.



- **7** Save the report setup file.
- 8 Now, insert report components to handle the case where exp0kValues is empty; that is, where no signal values fall within the designated range.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **else** component.
 - **b** In the Library pane in the middle, double-click the **Text** component to add it as a child of the **else** component.
 - c In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following:

None of the selected iteration values had a maximum signal value between %<testMin> and %<testMax>.

- 9 Now handle the case where exp0kValues is not empty and you want to insert a table of the acceptable signal values.
 - **a** In the Outline pane on the left, select the **then** component.
 - **b** Add a **Text** component as a child to the **then** component.

In the Properties pane on the right, in the **Text to include in report** text box, enter the following text.

%<size(expOkValues, 1)> values for %<expBlock> were found that resulted in a maximum signal value greater than %<testMin> but less than %<testMax>. The following table shows those values and their resulting signal maximum.

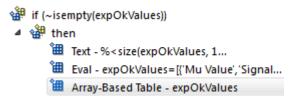
- In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Text** component under the **then** component of the **if** (~**isempty(expOkValues))** component.
- 10 To create an array for use when formatting the table, use the **Evaluate MATLAB Expression** component.
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Evaluate MATLAB Expression**.
 - **b** In the Properties pane on the right:
 - i Clear the Insert MATLAB expression in report and Display command window output in report check boxes.
 - The next component of the report uses the strings Mu Value and Signal Maximum as table header values. Add the strings to the front of the expOkValues cell array by entering the following text into the Expression to evaluate in the base workspace text box:

```
exp0kValues=[{'Mu Value','Signal Maximum'} exp0kValues];
```

iii Make sure you select the **Evaluate this expression if there is an error** check box. Enter the following text into the text box:

```
disp(['Error during eval: ', evalExpression.message])
```

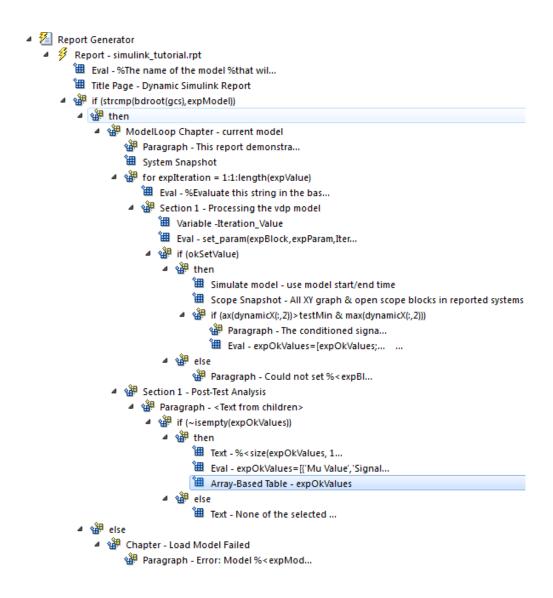
- 11 In the Outline pane on the left, select the **Eval** component.
- 12 In the Library pane in the middle, under the **Formatting** category, double-click the **Table** component so it becomes a sibling of the **Text** and **Eval** components.



13 In the Properties pane on the right:

- a In the **Workspace variable name** text box, enter exp0kValues. The Simulink Report Generator software uses the contents of exp0kValues to construct the table.
- **b** In the **Table title** text box, enter Valid Iteration Values.
- **14** Save the report setup file.

The Outline pane on the left looks as follows.

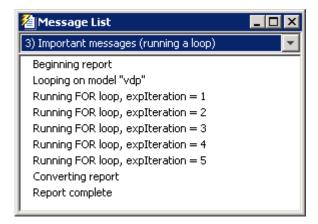


Generate the Report

To generate the report, click the Report icon on the toolbar. The following occurs:

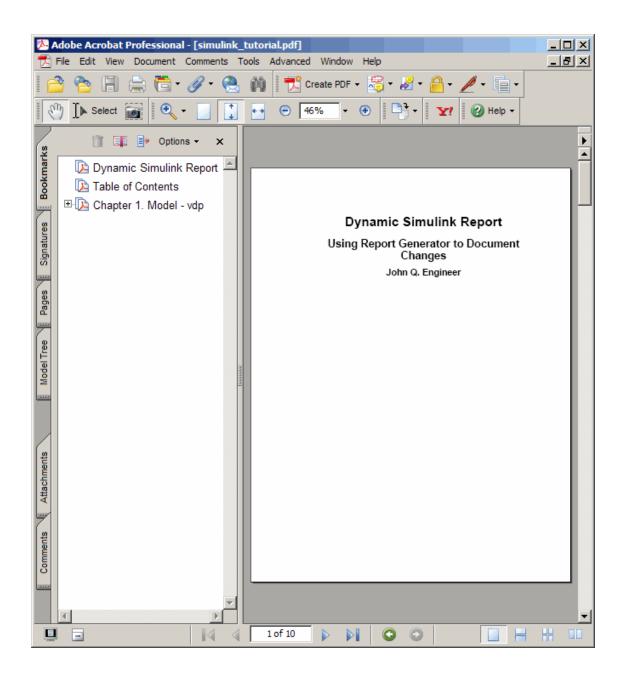
A Message List window appears, displaying informational and error messages as the report is processed. Specify the level of detail you would like the Message List window to display while the report is being generated. Options range from θ (least detail) to θ (most detail). Click the selection list located under the title bar of the Message List window to choose an option.

Message level 3 (Important messages) is used for the remainder of this example.



- 2 The vdp model appears. You can see each time it is simulated.
- **3** The scope window appears. The scope graph changes each time the parameter value changes.
- **4** Each component of the report is highlighted as it executes, in the Outline pane on the left in the Report Explorer window.

When the report is complete, Adobe® Acrobat® Reader opens your report in PDF format.



Generate a Report Associated with a Model

You can associate a report with your model. By associating a report with a model, you can use a script to generate the report without specifying the name of the report. You can change the association without modifying the script.

Associating a report with a model sets the model parameter ReportName to the name of the report. Each model can have only one report associated with it. You can associate the same report with more than one model.

- **1** Open the model you want to associate with a report.
- 2 In the Report Explorer, from the hierarchy view, select **Report Generator**. The library pane lists your reports.
- **3** Select the report you want to associate with your model.
- 4 In the properties pane, under **Simulink**, click **Associate report with Simulink system**. The report and model names are part of the button label.

```
Simulink

Associate report "simulink_tutorial.rpt" with Simulink system "myModel"
```

- **5** Save the model.
- 6 Create a script to generate the report using report. Make sure the model and report template are on the MATLAB path when you run the script.

```
load_system('myModel')
report(get_param('myModel','ReportName'))
bdclose('myModel')
```

You can clear the association clicking **Un-associate Simulink system**.

See Also

report

Related Examples

• "Select Report Generation Options" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Logical and Looping Components

Logical and looping components execute conditionally, determining when a child component executes or how many times a child component executes.

A looping component runs its child components a specified number of times. There are several looping components, such as logical loops, Handle Graphics loops, and model and chart loops. For model and chart loops, you can control aspects such as the order in which the report sorts blocks.

For an example that uses loop components, see "Edit Figure Loop Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

You can use loop context functions with loop components. For details, see:

- "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-73
- "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76

Filter with Loop Context Functions

In this section...

"Create and Save the Setup File" on page 4-73

"Add Components" on page 4-73

"Run the Report" on page 4-74

Use loop context functions to filter the modeling elements to report on and to perform special reporting on specific elements.

In the following example, in a Block Loop component, you use RptgenSL.getReportedBlock in a Logical If component to report on targeted blocks within a Block Loop component.

For a summary of loop context functions, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Create and Save the Setup File

- **1** Open the f14 model.
- 2 At the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

report

- 3 In the Report Explorer, select File > New.
- 4 In the Properties pane, set **Directory** to Present working directory.
- **5** Save the setup file as inport_outport.rpt.

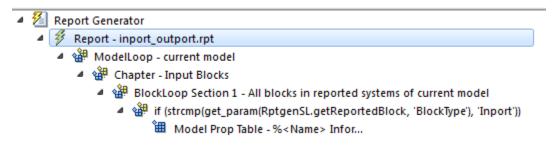
Add Components

Add these components to the report, in order.

From this Library Folder	Add this Component	Set this Property
Simulink	Model Loop	N/A
Formatting	Chapter	Title to Inport Blocks
Simulink	Block Loop	N/A

From this Library Folder	Add this Component	Set this Property
Logical and Flow Control	Logical If	<pre>Test Expression to strcmp(get_param (RptgenSL.getReportedBlock,'BlockType'), 'Inport')</pre>
Simulink	Simulink Property Table	N/A

The report setup file looks like this:



Run the Report

- 1 Select inport_outport.rpt.
- **2** From the context menu, select **Report**.

The report includes a chapter with properties for the Inport blocks only.

If you wish, create a second chapter that reports on Outport blocks only, as shown below.

- Report Generator
 - Report inport_outport.rpt
 - ModelLoop current model
 - Chapter Input Blocks
 - BlockLoop Section 1 All blocks in reported systems of current model
 - if (strcmp(get_param(RptgenSL.getReportedBlock, 'BlockType'), 'Inport'))
 Model Prop Table %<Name> Infor...
 - Chapter Output Blocks
 - BlockLoop Section 1 All blocks in reported systems of current model
 - if (strcmp(get_param(RptgenSL.getReportedBlock, 'BlockType'), 'Outport'))
 Model Prop Table %< Name> Infor...

Loop Context Functions

In this section...

"For Simulink Modeling Elements" on page 4-76

"For Stateflow Modeling Elements" on page 4-76

You can use these loop context functions in similar ways as shown in "Filter with Loop Context Functions" on page 4-73.

For Simulink Modeling Elements

Modeling Element	Looping Component	Function
Simulink modeling elements		
Block	Block Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedBlock
Signal	Signal Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedSignal
System	System Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedSystem
Model	Model Loop	RptgenSL.getReportedModel

For Stateflow Modeling Elements

Modeling Element	Looping Component	Function
Object	Object Loop	RptgenSF.getReportedObject
State	State Loop	RptgenSF.getReportedState
Chart	Chart Loop	RptgenSF.getReportedChart

Export Simulink Models to Web Views

- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate a Web View" on page 5-6
- "Search a Web View" on page 5-11
- "Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14
- "Optional Web Views" on page 5-21
- "Capture and View Optional Web View Information" on page 5-22
- "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24
- "Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30
- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39
- "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40
- "Web View" on page 5-46

Web Views

What Is a Web View?

A Web view is an interactive rendition of a model that you can view in a Web browser. You can use Web views to navigate hierarchically to specific subsystems and see properties of blocks and signals. Web views provide a simple way to interactively explore a model. For example, you can view block parameter values without opening a block parameter dialog box.

Use Web views to share models with people who do not have Simulink installed.

You can save Web views of a model over time, creating snapshots of the model as it changes during the development process.

System Requirements

Although you use Simulink Report Generator software to create Web views. you can display a Web view in a browser, even if you do not have Simulink Report Generator installed.

By default, when you export a Web view, that Web view automatically displays in your default Web browser. Web views require a Web browser that supports SVG natively.

Web View Files

By default, exporting a Web view creates a zip file that includes the Web view HTML file, as well as files that support Web view display. Supporting files include files include .svg and .png files. Zip file packaging compresses the files and consolidates the Web view and supporting files into one zip file.

You can choose to export the Web view files as the Web view HTML file and the supporting files, in a folder, without being zipped. You can open the Web view HTML file directly, without having to open a non-zipped file. You can also choose to export the Web view files as both a zip file and as non-zipped files.

The default name of the zip file or folder that contains the non-zipped Web view files is the name of the model that contains the systems to export. You can specify a different file or folder name.

The default location for storing Web view files is the MATLAB current folder. You can choose a different folder.

If you send Web view files to someone else, consider whether you need to explain how to access the Web view file.

See Also

Related Examples

- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate a Web View" on page 5-6
- "Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14

More About

• "Optional Web Views" on page 5-21

Export Models to Web View Files

In this section
"Open the Web View Dialog Box" on page 5-4
"Export a Model to a Web View" on page 5-4

Open the Web View Dialog Box

To export a Web view, use the Web View dialog box. The way you access the dialog box differs, depending on whether you are using the Simulink Editor or the Report Explorer. You can also open the dialog box from the command line.

Interface	What You Do
Simulink Editor	Select File > Export Model to > Web .
Report Explorer	Select Tools > Export Simulink to Web.
Command line	Use the slwebview function without arguments.

Export a Model to a Web View

- 1 Open the model to export.
- 2 In the Simulink Editor, select File > Export Model to > Web.
- 3 In **Systems to Export**, select the levels of the model to export, in relationship to the system currently displayed or chart currently selected in the Simulink Editor.
- For the systems in the levels that you are exporting, in **Include Options**, select any kinds of systems you want the Web viewer user to be able to navigate below the Subsystem or Model block, to the underlying blocks or models.
 - If you select more than one kind of system, the criteria for exporting information for interacting with the contents of the systems are applied downward through the model hierarchy. For example, if you left **Referenced Models** unchecked when you exported the model, regardless of how you set the **Library Links** option, in the Web view you cannot interact with a library link block that is inside of a referenced model.
- 5 In the **Systems to Exclude** list of the systems you have selected to export, select any systems that you do not want to export. To select multiple systems, press the **Ctrl** key and select systems.

- To avoid overwriting existing exported Web view packages, select **If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting**.
- 7 In **Package Type**, specify whether you want to package the Web view as a zipped file (the default packaging). In **Package name**, you can specify a name for the zip file or for the folder for the Web view files.
- 8 Click Export.

Note If you use the Web View export option in the Report Explorer Properties pane, then click **Export model**. If you change the visible system or chart while the Report Explorer **Web View** pane is visible, the pane does not automatically change to show information about the newly visible system. To update the **Web View** pane, click **Refresh**.

9 If you have Simulink Coverage™ installed, you can use the **Optional Views** tab to select **Model Coverage** to export the associated kind of information.

If you have Simulink Requirements installed, you can use the **Optional Views** tab to select **Requirements** to export the associated kind of information.

See Also

Functions

slwebview

Related Examples

- "Display and Navigate a Web View" on page 5-6
- "Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14

More About

- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Web View Files" on page 5-2
- "Optional Web Views" on page 5-21

Display and Navigate a Web View

In this section...

"Display a Web View When You Export It" on page 5-6

"Open a Web View File in a Web Browser" on page 5-6

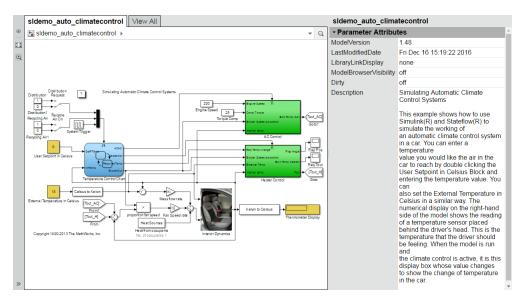
"View Contents of a System" on page 5-7

"View Block Parameters and Signal Properties" on page 5-8

"Access Optional Web View Information" on page 5-9

Display a Web View When You Export It

When you export a Web view using the Web View dialog box or from the Report Explorer **Web View** pane, the Web view appears in your system Web browser.



Open a Web View File in a Web Browser

To open a Web view file to display in a Web browser, from the folder that contains the Web view files, select the HTML file.

Open the webview.html file to display the Web view. For details about file packaging and location, see "Web View Files" on page 5-2.

To use a Google® Chrome Browser, you need to do some setup.

Open a Web View in a Google Chrome Browser on a Windows Platform

- If you do not already have a shortcut set up for Google Chrome, click the Windows **Start** button and search for **Chrome**.
- **2** Right-click and drag the Google Chrome icon to an open area on your desktop.
- 3 Right-click the icon and select **Create shortcut**.
- 4 Right-click the shortcut and select **Properties**.
- In the **Target** edit box, append the following text: --allow-file-access-from-files. Be sure to use two hyphens at the beginning. Click **OK**.
- **6** Close all open Google Chrome browsers.
- **7** Use the shortcut to open a Google Chrome browser.
- 8 Open the Web view file.

Open a Web View in a Google Chrome Browser on a Macintosh Platform

- 1 Run Terminal. You can find it using Spotlight, in Applications/Utilities.
- **2** Enter the following text:

```
open/Applications Google\Chrome.app --allow-file-access-from-files
```

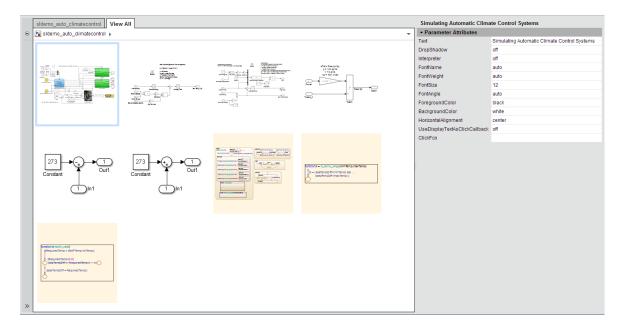
Open a Web View in a Google Chrome Browser on a Linux Platform

- 1 Run terminal.
- **2** Enter the following text:

```
./chromium-browser --allow-file-access-from-files
```

View Contents of a System

To see a thumbnail of the contents of all of systems in the Web view, click the **View All** tab.



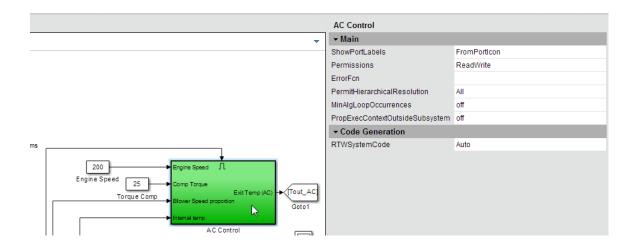
To view the contents of a specific system, use one of these approaches:

- In the model viewer, double-click the system.
- In the model browser, select a system. To expose this pane, click Hide/Show Model
 Browser
- Click the View All tab and click the thumbnail of a system.

To open a system in a separate tab, press CTRL and click the system.

View Block Parameters and Signal Properties

Click a block or signal in the model to see its parameters or properties in the ${f Object}$ ${f Inspector}$ pane.



Access Optional Web View Information

To view the model coverage optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Simulink Coverage installed. To view the requirements optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Simulink Requirements installed. To access the information, click a highlighted block (for example, blocks with an orange border have requirements information). The information for that block appears in the **Informer** pane below the model.

See Also

Functions

slwebview

Related Examples

• "Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14

More About

- "Web Views" on page 5-2
- "Web View Files" on page 5-2

• "Optional Web Views" on page 5-21

Search a Web View

In this section...

"Perform a Search" on page 5-11

"Sort Search Results" on page 5-13

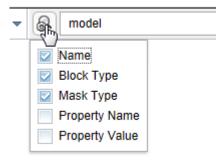
"Navigate Between Search Results and Model Elements" on page 5-13

Perform a Search

- In a Web View, at the top of the displayed tab, click the search button
- 2 In the search box, enter the search term.

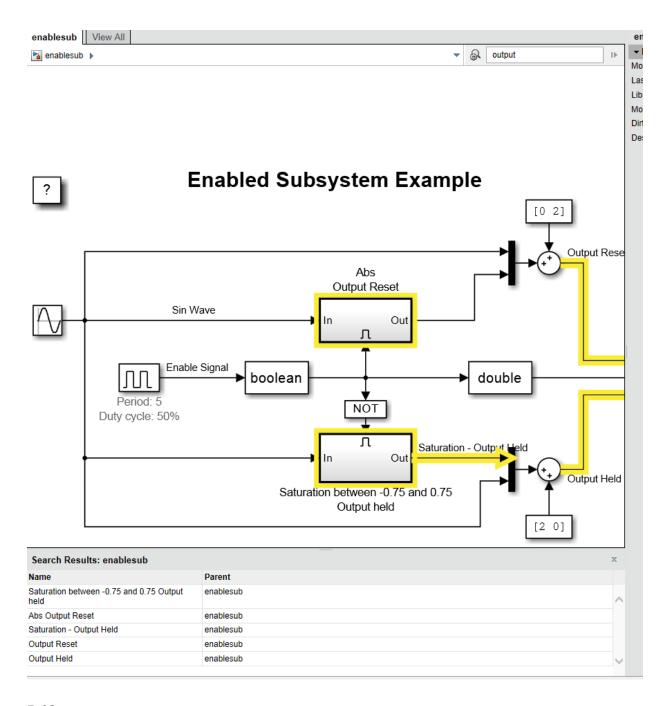
Search strings are case-insensitive. The search treats the string as a partial string.

3 To specify search criteria, click the search criteria button and select the types of model element you want to search in.



4 Press Enter.

The elements of the model that the search returns appear highlighted. The search results include the name and parent for each returned element.



Sort Search Results

You can sort the search results in alphabetical order. In the search results table, click the **Name** or **Parent** column.

Navigate Between Search Results and Model Elements

To see the corresponding search result for a highlighted model element, click the element.

To highlight the model element for a search result, click the search result.

The **Object Inspector** pane to the right of the model updates to reflect the selected model element or search result.

Create and Use a Web View

In this section...

"About This Tutorial" on page 5-14

"Export Specific Systems" on page 5-14

"Navigate the Web View" on page 5-16

"Display Parameters and Properties of Blocks and Signals" on page 5-17

"Open the Web View" on page 5-19

About This Tutorial

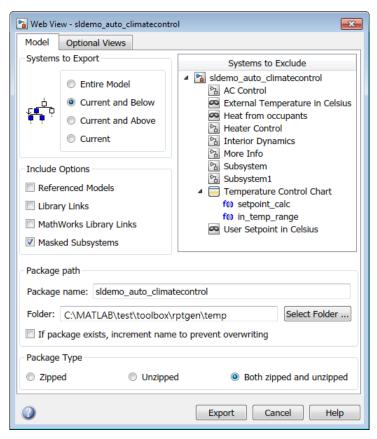
This tutorial takes you through the steps to export a Simulink model to a Web view.

You create a Web view from the Simulink model window using the sldemo_auto_climatecontrol model, which is provided with the Simulink software. This model simulates the working of an automatic climate control system in a car.

Export Specific Systems

When you create the Web view, you can specify export options.

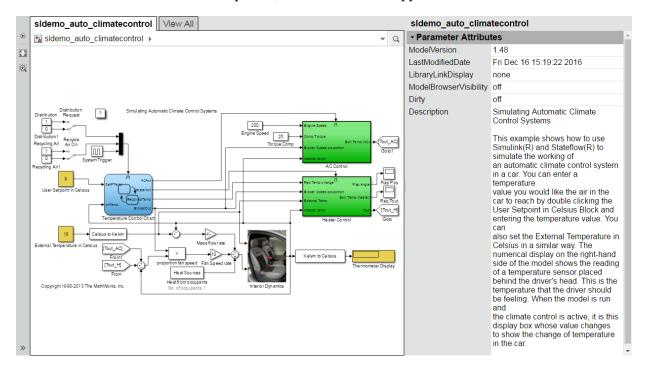
- 1 At the MATLAB command prompt, enter sldemo_auto_climatecontrol to open the Simulink model.
- 2 In the Simulink Editor, select **File > Export Model to > Web**.



- 3 In the **Include Options**, select **Masked Subsystems**. This enables users of the Web view to interact with masked blocks.
- 4 In Systems to Exclude, select Temperature Control Chart.
- 5 Use the **Folder** edit box to specify climate_control_webview as the name for the zip file for the exported Web view files.
- Select the **If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting** check box. Selecting this option prevents overwriting the Web view files if you export multiple Web views from the same model.
- 7 Click Export.

Exporting the selected systems to a Web view creates several support files, as well as an HTML file for displaying the systems. In this example, you change the defaults for the naming of the files.

The Web view files are exported, and the Web view appears in a Web browser.

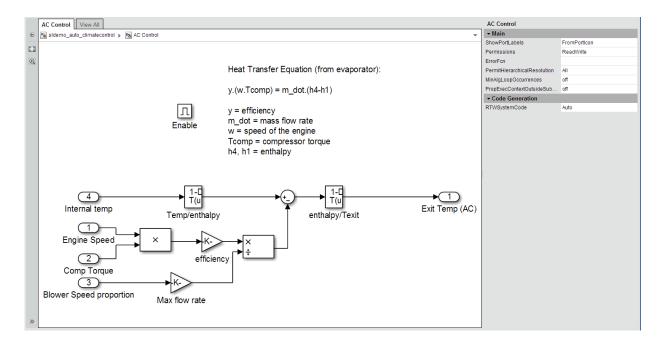


The Temperature Control Chart appears in the top level of the model, but you cannot open that chart in the Web view to see its contents.

Navigate the Web View

By default, if you export a whole model to a Web view, the **Model Viewer** pane shows the whole model. You can display specific systems in the Web view. For example:

1 In the model viewer, double-click the AC Control subsystem.

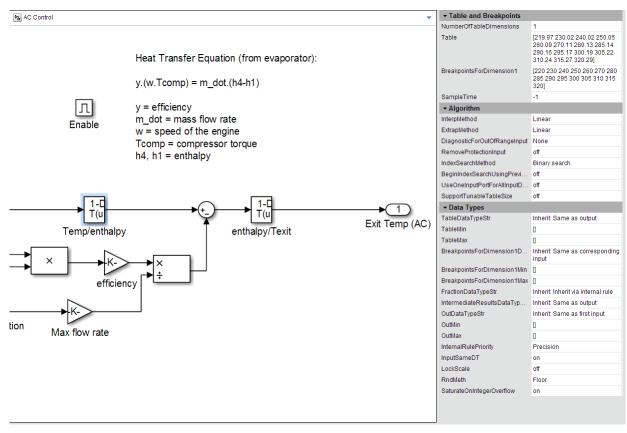


The AC Control subsystem appears in the model viewer. The tab label reflects the name of the currently displayed subsystem.

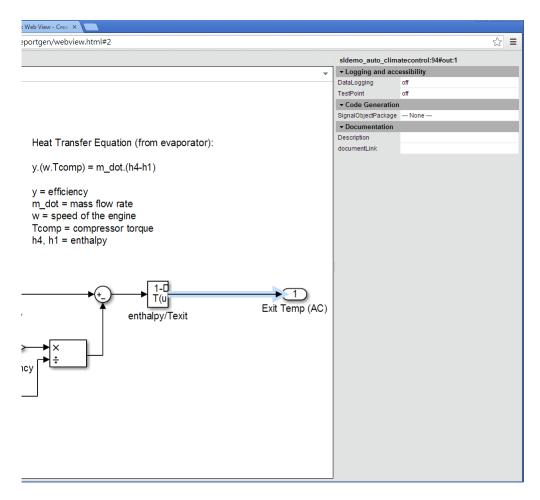
- Open the model browser (hidden by default). Click **Hide/Show Model Browser**
- 3 Open another system, in a separate tab. In the model browser, **CTRL+click** select the Heater Control system.
- 4 Drag the AC Control system to the top of model viewer. Place the cursor in the display area, hold down the mouse scroll wheel, and drag.
- **5** Zoom the display with the mouse scroll wheel.

Display Parameters and Properties of Blocks and Signals

- In the model browser, select sldemo_auto_climatecontrol.
- 2 Double-click the AC Control subsystem.
- 3 Click the Temp/enthalpy block to view the block parameter values. The **Object Inspector** pane groups the block parameters by the block parameter dialog box tabs.



4 Click the input signal for the Exit Temp (AC) block to display the signal properties.



Try navigating to other parts of the Web view.

5 Close the Web view.

Open the Web View

In the MATLAB current folder (or wherever you saved the zip file when you performed the steps in "Export Specific Systems" on page 5-14), extract the climate_control_webview zip file contents and open the webview.html file.

See Also

Related Examples

- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4
- "Display and Navigate a Web View" on page 5-6

More About

• "Web Views" on page 5-2

Optional Web Views

Optional Web views provide information about a model in addition to the standard Web view information about blocks and signals in a model.

The Simulink Report Generator includes the following optional Web views that you can capture and view if you have required software installed:

- Requirements (requires Simulink Requirements)
- Model coverage (requires Simulink Coverage)

These optional views display requirements or model coverage information associated with the current Web view.

To include model coverage information in a Web view, set up a coverage report for the model and simulate the model before selecting the model coverage optional view option.

See Also

Related Examples

- "Capture and View Optional Web View Information" on page 5-22
- "Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4

More About

• "Web Views" on page 5-2

Capture and View Optional Web View Information

In this section...

"Capture Optional Web View Information for a Model" on page 5-22

"View Optional Web View Information" on page 5-22

Capture Optional Web View Information for a Model

When you create a Web view, you can include optional Web view information.

To add the model coverage optional view information to a Web view for a model, you must have Simulink Coverage installed. To add the requirements optional view information to a Web view for a model, you must have Simulink Requirements installed.

- 1 In the Web View dialog box, open the **Optional Views** tab.
- 2 Select each optional view (for example, **Model Coverage** or **Requirements**) that you want to capture the associated information for.

Tip The **Optional Views** tab appears only if you can access an optional Web view.

Alternatively, in the Simulink Editor, click **Analysis > Requirements Traceability > Generate Web View**.

View Optional Web View Information

To view the model coverage optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Simulink Coverage installed. To view the requirements optional Web view information in a Web view, you must have Simulink Requirements installed.

In a Web view, click a highlighted block (for example, blocks with an orange border have requirements information). The information for that block appears in the **Informer** pane below the model.

See Also

Related Examples

"Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4

More About

• "Optional Web Views" on page 5-21

Embedded Web View Reports

In this section...

"What Is Embedded Web View?" on page 5-24

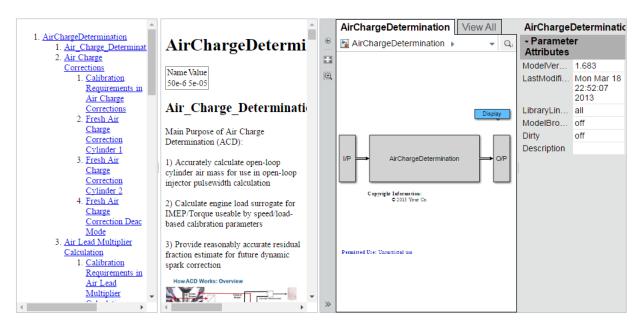
"Navigating an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-25

"Embedded Web View Packaging" on page 5-28

"View Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-28

What Is Embedded Web View?

Embedded Web View is a MATLAB application programming interface (API) that allows you to create HTML reports containing "Web Views" on page 5-2. Embedded Web View lets you generate compact and navigable reports from Simulink models. For example, the following image shows a control system calibration guide generated by a MATLAB program based on Embedded Web View.



This calibration guide comprises three hyperlinked panes:

- Left pane Calibration guide table of contents
- Center pane Calibration guide content
- Right pane Web view of the Simulink model used to create the control system

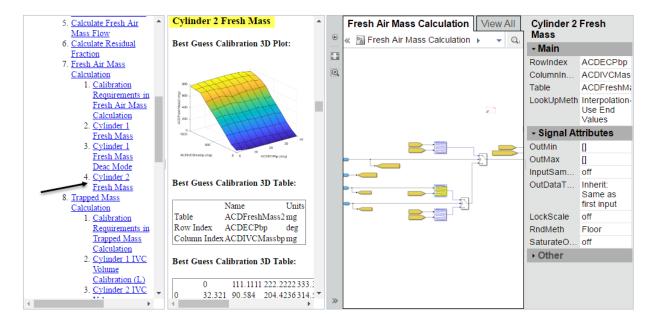
This example uses the MATLAB Report Generator DOM API and the Simulink Report Generator Embedded Web View API. Use the DOM API to generate the calibration guide content. Use the Embedded Web View API to create the report. The report is a user interface with guide content, an embedded Web View, and hyperlinks between the Web View and the guide report text. The resulting guide runs in any standard browser without requiring either MATLAB or Simulink.

Navigating an Embedded Web View Report

The Embedded Web View API facilitates report navigation by letting you create two-way hyperlinks between report content and the embedded Web View. The hyperlinks are illustrated in the following calibration guide example.

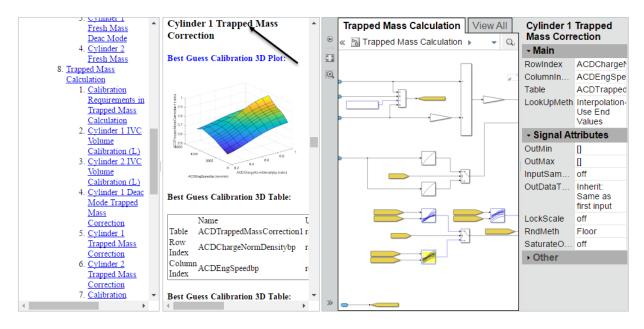
Navigate Via a Table of Contents

The Embedded Web View API creates a table of contents (TOC) based on your report section headings. Clicking a TOC heading entry displays the corresponding report section in the contents pane. It also displays and flashes the corresponding model element. The linked model block in this calibration guide example is shown highlighted in yellow in the Web View pane.



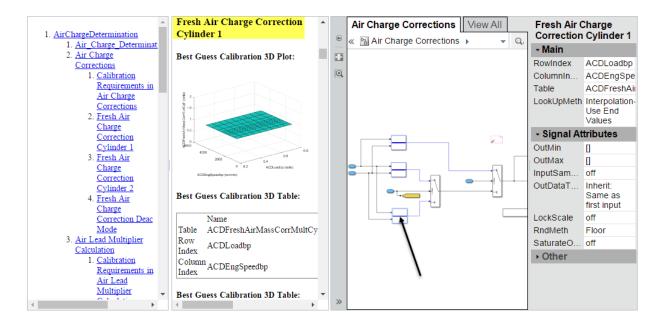
Navigate Via Contents

Using the Embedded Web View API, the creator of this calibration guide added hyperlinks from any text element in the content to any model element in the Web View pane. Clicking the text element in the contents displays and flashes the corresponding model element. The linked model block in this calibration report example is shown highlighted in yellow in the Web View pane.



Navigate Via Web View

Using the Embedded Web View API, the creator of this calibration guide added hyperlinks from any element in the Web View pane to any location in the report content pane. Clicking the model element displays the corresponding location in the content pane as shown highlighted in this calibration guide example.



Embedded Web View Packaging

The Embedded Web View API generates a report as a package of HTML, image, style sheet, JavaScript®, and JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) files organized into folders. By default, the API produces both zipped and unzipped versions of a report package in the current MATLAB folder.

View Embedded Web View Reports

If MATLAB Report Generator is installed on your system, you can use the report generator rptview function to view a zipped or unzipped Embedded Web View.

To view an Embedded Web View report on systems that do not have MATLAB installed,

- 1 Unzip the report in an empty, writable folder on your system. This step creates a file named webview.html in the folder and a subfolder containing supporting files.
- 2 Open webview.html in a browser to view the report.

See Also

Related Examples

• "Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30

Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator

To create a MATLAB program that generates an Embedded Web View report:

- 1 Create a MATLAB class that defines a report object that generates a Web View report. See "Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator Class" on page 5-30 for a summary of the steps to create and define the class.
- To generate the report, use this class in a MATLAB program. See "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

For general information and how to view and navigate a generated report, see "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24.

Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator Class

To create an Embedded Web View report class, use this workflow

- 1 Open the MATLAB editor.
- 2 To create a default class definition file, select **New > Class**.
- 3 Replace the default content of the new class definition file with this Embedded Web View class definition template:

classdef REPORT_GENERATOR < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument
 methods</pre>

```
% Report generator constructor
function rptgen = REPORT_GENERATOR(reportName,modelName)
    rptgen@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(...
        reportName,modelName);
end

% Report content generator
function fillContent(rptgen)
    import mlreportgen.dom.*
end
end
end
end
```

- **4** Replace the placeholder, REPORT_GENERATOR, with the name of your report generator.
- To save your new class definition file using the name you used to replace the REPORT GENERATOR placeholder, select **Editor** > **Save As**.

- 6 To specify the export options and warning suppression option for your report generator, edit the template constructor. See "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32 and "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39, respectively.
- 7 To include the report content, table of contents, model, and hyperlinks to embed in your report, edit the content generator (fillContent) function. These topics describe how to add content to the Embedded Web View report generator. You can perform these tasks in any order.
 - "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
 - "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
 - "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
 - "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- **8** Save your changes to the new class definition file.

Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report

The slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of your report generator exports and embeds a Web View of the model specified by the constructor in the generated report. By default the base class does not export block diagrams referenced by the top-level model or block diagrams of masked subsystems. To export these types of block diagrams, you must use an ExportOptions property inherited from the base class of your generator. You use this property in the constructor of the generator.

For example, the following constructor includes the ExportOptions property. This property exports the block diagrams of masked subsystems and models and library blocks referenced by the exported model.

If you export referenced block diagrams, to view them, click the block icon that references the diagram in the Web View. You can also create hyperlinks from the generated report content to these block diagrams.

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report

The fillContent method fills the document pane of the report that it generates with content specified by DOM API objects (see "Report Generator Creation" (MATLAB Report Generator)). The report generator inherits an append method from its slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class. Use the append method in the fillContent method of your report generator. Each call to append adds its content after the previously appended content. The fillContent method can create a document of any length and content by repeated calls to the append method.

For example, this fillContent method begins by creating a report title.

```
function fillContent(rptgen)
   import mlreportgen.dom.*
   p = Paragraph('System Design Variable Report');
   p.Style = {Bold, FontFamily('Helvetica'), FontSize('18pt')};
   append(rptgen, p);
   ...
end
```

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report

The slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of an Embedded Web View report generator embeds JavaScript in the generated Embedded Web View reports. In addition to generating other portions of the report, the JavaScript generates a table of contents from the document section headings. When you open the report in a web browser, the hyperlinked table of contents appears.

To use this feature, your report generator fillContent method must use DOM API Heading objects to begin the sections and subsections of the report. For example,

```
function fillContent(rptgen)
   import mlreportgen.dom.*
   p = Paragraph('System Design Variable Report');
   p.Style = {Bold, FontFamily('Helvetica'), FontSize('18pt')};
   append(rptgen, p);
   append(rptgen, Heading1('Introduction');
   ...
end
```

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report

The Embedded Web View report generator

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class provides a set of methods for finding model objects to export to the generated report. You use these methods in the report generator fillContent method to obtain information about the exported objects for the report document.

To find objects to export from the model, use these methods, which are inherited from the slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the report generator.

Method	Purpose
getExportModels	Get models to be exported to the report as Web Views.
getExportDiagrams	Get block diagrams to be exported to the report
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Get subsystem blocks to be exported to the report
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Get Stateflow charts to be exported to the report
getExportStateflowCharts	Get Stateflow chart elements to be exported in this report

This sample code shows how to get a model to use as the Web View.

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report

To create one-way and two-way hyperlinks between the document and the Web View embedded in the report, use these methods. These linking methods are inherited from the slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the report generator.

- createDiagramTwoWayLink Create a two-way link between a document location and a diagram in the Embedded Web View. Clicking a link created by this method in the document opens the target diagram in the Web View. Clicking in the diagram scrolls the document pane to the target document location.
- createElementTwoWayLink Create a two-way link between a document location and a diagram element in the Embedded Web View. Clicking a link created by this method in a document opens the diagram containing the model element and flashes the element. Clicking the element in the diagram scrolls the document pane to the target document location.
- createDiagramLink Creates a link from the document to a diagram in the Embedded Web View.
- createElementLink Creates a link from the document to an element of a block diagram in the Embedded Web View.

For example, the following method creates two-way links between a report on the workspace variables used by the exported model and blocks that use those variables:

```
function fillContent(rptgen)
    import mlreportgen.dom.*
    model = getExportModels(rpt);
    vars = Simulink.findVars(model, 'ReturnResolvedVar', true);
    nVars = numel(vars);
        for i = 1:nVars
           varInfo = vars(i)
           append(rptgen, Heading1(varInfo.Name);
           nUsers = numel(varInfo.Users);
           for u = 1:nUsers
             userPath = varInfo.Users{u};
             userLink = createElementTwoWayLink(rptgen, ...
                          userPath, (userPath));
             append(rptgen, userLink);
        end
end
```

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-39

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Suppress Link Warning Messages for Embedded Web View Report

By default, during report generation the

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument base class of the Embedded Web View report generator displays warning messages for invalid links. These warnings appear if you include multiple links to an element in the Web View, although these multiple links are permitted. If you do not want to display these warning messages, you can suppress them. Set the ValidateLinksAndAnchors property, which is inherited from the base class, to false in the constructor of the report generator. For example,

For other tasks to create your Embedded Web View generator, see

- "Specify Export Options for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-32
- "Specify Document Content for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-33
- "Generate Table of Contents for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-34
- "Get Model Objects for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-35
- "Create Hyperlinks for Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-37

To generate the Embedded Web View report, see "Generate an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-40.

Generate an Embedded Web View Report

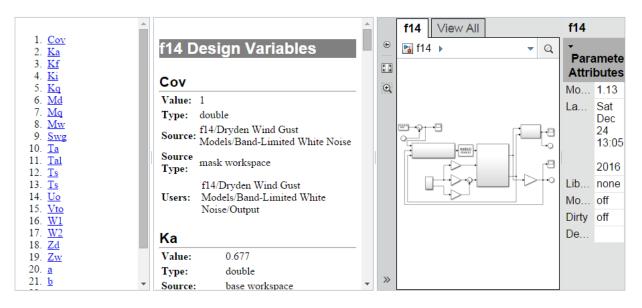
To generate an embedded Web View report, create an instance of the class that defines the report generator (see "Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30). Then, use the fill and close report generator methods.

For example, suppose that you want to create a report using the SimulinkDesignVariables class example (see "Class Definition File for an Embedded Web View" on page 5-41). These commands generate and display an instance of that report:

```
model = 'f14';
rptName = sprintf('%sVariables', model);
load_system(model);
rptgen = SystemDesignVariables(rptName, model);
fill(rptgen);
close(rptgen);
close_system(model);
rptview(rptName);
```

The fill(rptgen) command uses the fill method, which the report generator inherits from its base class. This method embeds a Web View of the f14 model in the report. It also calls the fillContent method of the report generator, which fills the report document pane with a report on the variables used by the f14 model.

The resulting Embedded Web View report is shown.



For information on navigating to different parts of the report, see "Navigating an Embedded Web View Report" on page 5-25.

Class Definition File for an Embedded Web View

This class generates a report on the workspace and data dictionary variables used by a specified Simulink model. This example class includes the values of scalar numeric variables only.

```
classdef SystemDesignVariables < slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument</pre>
    %SystemDesignVariables Report on variables used by a Simulink model
        Defines a class of report generators to produce HTML reports on
   %
        the workspace and data dictionary variables used by a Simulink
    %
        model. The generated report includes this information for
    બુ
        each variable:
    %
       Value (if the value is a scalar, numeric value)
    %
    બુ
       Data Type
        Source (e.g, path of dictionary containing the variable)
    %
        Source Type (e.g., data dictionary or base workspace)
    %
    %
       Users (path of blocks that use the variable)
   %
        The report includes a Web View of the model with two-way
```

```
links between design variable user paths and blocks in the Web
%
    View that use the design variables.
methods
    function rpt = SystemDesignVariables(reportPath, modelName)
        % Invoke the EmbeddedWebViewDocument constructor, which
        % saves the report path and model name for use by the
        % report's fill methods.
        rpt@slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(reportPath,...
            modelName):
        % Turn off duplicate link warnings to avoid warnings for
        % blocks that use multiple design variables.
        rpt.ValidateLinksAndAnchors = false;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeMaskedSubsystems = true;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks = true;
        rpt.ExportOptions.IncludeReferencedModels = true;
    end
    function fillContent(rpt)
        % Fill the Content hole in the report template with design
        % variable information. The rpt variable is a subclass of the
        % DOM Document class, so you can use DOM methods to create,
        % format, and append content to this report.
        %% Set up report
        % Allow use of unqualified names for DOM objects,
        % such as Paragraph instead of mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph.
        import mlreportgen.dom.*
        % Obtain model name, which was saved by the report
        % constructor, getExportedModels returns model names as a
        % cell array, in case a report uses multiple models.
        model = getExportModels(rpt);
        % Extract the model from the cell array. (This report uses
        % only one model.)
        model= model{1};
        %% Create report title
```

```
title = Paragraph(sprintf('%s Design Variables', model));
title.Style = {Bold,Color('white'),BackgroundColor('gray'), ...
    FontFamily('Helvetica'),FontSize('18pt')};
append(rpt,title);
%% Find all variables used by this model.
vars = Simulink.findVars(model, 'ReturnResolvedVar', true);
%% Loop through the variable information returned by
% Simulink.findVars, converting the info to formatted document
% objects and appending the formatted info to the report.
nVars = numel(vars);
for i = 1:nVars
    % var is a Simulink.VariableUsage object
    var = vars(i);
    % Create variable section heading
    varHeading = Heading1(var.Name);
    varHeading.Style = {FontFamily('Helvetica'),...
        FontSize('16pt'),OuterMargin('0pt','0pt','12pt','0pt')};
    append(rpt,varHeading);
    rule = HorizontalRule:
    rule.Style = {Color('LightGray'), ...
        OuterMargin('Opt','Opt','Opt','Opt')};
    append(rpt, rule);
    %% Format variable info
    % Convert the variable information into a cell array
    % by using the DOM Table class.
    info = cell(5,1);
    info{1,1} = 'Value:';
    value = var.Value;
    type = class(value);
    if isa(value, 'Simulink.Parameter')
        value = value.Value:
    if isnumeric(value) && isscalar(value)
        info{1,2} = num2str(value);
    else
        % Insert logic here to handle non-scalar values.
        info{1,2} = 'n/a';
    end
```

```
info{2,1} = 'Type:';
        info{2,2} = type;
        info{3,1} = 'Source:';
        info{3,2} = var.Source;
        info{4,1} = 'Source Type:';
        info{4,2} = var.SourceType;
        info{5,1} = 'Users:';
        % var.Users contains a cell array of the paths to the model
        % blocks that use this variable. Create two-way hyperlinks
        % between the paths and the corresponding elements in the
        % Web View of the model embedded in this report by this
        % report's superclass, EmbeddedWebViewDocument. Note that
        % this fails when the Web View element already contains
        % a link, e.g., when the element uses more that one
        % variable. In this case, the element links only to the
        % first variable that it uses.
        nUsers = numel(var.Users);
        users = Table(cell(nUsers,1));
        for u = 1:nUsers
            userPath = var.Users{u};
            userLink = createElementTwoWayLink(rpt,...
                        userPath....
                        mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph(userPath));
            userLink.Style = {OuterMargin('Opt', 'Opt','Opt','Opt')};
            append(users.entry(u,1),userLink);
        end
        info{5, 2} = users;
        %% Convert the usage info to a table, format the table,
        % and append the table to the rport.
        infoTable = Table(info);
        grp = TableColSpecGroup;
        grp.Style = {OuterMargin('Opt','Opt','Opt','Opt')};
        specs(1) = TableColSpec;
        specs(1).Style = {Bold};
        specs(2) = TableColSpec;
        grp.ColSpecs = specs;
        infoTable.ColSpecGroups = grp;
        append(rpt, infoTable);
    end
end
```

end end

Web View

Web View Export Dialog Box Overview

Use Web View dialog box to set export options, including:

- Systems to export (for example, the current system or current system and systems below)
- Whether to export information to support interacting with contents of referenced models, library links, or masked subsystems
- · Where to store the Web view files
- How to package the Web view files
- · Capture and optional view information

To get help on an option

- 1 Right-click the option's text label.
- 2 Select What's This from the popup menu.



See Also

"Export Models to Web View Files" on page 5-4

Systems to Export

Select which Simulink systems or Stateflow charts to export.

Note The systems to export are relative to the system that is currently visible in the Simulink Editor or Stateflow Editor.

Include Systems Option Value	Meaning
Entire Model (Default)	Export all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model
Current and below	Export the system or Stateflow chart that is displayed in the Simulink Editor or in the Stateflow Editor and all subsystems or subcharts that it contains
Current and above	Export the displayed Simulink system or Stateflow chart and all systems or charts that contain it
Current	Export only the Simulink system that is displayed in the Simulink Editor or in the Stateflow Editor

Referenced Models

Export models referenced by the systems that you select to export. For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, any models referenced by a Model block the exported model.

Library Links

Export library blocks linked to from the systems that you select to export. For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, all library blocks linked to in the exported model.

If you select this option, do not also select the **MathWorks Library Links** option.

MathWorks Library Links

Export MathWorks built-in library blocks linked to systems that you select to export.

For example, if you select the **Entire Model** option, all MathWorks library blocks linked to in the exported model.

If you select this option, along with the **Masked Subsystems** option, right-clicking a built-in library block in a Web view displays the parameter values for that block.

If you select this option, do not also select the ${\bf Library\ Links}$ option.

Masked Subsystems

Allow Web view interaction with masked subsystem contents in the systems that you select to export. Select this option to view the contents of the masked subsystem and open masked subsystem dialog boxes.

Package name

The default name is the name of the model that contains the systems to export.

If you use the default **Package Type** setting of **Zipped**, the **Package name** field specifies the name of the zip file.

If you set **Package Type** to Unzipped, the **Package name** field specifies the name of the folder.

If the zip file or folder with the specified name in the specified folder already exists, Simulink Report Generator overwrites the existing zip file or folder contents. To avoid overwriting an existing Web View files, consider selecting the **If package exists**, **increment name to prevent overwriting** option.

Folder

The folder in which to store the exported Web view files. The default folder is the MATLAB current folder.

Specify a full path to the folder or click **Select Folder** to navigate to the folder.

If package exists, increment name to prevent overwriting

Increment the package name by appending a system-generated number to the end of the zip file or folder name.

For example, suppose you use the following settings:

- For Package Type, you use the default setting of Zipped.
- For Package name, you use vdp_web_view.

When you export the Web view the first time, the resulting zip file is called vdp_web_view. If you export the Web view again, Simulink Report Generator creates a vdp_web_view1.zip file, and preserves the original vdp_web_view file.

Package Type

Specify the file packaging to use when exporting the Web view.

- **Zipped** (Default) Export as a zipped file that includes the Web view file, along with files that support the display of the Web view. Zip file packaging compresses the files and consolidates the Web view and supporting files into one file.
- **Unzipped** Export as the Web view file and supporting files, without being zipped. You can open an unzipped Web view file directly.
- Both zipped and unzipped— Export as both a zipped file and an unzipped file

Include Model Coverage view

This option appears only if you have Simulink Coverage software installed.

Provides additional information about the model, based on the Model Coverage report.

Include Embedded Coder view

This option only appears if both these conditions exist:

- You have the Embedded Coder[®] software installed.
- There is generated code for the systems that you export.

This view provides additional information about the generated code for a block in the Web view.

Click a block in the Web view. The generated code for that block appears in the Web Informer pane below the displayed model.

Include Requirements view

Captures model requirements information. For details, see "Capture and View Optional Web View Information" on page 5-22.

This option appears only if you have Simulink Requirements software installed.

Include Coverage view

Captures model coverage information based on the Model Coverage report. For details, see "Capture and View Optional Web View Information" on page 5-22.

This option appears only if you have Simulink Coverage software installed. You must set up a coverage report for the model and simulate the model before you can use this option.

Components — Alphabetical List

For a list of MATLAB Report Generator components, see the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

Annotation Loop

Run child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in current context

Description

This component runs its child components multiple times for each Simulink annotation in the current context. The parent component determines the context.

- Model Loop: Reports on all annotations inside the reported portion of the reported model.
- **System Loop**: Reports on all annotations inside the current system.
- **Block Loop** or **Signal Loop**: Does nothing.

Loop Options

The Loop Options pane displays information about the current context. You can sort Alphabetically by text or In traversal order.

Child components of the Annotation Loop consider their context to be annotations when the report is running.

For example, the following components report on the looped annotation:

- Simulink Automatic Table
- Simulink Linking Anchor
- Simulink Name
- Simulink Property
- Simulink Property Table

Use a Summary Table component to show annotation objects in reports. Each Summary Table component creates a single table with each reported annotation on a single row of the table.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each annotation in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

Block Execution Order List

Create a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing order in which they execute

Description

This component creates a list or table of all nonvirtual blocks in the model, showing the order in which they execute.

For more information about virtual and nonvirtual blocks, see "Nonvirtual and Virtual Blocks" (Simulink).

Properties

- List Title:
 - Automatic: Generates a list or table title automatically.
 - Custom: Enables you to enter a title.
- Include block type information: Include each block's BlockType property in the list or table.
- Look under nonvirtual subsystems: The default is Automatic (On for models, Off for systems). Set it to On or Off.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

```
rptgen_sl.csl_blk_sort_list
```

See Also

Block Loop

Block Loop

Run child components for each block in the current system, model, or signal

Description

This component runs its child components for each block contained in the current system, model, or signal.

For conditional processing based of blocks, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedBlock function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Report On

This pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.

- Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context. The
 parent component of the Block Loop determines its context. If this component does
 not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop as its parent,
 selecting this option causes this component to report on all blocks in all models.
 - **Model Loop**: Reports on all blocks in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on all blocks in the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal.
- Custom use block list: Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.

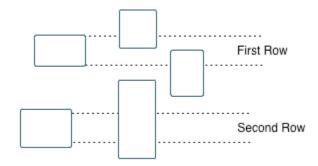
Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

Sort blocks:

Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. The report lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace.
 The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. The following example reports
 on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the model
 simppend, using the variable Z={ 'simppend/theta'}:

simppend/theta dot
%<Z>

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

• **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each block in
 the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created
 by a System Snapshot component can link to the block information only if you select
 this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the **Create section for each object in loop** option and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_loop

See Also

Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, Simulink Name, Simulink Property, Simulink Property Table, Simulink Summary Table

Block Type Count

Count number of each block type in the current model or system

Description

This component counts the number of each block type in the current model or system. Within a model, this component counts blocks underneath masks and inside library links.

For more information about block types, see "Nonvirtual and Virtual Blocks" (Simulink).

Count Types

The parent of this component determines where to count block types:

- Model Loop: Reports all block types in the current model:
 - All blocks in model: Counts block types in the entire model.
 - All blocks in reported systems: Counts block types only in systems that appear in the report.
- System Loop: Reports all block types in the current system.

Table Content

- Table title: Allows you to enter the table title.
- Show block names in table: Includes a column that displays all block names in the table.
- Sort table:
 - Alphabetically by block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By number of blocks: Sorts by decreasing number of occurrences.
- **Show total count**: Displays total number of block types.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_count

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Bus

Create list of signals exiting from Bus Selector block

Description

This component creates a list of signals exiting a Bus Selector block. The list contains signals leaving from the reported block or downstream buses and signals.

The parent of this component determines which buses appear in the report:

- **Model Loop**: Includes all buses in the current model.
- System Loop: Includes all buses in the current system.
- Block Loop: If the current block is a bus block, then the report includes that block.
- Signal Loop: Includes all buses connected to the current signal.

If the Bus component does not have a looping component as its parent, it reports on all buses in all open models.

Properties

- **Show Bus Hierarchy**: Specifies whether the list displays downstream buses hierarchically.
- Insert linking anchor for bus blocks: Inserts a linking anchor for each bus block. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that block point. (For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the bus block with an Object Linking Anchor component.
- Insert linking anchor for signals: Inserts a linking anchor for each signal. This property designates the list item as the location to which other links for that signal point. For more information, see the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for the signal with an Object Linking Anchor component.

• **Title**: Inserts a title before each list. This attribute supports the %<varname> notation. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_bus

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop,

Chart Loop

Run child components for specified Stateflow charts

Description

This component runs its children for specified Stateflow charts.

For conditional processing for a chart, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedChart function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Report On

- Automatic list from context: Report on all chart blocks in the context set by the parent of this component.
 - **Model Loop**: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks in the current system.
 - **Signal Loop**: Reports on all Stateflow chart blocks connected to the current signal.
 - Machine Loop: Reports on the current block if it is in a Stateflow chart.

If the **Chart Loop** component has any other type of component as its parent, selecting this option causes it to report on all Stateflow chart blocks.

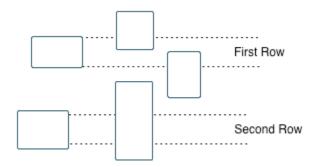
• Custom - use block list: Reports on a specified list of Stateflow chart blocks.

Loop Options

Choose chart block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- **Sort blocks**: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This option is available if you select Automatic list from context in the **Report On** section, or if you select Custom use block list and the **Sort blocks** option.
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts models alphabetically by their full paths.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace.
 The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see
 %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the
 MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each chart in
 the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created
 by a Stateflow Snapshot component can link to this information only if you select this
 check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the **Create section for each object in loop** option.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_chart_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

Code Generation Summary

Insert version number information, list of generated files, tables summarizing code generation configuration information, and subsystem maps into report

Description

This component reports the following information:

- Version number information
- List of generated files
- Code generation configuration information
- Subsystem map

Summary

- **General information**: Includes the following information in the report:
 - · Model name and version
 - Simulink Coder version number
 - · List of full paths of generated files
- **Configuration settings**: Includes tables that list optimization and Simulink Coder target selection and build process Configuration Parameter settings.
- **Subsystem map**: Includes in the report a unique mapping between subsystem numbers and subsystem labels in the model.

Traceability Report

Use settings from model: When you select this option, the report uses all of the following configuration settings, as specified in your model. Deselecting this option allows you to turn off one or more of these settings as needed:

Eliminated/virtual blocks

- · Traceable blocks
- Traceable Stateflow Objects
- Traceable MATLAB Function Blocks

For more information on these configuration settings, see "Model Configuration Parameters: Code Generation Report" (Simulink Coder).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and list.

Class

RptgenRTW.CCodeGenSummary

See Also

Import Generated Code

Data Dictionary Traceability Table

Insert a table that links data dictionary information to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links data dictionary information to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open data dictionary. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a data dictionary or determine the data dictionary that is open. To open a template report that shows an example of these Eval statements, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

```
setedit([matlabroot '/toolbox/slrequirements/+rmide/rmide.rpt'])
```

Find the Eval statements in the if condition at the beginning of the report setup.

Table Options

Specify information about the table.

- Table title: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the data dictionary in the title.
 - Custom Specify your own table title.

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations within document**, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Management Interface Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- **Document name** Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.
- **Locations within document** Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.DDReqTable

See Also

MATLAB Code Traceability Table, Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table, rmi

Documentation

Insert text extracted from DocBlock blocks in Simulink models

Description

This component inserts text extracted from DocBlock blocks in Simulink models. It can have the following components as its parent:

- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Block Loop

The specified report format determines the format of the DocBlock block data inserted into the report:

• HTML: Imports HTML data into the report.

Note For non-English HTML DocBlock text that you want to include in a Documentation component, use UTF-8 file encoding. Use a simple text editor to create the HTML code.

• RTF: Imports RTF data into the report.

Properties

• **Import file as**: Specifies how to format the imported information. The following example shows how each option works, using the following text as input:

```
First row. Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

• Plain text (ignore line breaks). Imports plain text without any line breaks (no paragraphs), as in this example:

First row. Second row. Third row follows blank line.

 Paragraphs defined by line breaks. Imports the text contained in paragraphs defined by line breaks (hard returns or carriage returns), as in this example:

```
First row.
Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

• Paragraphs defined by empty rows. Imports text contained in paragraphs defined by empty rows (rows that do not contain text), as in this example:

```
First row. Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

• Text (retain line breaks). Imports plain text, including line breaks, as in this example:

```
First row. Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

• Fixed-width text (retain line breaks). Imports fixed-width text (all letters have the same width or size) including line breaks, as in this example:

```
First row.
Second row.
```

Third row follows blank line.

Tip This option is useful for importing MATLAB files.

• Insert linking anchor for blocks: Inserts a linking anchor for each DocBlock block that designates the location where other links for that block point. (See the Simulink Linking Anchor or Link component reference pages for more help.) Do not use this option if you have already specified an anchor location for a DocBlock block with an Object Linking Anchor component.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text, paragraph, or external RTF/HTML data.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_doc

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

Fixed Point Block Loop

Run child components for the Simulink model, system, or signal defined by parent component

Description

This component runs its children for the Simulink model, system, or signal that its parent defines. Options for the parent component are:

- Model Loop
- System Loop
- Signal Loop

Report On

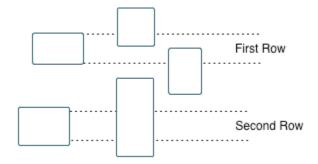
- Automatic list from context: Reports on all fixed-point blocks in the context of
 the parent of this component. For example, if the parent component is the System
 Loop, then this component reports on all fixed-point blocks in the current system. If
 this component does not have a looping component as its parent, then selecting this
 option causes the component to report on all fixed-point blocks in all models.
- Custom use block list:: Reports on a specified list of blocks.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model). This
 option is available if you select the Automatic list from context option in the
 Report On section, or if you select Custom use block list and the Sort
 blocks options.
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by columns. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- Search for Simulink name/property value pairs: Reports only on blocks with the specified property name/property value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value. To add a row, click the **Add row** button.

For information about subsystem property names and values, in "Block-Specific Parameters" (Simulink), see the "Ports & Subsystems Library Block Parameters" section.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each fixed-point
 block in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image
 created by a System Snapshot component can link to this information only if you
 select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_blk_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, Simulink Linking Anchor, System Loop

Fixed Point Logging Options

Set fixed-point options like in Fixed Point Tool

Description

This component sets fixed-point options like those set in the Fixed Point Tool (invoked by running the fxptdlg function).

This component must be a child of the Model Loop component. Use this component to set the following options on the current model:

- Data type override
- Fixed-point instrument mode
- Logging type

This component can have child components. It is a good practice to use this component with a Model Simulation component as its child. This approach sets fixed-point properties for the model for the purpose of the simulation, and then restores them to their original values after the simulation is complete.

Data Type Override

- Use local settings: Overrides data types according to the value of this parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent systems override those of child systems.
- Scaled double: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. However, this option maintains the scaling and bias specified in the mask of each block.
- **Doubles**: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with doubles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
- **Singles**: Overrides the output data type of all blocks in the current system or subsystem with singles. The overridden values have no scaling or bias.
- **Off**: Does not perform any data type override on any block in the current system or subsystem.

Fixed-Point Instrumentation Mode

Specify logging options in this section. For logged blocks, minimum and maximum simulation values are written to the workspace.

- Use local settings: Logs data according to the value of this parameter set for each subsystem. Otherwise, settings for parent systems always override those of child systems.
- **Min, max, and overflow**: Logs minimum value, maximum value, and overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- **Overflow only**: Logs only overflow data for all blocks in the current system or subsystem.
- **Force off**: Logs no data for any block in the current system or subsystem. Use this selection to work with models containing fixed point-enabled blocks, if you do not have a Fixed-Point Designer license.

For more information on logging simulation results, see "Propose Fraction Lengths Using Simulation Range Data" (Fixed-Point Designer).

Logging Type

Specify how to record logs in this section:

- Overwrite log: Clears information in the logs before new logging data is entered.
- Merge log: Merges new logging data with previously logged information.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_options

See Also

Model Simulation

Fixed Point Property Table

Insert table that reports on Fixed-Point Designer block property name/property value pairs

Description

This component inserts a table that reports on Fixed-Point Designer block property name/property value pairs.

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and configured, in the **Preset table** list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

Preset table

Specifies the type of object property table.

- Default
- Mask properties
- Block limits
- Out-of-range errors
- All fixed-point properties
- Blank 4x4

To apply the specified table, select the table and click **Apply**.

• **Split property/value cells**: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells in the table, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there only one property name/property value pair can exist in a cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.

For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. That option specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text.

Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If you have more than one property name/property value pair or text in one cell, only the first value pair appears in the report. Subsequent pairs and text are omitted.

- **Display outer border**: Display the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- **Table spans page width**: Display the table across the entire page in the generated report.

Table Cells

Select table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

Cell Properties

Contents

Modify the contents of the table cell selected in the **Table Cells** pane.

- Show as: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - Property: Value
 - PROPERTY: Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
- Alignment: Aligns the contents of the table cell.
 - Center

- Left
- Right
- · Double justified
- **Lower border**: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For details about creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_prop_table

See Also

Fixed Point Summary Table

Fixed Point Summary Table

Table of specified fixed-point block properties or parameters

Description

This component displays properties or parameters of specified fixed-point blocks in a table.

Properties

Table title

Choose a table title in the generated report:

- Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

Property name

This field displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.

- · To add a property:
 - 1 Select the appropriate property level in the menu
 - 2 Select the property to add from the selection list and click **Add**.
- To delete a property, select the property name and click the **Delete** button.
- To move properties up and down in the list, click the **Up** and **Down** buttons.

Note Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get param command. The properties used

for property/value filtering in the block and system loop components must be retrievable by the get_param . Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

Transpose table

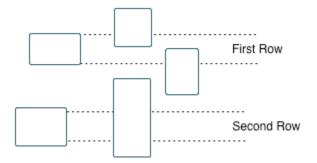
Enabling this check box changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

- Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
- **Report On**: Specifies blocks on which to report:
 - Automatic list from context. Reports on all blocks in the current context.
 - Custom use block list. Reports on a specified list of blocks. To include a given block in the report, specify its full path.

Loop Options

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
 - Alphabetically by block name. Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path. Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type. Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
 - By block depth. Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
 - By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_fp.cfp_summ_table

See Also

Fixed Point Property Table

Import Generated Code

Import source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software, and custom files specified as part of model

Description

This component imports source and header files generated by Simulink Coder software. It also imports custom files that you specify as part of your model.

Properties

- **Source files (auto-generated)**: Includes the following files in the report:
 - .c and .cpp source files generated by Simulink Coder software.
 - Simulink Coder source files, such as the setup file and supporting files in the build folder.

This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.

- **Header files (auto-generated)**: Includes the following files in the report:
 - . h and .hpp header files generated by Simulink Coder software.
 - · Simulink Coder header files in the build folder.

This check box is selected by default. Clear it to omit source files.

Custom files: Includes custom source files that you specify in the Code Generation
 Custom Code pane of the Configuration Parameters dialog box. This check box is deselected by default.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Generated code listings.

Class

 ${\tt RptgenRTW.CImportCode}$

See Also

Code Generation Summary

Look-Up Table

Report on lookup table blocks

Description

The Look-Up Table component reports on the following blocks in the Simulink Lookup Tables library. Some examples of the lookup table blocks include:

- 1-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Cosine
- Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)

The Look-Up Table component inserts a figure and/or table into the report. The table contains input and output numeric values. A figure plots these values.

Note The Look-Up Table component does not display a table or plot for the Direct Lookup Table (n-D) block if the block is configured to generate the table during simulation as a block input. Instead, the Look-Up Table displays a note in the report to the effect that the table is generated dynamically during simulation.

Look-Up Table Options

This pane allows you to specify the types of lookup table blocks to include in the report and how they appear. If you select none of the check boxes in this pane, the component does not insert anything into the report.

- The Look-Up Table displays results according to the type of its parent component:
 - Model Loop: Includes all lookup tables in the current model.
 - **System Loop**: Includes all lookup tables in the current system.
 - **Block Loop**: If the current block is a lookup table, the reports that block.

- **Signal Loop**: Includes all lookup tables connected to the current signal.
- If the Look-Up Table does not have any of the looping components as its parent, it includes all lookup tables in all open models.
- **Plot 1-D data**: Plots data from a 1-D Lookup Table block. Choose the plot type, Line plot or Bar plot, from the corresponding list. The input data appears on the horizontal or *x*-axis, and the output data appears on the vertical or *y*-axis.

For more information on line and bar plots, see "2-D and 3-D Plots" (MATLAB).

- **Create table for 1-D data**: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 1-D Lookup Table block.
- **Plot 2-D data**: Creates a plot of 2-D Lookup Table blocks. You can specify whether the data appears as a surface plot or a line plot. The line plot is best for small data sets, and the surface plot for larger tables. For more information on surface and line plots, see "2-D and 3-D Plots" (MATLAB).

Note This option creates a 2-D slice through n-D data.

- **Create table for 2-D data**: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the 2-D Lookup Table block.
- Create table for N-D data: Creates a table that contains numeric data values from the n-D Lookup Table block.

Print Options

- Image file format: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose automatically the format best suited for the output format that you chose in the Report component. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic SL Format (Uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)

- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
- Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Black and white PostScript
- Black and white PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript
- Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
- Color encapsulated PostScript2
- Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Color PostScript
- Color PostScript2
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile

Paper orientation:

- Landscape
- Portrait
- Rotated
- Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.

• Image size: Allows you to specify the image size in the report by selecting Use figure PaperPositionMode setting and setting the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure.

- Automatic (same size as on screen):
- Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Set the image size using the Size field and Units list.

For more information on paper position mode, see orient in the MATLAB documentation.

- **Size**: Allows you to enter the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh (width times height). This field is active only if you choose **Custom** in the **Image size** list box.
- **Units**: Allows you to enter for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is active only if you choose **Custom** in the **Image size** list box.
- Invert hardcopy: Causes the Handle Graphics InvertHardcopy property to invert
 colors for printing. In other words, this option changes dark colors to light colors and
 light colors to dark colors. To change colors in your image, choose one of the following
 options:
 - Automatic: Automatically changes a dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the
 axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
 - Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image that appears on the screen for printing.
 - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
 - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- **Size**: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form [width, height] format. This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the **Scaling** selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form [width, height]. This
 field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- **Units**: Allows you to enter units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose **Zoom** or **Fixed** size in the **Image size** list box.
- **Alignment**: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- **Title**: Enter text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Enter text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Figure and/or table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_lookup

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Machine Loop

Run child components for specified Stateflow machines

Description

This component runs its child components for selected Stateflow machines. The behavior of this component depends on its parent component. If it has no parent, the Machine Loop runs its child components for all machines. If it has the Model Loop is its parent, it runs its child components for all machines in the model.

Loop Options

Search Stateflow

If selected, searches states that you specify in the field that appears under the check box.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each machine in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select the Create section for each object in loop option.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_machine_loop

See Also

Model Loop

Missing Requirements Block Loop

Apply all child components to blocks that do not have requirements

Description

This component runs its child components for each block in the current system, model, or signal that do not have associated requirements.

For more information on working with looping components, see "Logical and Looping Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Report On

This pane describes the type of object on which this component operates.

- Automatic list from context: Report on all blocks in the current context that do not
 have associated requirements. The parent component of the Block Loop component
 determines its context. If this component does not have the Model Loop, System
 Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop as its parent, selecting this option causes this
 component to report on all blocks in all models that do not have associated
 requirements.
 - **Model Loop**: Reports on all blocks in the current model with no associated requirements.
 - **System Loop**: Reports on all blocks in the current system with no associated requirements.
 - **Signal Loop**: Reports on all blocks connected to the current signal with no associated requirements.
- **Custom use block list**: Enables you to specify a list of blocks on which to report. Enter the full path of each block.

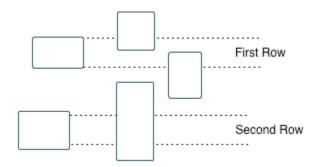
Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

Sort blocks:

Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by their names.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists the blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order. Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order. Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace.
 The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. The following example reports

on the theta dot integrator block and the theta integrator block in the model simppend, using the variable Z={ 'simppend/theta'}:

```
simppend/theta dot
%<Z>
```

The generated report includes information about the following blocks:

- simppend/theta dot
- simppend/theta

For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.

 Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports only on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that do not have associated requirements.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each missing requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class Name

RptgenRMI.NoRegBlockLoop

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

MATLAB Code Traceability Table

Insert a table that links MATLAB code to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links MATLAB code to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open .m file. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a .m file or determine the .m file that is open. To open a template report that shows an example of these Eval statements, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter:

```
setedit([matlabroot '/toolbox/slrequirements/+rmiml/rmiml.rpt'])
```

Find the Eval statements in the if condition at the beginning of the report setup.

Table Options

Specify information about the table.

- **Table title**: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the .m file in the title.
 - Custom Specify your own table title.

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations within document**, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Management Interface Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- Document name Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.
- **Locations within document** Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.MlReqTable

See Also

Data Dictionary Traceability Table, Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table, rmi

MATLAB Function

Insert information about MATLAB Function block contents

Description

This component displays tables with information about MATLAB code included in MATLAB Function blocks. You specify which of the following kinds of information to include in the report:

- Function properties Parameter settings for the MATLAB Function block
- Argument properties Properties of the function arguments (for example, complexity)
- The function script MATLAB code of the function
- Function symbol data Information about the user-defined and (optionally) built-in MATLAB variables and functions invoked by the MATLAB function that computes the block outputs.
- Supporting functions User-defined functions and, optionally, MATLAB functions that are included in the MATLAB Function block function.

For details about MATLAB Function blocks, see the MATLAB Function block reference page.

Use the MATLAB Function component within a section, paragraph, or table.

Note To view the contents of a MATLAB Function block in a Web viewer, use the Web view feature of the Simulink Report Generator. In the Web view, hover your cursor over the MATLAB Function block. For details, see "Model Web Views".

Function Properties Table

- Include function properties: Generates a table with function property information.
- **Table title**: Insert a title for the function properties table.

- Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
- Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- You can change the header text for property and value columns of the function properties table. In the **Header** column, double-click to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
- Grid lines: Show grid lines for the table.
- **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.

Argument Summary Table

- Include argument summary table: Generate a table with summary information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.
- **Table title**: Insert a title for the argument summary table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
- **Argument Summary Table Options**: Specify the property columns to include in the table.
 - To add a property column:
 - 1 In the table on the right, select a property near where you want to insert the new property column.
 - **2** From the list of properties to the left of the table, select a property that you want to add to the table.
 - **3** Click the left-arrow button.
 - **4** If necessary, use the up or down arrow button to position the new column.
 - To delete a property column, select the property in the table and click the rightarrow button
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the
 Header column, double-click to change the header text. The Width column
 indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you
 specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and

the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.

- **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.
- **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.
- **Column alignment**: Align the text in each column:
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - · Double justified

Detailed Argument Report

- **Include detailed argument report**: Generate a table with detailed information about the MATLAB Function block function arguments.
- **Argument Property Table Format Options**: Specify the argument property columns to include in the table.
 - **Table title**: Insert a title for the argument properties table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - Custom: Use the title that you specify for the table.
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the Header column, double-click to change the header text.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.
 - **Spans page width**: Make the variable table as wide as the page on which the table appears.
- Include function script: Include the script for the function.
- Include function symbol data: Generate a table that includes information about the user-defined and (optionally) built-in MATLAB variables and functions invoked by the MATLAB function that computes the block outputs.
- **Highlight script syntax**: Use colors to highlight syntax keywords.
- Include supporting functions: Include a list of functions invoked directly or indirectly by the function script. If you specify to include supporting functions in the

report, also specify whether to include both MATLAB and user-defined functions or just user-defined functions.

- Supporting Function Table Format Options:
 - **Table title**: Insert a title for the supporting functions table.
 - Automatic: Use the default title for the table.
 - **Custom**: Use the title that you specify for the table.
 - You can change the header text for property and value columns of the table. In the **Header** column, double-click to change the header text. The **Width** column indicates the relative width, in relative terms, based on the smallest width you specify. For example, for a three-column table, if the first column width is 1, and the column width of the other two columns is 3, then the second and third columns is three times wider than the first column.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.
 - **Spans page width**: Make the table as wide as the page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tables and, optionally, code.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_emlfcn

See Also

Stateflow Property

Missing Requirements System Loop

Loop only on systems and subsystems that do not have associated requirements

Description

This component runs its child components for each system or subsystem defined by the parent component that does not have associated requirements. Insert this component as the child of a **Model Loop** component to include systems and subsystems that do not have any associated requirements in the report.

Report On

- Loop on Systems:
 - **Select systems automatically**: Reports on all systems in the current context that do not have associated requirements.
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - **Block Loop**: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models that do not have associated requirements.

- **Custom use system list**: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The
 %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see
 %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.

Loop Options

- **Sort Systems**: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks. In other words, it shows the system with the largest number of blocks that do not have requirements appears first in the list.
 - **By system depth**: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
 - **By traversal order**: Sorts systems in the traversal order.
- **Search for**: Reports only on blocks with the specified property name/property value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value. To add a row, use the **Add row** button.

For information about subsystem property names and values, in "Block-Specific Parameters" (Simulink), see the "Ports & Subsystems Library Block Parameters" section.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each missing requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.NoReqSystemLoop

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table, System Loop

Model Advisor Report

Insert Model Advisor report or link to Model Advisor report for current model

Description

This component inserts a Model Advisor report for the current model into the report if the report is in HTML format. For other report formats, it inserts a link to a Model Advisor report for the current model. For more information about Model Advisor reports, see "Save and View Model Advisor Reports" (Simulink).

Properties

Use existing report: Includes an existing Model Advisor report in the report. This check box is selected by default. Clearing this option generates a new Model Advisor report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, a Model Advisor report.

Class

rptgen_sl.CModelAdvisor

See Also

Model Change Log

Model Change Log

Construct model history table that displays model revision information

Description

Run this component before you run the **Model Simulation** component. It uses a reported model's **ModifiedHistory** parameter to construct a model history table that displays information about each logged revision to the model. This model history table includes:

- The author of each change
- The model version of the change
- The time and date of the change
- A description of the change

For more information on model history, see "Log Comments History" (Simulink).

Tip If your model has a long revision history, consider limiting the number of revisions reported.

Table Columns

Choose the information displayed in the model revision table in this section:

- **Author name**: Includes the name of the person who last revised the model.
- Version: Includes the version number of the model.
- **Date changed**: Includes the revision date of the model.
- **Description of change**: Includes a description of the revision to the model.

Table Rows

• **Limit displayed revisions to**: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report.

Show revisions since date: Limits the number of revisions that appears in the report
by date. Enter the date in the corresponding text field. This field supports
%<varname> notation. For example, the default value, %<datestr(now-14)>,
returns revision history for the last two weeks.

Table Display

Choose how the model revision history table appears in this section.

- **Table title**: Specifies the title of the table.
- **Sort order**: Sorts the table entries from most recent to oldest, or from oldest to most recent.
- **Date format**: Specifies a preferred date format for the date/time stamps in the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen sl.csl mdl changelog

See Also

Model Advisor Report

Model Configuration Set

Insert active configuration set of a model into a report

Description

This component displays a table with the active configuration set for the model.

For information about configurations sets, see "Manage a Configuration Set" (Simulink).

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - **Custom**: Specifies a custom title.
 - **None**: Uses no title.
- Show configuration set table grids: Show grid lines for the table.
- Make configuration set tables page wide: Make the table as wide as the page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen sl.csl mdl cfgset

See Also

Model Loop, System Loop

Model Loop

Loop on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components

Description

This component loops on Simulink models and systems, as specified by child components. For example, you can use a **Model Loop** with a child **System Loop** to report on the subsystems of the specified system.

Consider making these components children of the **Model Loop** (although the **Model Loop** is not necessarily required to be the immediate parent of a given component).

For conditional processing based of blocks, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedBlock function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Models to Include

You can add a model to the list by clicking **Add New Model to List**. The following table shows the buttons you can use to move a model up or down in the list, or to add or delete a model.

Button	Action
•	Move a model up in the list.
	Move a model down in the list.
×	Remove a model from the list.
*	Add a new model to the list.

Model Options

• **Active**: Includes a given model in the loop. This option is selected by default. Clearing this option omits the model from the loop.

This option allows you to temporarily omit one or more models from a report.

- **Model name**: Specifies the model name.
 - Current block diagram
 - All open models
 - All open libraries
 - Block diagrams in current directory
 - Custom block diagram: Selecting this option automatically sets the Starting system(s) field \$top to start in the model root system.
 - %<VariableName>: For more information, see %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page in the MATLAB Report Generator documentation.
- **Traverse model**: Specifies the systems to traverse.
 - All systems in model
 - Selected system(s) only
 - Selected system(s) and ancestors
 - Selected system(s) and children
- Look under masks: Specifies how to handle masks.
 - Functional masks only
 - No masks
 - All masks
 - Graphical masks only

For more information, see "Create Block Masks" (Simulink).

- Follow library links: Specifies library links to include.
 - Do not follow library links: Library links are treated as blocks.
 - Include library links: Library links are treated as subsystems.

• Include unique library links: With multiple copies of the same library link in a system, one is treated as a subsystem and the others as blocks.

For more information, see "Linked Blocks" (Simulink).

- **Model reference**: Specifies whether to report on models referenced by a Model block. If you want to report on referenced models, then you can control the depth of the model referencing hierarchy and whether to report on model reference variants.
 - Do not follow model reference blocks: Do not report on blocks contained in referenced models.
 - Follow all model reference blocks: Report on blocks contained in all models that any part of the model hierarchy references.
 - Follow model reference blocks defined in current model: Report on blocks in models that the currently selected model references.
 - <Custom model reference depth>: Report on blocks in models that your specified level in the model reference hierarchy references.
- **Include all variants**: Report on all model reference variants. To enable this option, set the **Model reference** option to report on blocks in referenced models.
- Starting system(s): Specifies the system in which to start the loop. Available options depend on the value that you select in the **Traverse model** option. Selecting any option other than All systems in model for **Traverse model** activates the **Starting system(s)** option.

If you do not enter a model name in the **Model name** option, then select either Root model or Current to specify where to start the loop.

If you specify a model name in the **Model name** option, then the **Starting system(s)** option provides an edit box in which you can enter:

- The full path of a subsystem or subsystems
- \$top to start the loop in the model root system
- \$current to start the loop in the currently selected system

Section Options

 Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.

- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each model in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Examples

Example 6.1. Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems

This example shows how to loop over a specified system and its subsystems in the sample model sldemo_auto_climate_elec, which the Simulink software includes.

1 (Optional) To open the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, at the MATLAB command prompt, enter the following command:

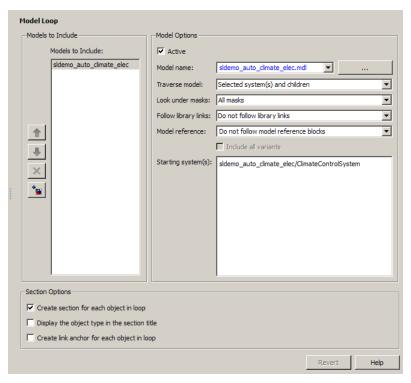
```
sldemo auto climate elec
```

Explore the model to familiarize yourself with its subsystems.

- 2 Open the Report Explorer.
- 3 Create a report setup file by clicking **File > New**.
- 4 Save the report setup file by clicking **File > Save As**. Give it the name sldemo auto report.
- 5 Add a Chapter/Subsection component to the report setup file to include information about model subsystems:
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **Chapter/Subsection** to add it to the report setup file.
 - For Title, choose Custom. In the title field, enter Description of subsystems.
 - Add a Model Loop as a child of the Chapter/Subsection component. This loops over the ClimateControlSystem system and its subsystems in the sldemo auto climate elec model:
 - In the Library pane in the middle, double-click Model Loop to add it to the report setup file. By default, the Report Explorer adds that component as a child of the Chapter/Subsection component.
 - ii In the Model Loop properties pane, from the Model name selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.

- iii In the Model name field, delete the text <Custom block diagram>, and then enter sldemo_auto_climate_elec.slx. Click any component in the report setup file to add this model to the Models to include list.
- iv In the Traverse model selection list, select Selected system(s) and children.
- v In the **Look under masks** selection list, select All masks.
- vi In the Model reference selection list, select Do not follow model reference blocks.
- vii In the Starting system(s) field, enter sldemo_auto_climate_elec/ ClimateControlSystem. Because you selected Selected system(s) and children for Traverse model, the Model Loop loops over sldemo_auto_climate_elec/ClimateControlSystem and its subsystems.
- viii Under Section Options, select the Create section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates separate sections in the generated report for each model over which the component loops.

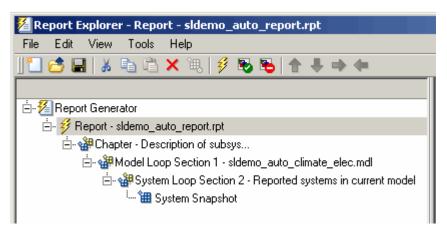
The **Model Loop** properties pane looks as follows.



- **6** Save the report by clicking **File > Save**.
- 7 Add a System Loop as a child of the Model Loop component.
 - a In the Library pane in the middle, double-click **System Loop** to add it to the report setup file. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the Model Loop component.
 - b In the **System Loop** properties pane, under **Loop Options**, select the **Create** section for each object in loop check box. Selecting this option creates a section in the generated report for each subsystem on which the component loops. Accept the default values for all other fields.
- Add a System Snapshot component as a child of the System Loop component. This step creates snapshots of all the subsystems of ClimateControlSystem in the generated report. In the Library pane in the middle, double-click System Snapshot. By default, Model Explorer adds this component as a child of the System Loop component.

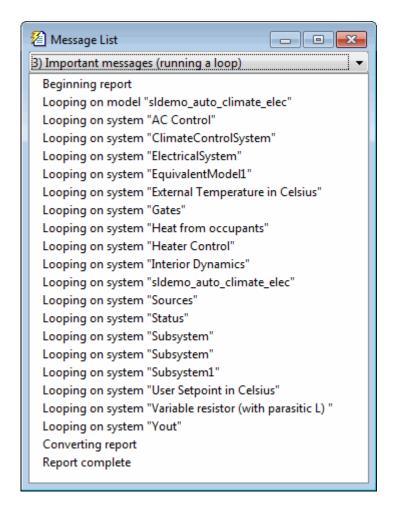
9 Save the report.

The report setup file hierarchy now looks as follows.



10 Run the report by clicking **File > Report**.

The report loops on the system ClimateControlSystem of the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model and all of its subsystems, as shown in the following Message List.



Below is an excerpt from the generated report.

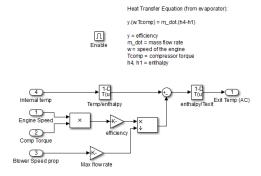
Chapter 1. Description of subsystems

Table of Contents

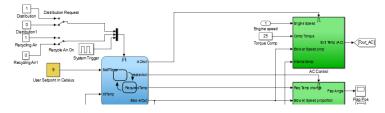
```
sldemo auto climate elec
AC Control
ClimateControlSystem
External Temperature in Celsius
Heat from occupants
Heater Control
Interior Dynamics
Subsystem
Subsystem
User Setpoint in Celsius
```

sldemo_auto_climate_elec

AC Control



ClimateControlSystem



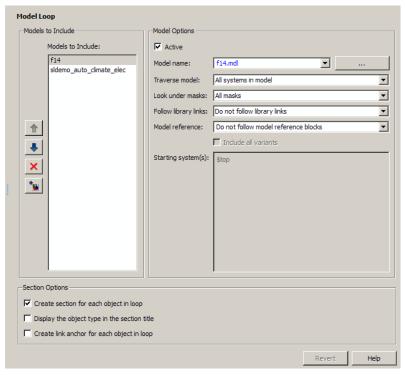
Example 6.2. Temporarily Omitting a Model from a Loop

This example shows how to use the Model Loop Active check box to temporarily omit a model from the loop. This example uses the report setup file that you created in the Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems example above, sldemo_auto_report.rpt, and the f14 model, which is included with Simulink

In the Report Explorer, click File > Open, and then open sldemo_auto_report.rpt by double-clicking it.

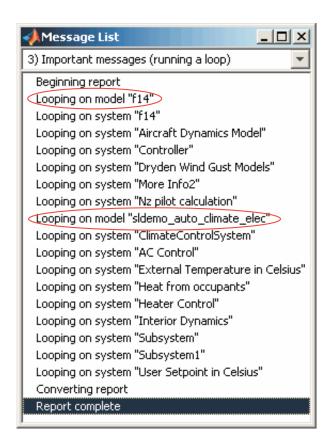
- 2 In the Outline pane on the left, click Model Loop Section 1 sldemo auto climate elec.
- In the **Model Loop** properties pane, click the button to add a model to the **Models to include** list.
- 4 In the **Model Loop** properties pane, from the **Model name** selection list, select <Custom block diagram>.
- 5 In the Model name field, delete the text <Custom block diagram> and enter f14.mdl.

The **Model Loop** properties pane now looks as follows.



- **6** Save the report setup file.
- **7** Generate the report.

The report generation process loops over the specified systems in the f14 and sldemo_auto_climate_elec models, as shown in the following message box.



Below is an excerpt from the generated report.

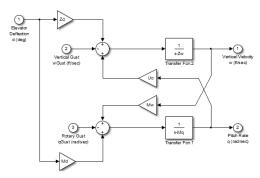
Chapter 1. Description of subsystems

Table of Contents

f14 Aircraft Dynamics Model Controller Dryden Wind Gust Models Nz pilot calculation sldemo auto climate elec AC Control ClimateControlSystem ElectricalSystem Heater Control Interior Dynamics sldemo auto climate elec Subsystem Subsystem Subsystem1 Variable resistor (with parasitic L)

f14

Aircraft Dynamics Model



Controller



- 8 In the **Models to include** list, click f14 to select it.
- $\textbf{9} \quad \text{Clear the } \textbf{Active} \text{ check box to omit } \textbf{f14} \text{ model information from the generated report.}$
- **10** Rerun the report.

The report now includes information only on the sldemo_auto_climate_elec model, as shown at the end of the previous example, Generating Reports on Specified Systems and their Subsystems.

11 To reactivate the f14 model, in the Model Loop **Models to include** list, select the f14 model and then select the **Active** check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_loop

See Also

Block Loop, System Loop

Model Simulation

Run current model with specified simulation parameters

Description

This component runs the current model using specified simulation parameters. Ensure that this component has the Model Loop component as its parent.

For more information on simulation parameters, see "Configure Simulation Conditions" (Simulink).

I/O Parameters

Use model's workspace I/O variable names

Use the names of the parameters specified in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.

The following options are available if you do not select the **Use model's workspace I/O variable names** option:

- **Time** : Specifies a new variable name for the **Time** parameter.
- States: Specifies a new variable name for the States parameter.
- Output: Specifies a new variable name for the Output parameter.

Timespan

Use model's timespan values: Use the model's Start time and Stop time values, as specified in the **Solver** tab in the Simulation Parameters dialog box.

The following options are available if you do not select the **Use model's timespan values** option:

• Start: Specifies a simulation starting time.

Stop: Specifies a simulation ending time.

Note If you set the stop time of your model to inf (infinity) in Simulink or on this component attribute page, Simulink Report Generator terminates the model simulation after 60 seconds. Terminating the report prevents the report generation process from entering an infinite loop.

Simulation Options

- Compile model before simulation: Compiles the model before simulating, preserving scope content. Select this option if:
 - You use Simulink Coder Summary properties.
 - You sort systems or blocks by simulation order.
 - You use scope snapshots.
- **Simulation status messages**: Displays simulation status messages, or inserts them into the report.
 - Display to command line: Sends messages to a command-line window.
 - Display to Report Generator Message List: Sends messages to the Simulink Report Generator message window.
 - Insert into report: Includes messages in the report.
- Simulation parameters: Specifies simulation parameters.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_mdl_sim

See Also

Model Loop

Object Loop

Run child components for Stateflow objects, and then insert table into report

Description

This component runs its child components for each Stateflow object and inserts a table into the generated report.

For conditional processing of Stateflow objects, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedObject function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Object Types

- Report on "Data" objects: Includes Stateflow data objects in the loop.
- Report on "Event" objects: Includes Stateflow event objects in the loop.
- Report on "Transition" objects: Includes Stateflow transition objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Junction" objects**: Includes Stateflow junction objects in the loop.
- Report on "Target" objects: Includes Stateflow target objects in the loop.
- **Report on "Annotation" objects**: Includes Stateflow note objects in the loop.

Loop Options

- **Report depth**: Specifies the level at which to loop:
 - Local children only (Default). Reports only on children one level down.
 - All objects. Reports on all Stateflow objects.
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables**: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables from the report.
- Remove objects which do not contain more information than a snapshot: Excludes objects that contain only a snapshot.

• **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each Stateflow object in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen sf.csf obj loop

See Also

Stateflow Filter, Stateflow Hierarchy, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

Requirements Block Loop

Apply child components to blocks with requirements

Description

This component applies its child components to blocks with associated requirements.

Report On

- Automatic list from context: If selected, this option reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of the Requirements Block Loop component determines its context.
 - Model Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements in the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on all blocks with requirements connected to the current signal.

If the Requirements Block Loop does not have the Model Loop, System Loop, Signal Loop, or Block Loop component as its parent, it reports on all blocks in all models.

• **Custom - use block list**: Reports on a list of blocks with specified requirements. Enter the full paths of each block into this field.

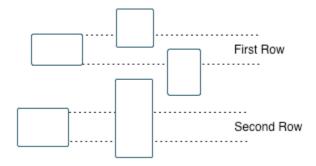
Loop Options

Sort blocks

Specify how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems and subsystems alphabetically by name. (Blocks in each system do not appear in alphabetical order).

- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs that have associated requirements.

Section Options

 Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each block found in the loop that has associated requirements.

- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CBlockLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Model Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

Requirements Documents Table

Insert table of linked requirements documents

Description

This component creates a table that lists all requirements documents linked to model objects.

Table Options

- Show documents linked to
 - Simulink and Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked to both Simulink and Stateflow objects in the model.
 - Simulink objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Simulink objects in the model.
 - Stateflow objects: Inserts requirements documents linked only to Stateflow objects in the model.
- **Table title**: Specifies a title for the table.
 - No title
 - Model name (Default)
 - Custom

Table Columns

- Replace document paths with links: Inserts links to requirements documents when
 possible.
- When replacing with links, note absolute vs. relative file path: Indicates absolute or relative file paths when including links to requirements documents.
- Include document modification time: Includes the document modification information.

• **Count # references to each document**: Includes a count of the number of references to the requirements document in the model.

Document References

- Replace file names with document IDs in the main body of the report: Includes shortened IDs to identify requirements documents to simplify the requirements documents table.
- Retrieve full module path for DOORS links (requires login): This option applies only to DOORS® requirements. Append the DOORS module ID to the module path in the DOORS database if the module information is not stored with the model.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.ReqDocTable

See Also

, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements Table

Requirements Signal Loop

Apply all child components to signal groups with requirements

Description

The Requirements Signal Loop component applies all child components to signal groups that have requirements in Signal Builder blocks.

Properties

- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object name with requirements into the section title.
- **Create section for each object in loop**: Creates a hyperlink to each object with requirements in the loop.
- **Section Type**: Specifies the section type to insert. If you choose Automatic, the Simulink Report Generator software determines the appropriate section type:
 - Book
 - Chapter
 - Section 1
 - Section 2
 - Section 3
 - Section 4
 - Section 5
 - Simple Section
 - Automatic

Report On

Loops on signal groups in systems:

- Collect all Signal Builders: Processes all Signal Builder blocks, looking for signal groups with requirements.
- Custom use list: Processes all subsystems in the user-defined list. If a subsystem on the list does not have requirements, the Simulink Report Generator software does not include it in the report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table, Signal Loop

Requirements Summary Table

Properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements

Description

This component displays properties of blocks, systems, or Stateflow objects with associated requirements.

Object Type

Choose the object type to display in the generated report.

- Block (Default)
- System
- Stateflow

The selected object type affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.

Table Title

Specify a table title in the generated report.

- Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

- · Object properties to include in the Requirements Summary Table appear in a list.
 - To add a property:
 - **1** Select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.

- In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
- To delete a property, select the property name and click **Delete**.

%<SplitDialogParameters> is a unique property that you can specify for Requirements Summary Tables where the object type is Block. This property generates multiple summary tables, grouped by block type. Each Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Requirements Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

- Remove empty columns: Removes empty columns from the table.
- Transpose table: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

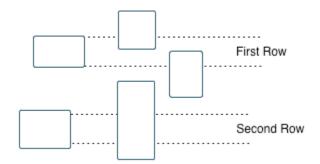
- **Insert anchor for each row**: Inserts an anchor for each row in the Requirements Summary Table.
- · Report On
 - Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context. The parent of this component determines its context.
 - Custom use block list: Reports on a list of blocks that you specify, and enters the block names in the corresponding field. Specify the full path of each block.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

Sort blocks: Use this option to select how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name. Sorts systems alphabetically. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSummaryTable

See Also

Block Loop, Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements System Loop, Requirements Table

Requirements System Loop

Apply child components to systems with requirements

Description

This component applies its child components to systems with associated requirements.

Report On

- Loop on systems
 - Select systems automatically: If selected, this option reports on all systems in the current context. The parent of the component determines the context of this setting:
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If the Requirement System Loop does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems with requirements in all models.

• Custom - use system list: Reports on a list of specified systems. Enter the full path of each system.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems:
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by the number of blocks in the system. The list displays systems by decreasing number of blocks; the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.

- By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts systems in the traversal order.
- Search for: Reports on Simulink blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Number sections by system hierarchy: Numbers sections in the generated report hierarchically. Requires that Sort Systems be set to By traversal order.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each requirement in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

RptgenRMI.CSystemLoop

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements Table, System Loop

Requirements Table

Requirements links for current context

Description

This component creates a table that contains information from the Simulink Requirements software. Objects can have multiple requirements. Each requirement is a row in the table.

Table Options

- **Show requirements for current**: Specifies the object type to display.
 - Simulink object
 - Stateflow object
- Table title: Specifies a title for the table.
 - No title
 - Object name (Default)
 - Custom

Table Columns

- **Description**: Includes the object description in the table.
- **Document name**: Includes the report name in the table.
- **Locations within document**: Includes the locations of the object within the document in the table.
- Requirement keyword: Includes the requirement keyword for the object in the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.CReqTable

See Also

Missing Requirements Block Loop, Missing Requirements System Loop, Requirements Block Loop, Requirements Documents Table, Requirements Signal Loop, Requirements Summary Table, Requirements System Loop, Stateflow Automatic Table, Stateflow Name

Scope Snapshot

Insert images of scopes and XY graphs

Description

This component inserts images of scopes and XY graphs. Examples of blocks for which this component inserts snapshots include:

- Scope (and Floating Scope) blocks and the XY Graph block (Simulink)
- Spectrum Analyzer and Time Scope blocks (DSP System Toolbox[™])
- Video Viewer (Computer Vision System Toolbox[™])
- Blocks in the Simulink Control Design[™] Linear Analysis Plots library (for example, the Bode Plot block)

If the model has not been simulated, scopes are empty. For more information, see the Model Simulation component reference page.

The parent component of the Scope Snapshot determines its behavior.

- Model Loop or no Simulink looping component: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current model.
- System Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes in the current system.
- Block Loop: Includes the current block when it is an XY graph or scope.
- Signal Loop: Includes all XY graphs and scopes connected to the current signal.

If the Scope Snapshot does not have any of the Simulink looping components as its parent, it includes all XY graphs and scopes in all open models.

Scope Options

- **Report on closed scopes**: Takes a snapshot of all scopes in context. This option forces closed scopes to open when the report is generating.
- Autoscale time axis: Scales the Simulink scope time axis to include the entire log.

Print Options

- Image file format: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG, TIFF, etc.). Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic HG Format (uses the Simulink file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Black and white PostScript
 - Black and white PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript
 - Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Color PostScript
 - Color PostScript2
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG medium quality image
 - JPEG low quality image
 - PNG 24-bit image
 - TIFF compressed
 - TIFF uncompressed
 - Windows metafile

Paper orientation:

Landscape

- Portrait
- Rotated
- Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient reference page in the MATLAB documentation.

- **Image size**: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the form [w h] (width, height). In the units text box, select one of the following options:
 - Inches
 - Centimeters
 - Points
 - Normalized
- **Invert hardcopy**: Inverts colors for printing; changes dark colors to light colors and light colors to dark colors.
 - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the axes color is a light color, this option does not invert the color.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
 - Don't invert: Does not change the colors in the image on the screen for printing.
 - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
 - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of

the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is
 active only if you choose Fixed size from the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- **Alignment**: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- **Title**: Specifies a title for the snapshot figure.
 - Block name: Uses the block name as the title.
 - Full Simulink path name: Uses the Simulink path as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Caption**: Select or enter a short text description for the snapshot figure.
 - No caption
 - Automatic (use block description). Uses the Simulink block description as the caption.
 - Custom. Specifies a short text description for the snapshot figure.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_scope

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Signal Loop

Run child components for each signal contained in current system, model, or block

Description

The Signal Loop component runs its child components for each signal contained in the current system, model, or block. The parent component determines the behavior of this component.

- Model Loop: Loops on all signals in the current model.
- System Loop: Loops on all signals in the current system. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the Section options area:
 - System input signals
 - System output signals
 - System internal signals
- Signal Loop: Loops on the current signal.
- Block Loop: Loops on all signals connected to the current block. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing the corresponding option in the Section options area:
 - Block input signals
 - Block output signals
- If the Signal Loop does not have a looping component as its parent, it loops on all
 signals in all models. Choose not to report on the following types of signals by clearing
 the corresponding option in the **Section options** area:
 - Block input signals
 - Block output signals
 - System input signals
 - System output signals
 - System internal signals

For conditional processing of signals, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedSignal function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Select Signals

- **Include block input signals**: Loops on signals that feed into blocks. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a **Block Loop**.
- **Include block output signals**: Loops on signals that leave the block. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a Block Loop.
- **Include system input signals**: Loops on signals coming from inports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.
- **Include system internal signals**: Loops on system internal signals. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.
- **Include system output signals**: Loops on signals going to outports. This option is valid only when the parent component of this component is a System Loop.
- Sort signals: Specifies how to sort signals:
 - Alphabetically by signal name: Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by signal name (exclude empty): Sorts signals alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts alphabetically by parent system names. Lists signals in each system, but in no particular order.
 - By signal depth: Sorts signals by their depth in the model.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Automatically inserts the object type into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each signal in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sig_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Automatic Table

Insert two-column table with information on selected model, system, signal, or block

Description

This component inserts a two-column table that contains details for the selected model, system, signal, or block into a generated report.

Options

- **Show current**: Modeling object to specify properties for.
 - Automatic: Uses the context of the parent loop.
 - Model
 - System
 - Block
 - Annotation
- **Properties list**: Specifies whether to have Report Explorer select properties automatically or to list the properties to report on.
 - Determine properties automatically: Let the Report Explorer automatically select the properties to report.

Modeling Component Selected in the Show current Field	Listed Properties
Model	Description
System	Description
Block	Block parameter dialog box prompt properties
Annotation	Text
Signal	Description

Show properties: Specify a list of properties to report. Enter the names of object
properties that you want the report to include for the modeling object you specified
in the **Show current** field. Use this option to display properties that the Report
Explorer does not include automatically.

Property names often differ from the Simulink dialog box prompts. Refer to the Simulink documentation to determine property names for blocks, signals, and other modeling objects. You can also use the MATLAB get command to determine the property names of an object. For example, to determine the property names of the block currently selected in a model, enter the following at the MATLAB command line:

```
get(get_param(gcb, 'Handle'))
```

- Show full path name: Displays the full path of the selected Simulink model.
- Display property names as prompts: Displays property names as prompts in the generated report. The report includes the dialog box string instead of the underlying code property.

Display Options

- **Table title**: Displays a table title in the generated report.
 - Name: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - No title: Does not include a title.
- **Header row**: Select a header row for the table in the generated report.
 - No header: Includes no header row.
 - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type.
 - Custom: Includes a custom header.
- **Don't display empty values**: Excludes empty parameters in the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_auto_table

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Data Dictionary

Report Simulink data dictionary information

Description

This component reports on the data dictionary currently active in the data dictionary loop specified by the Data Dictionary Loop component. Include this component as a child of a Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component.

Presentation Format

The report for a data dictionary includes a table that summarizes the properties of each variable in the dictionary. The report also includes a dictionary details section that fully reports the properties and value of each variable in the dictionary. If you use a conversion template to generate the report, you can specify template-defined styles for the summary table title and the summary table.

To use a conversion template, in the Report Options dialog box, set **File format** to one of the from template options, for example, Direct PDF (from template).

- Table title style name: Specifies the style to use for the data dictionary table title. To specify the default style name rgTableTitle, which the default conversion template defines, use Auto. To specify a custom style defined in a custom template that you use with this report, select Specify.
- Table style name: Specifies the style to use for the data dictionary table. To specify
 the default table style name rgUnruledTable, which is the default conversion
 template defines, use Auto. To specify a custom style defined in a custom template
 that you use with this report, select Specify.

Options

You can specify whether to include dictionaries referenced by a dictionary and how to present the referenced information.

- Include referenced data dictionaries: Includes information from the data
 dictionaries that the dictionary currently active in the data dictionary loop specified by
 the Data Dictionary Loop component references. The referenced information displays
 at the end of the table for the referencing data dictionary, unless you select Make
 separate table for each referenced dictionary.
- Make separate table for each referenced dictionary: If you select Include referenced data dictionaries, display a table for each referenced data dictionary.
- Include referenced dictionaries list: If you select Include referenced data dictionaries, following the referencing data dictionary summary table, include a list of the referenced data dictionaries.

Sections to Report

You can specify the data dictionary sections to include data for.

- **Design Data** (default): Include information from the Design Data section of the current data dictionary.
- **Configuration**: Include information from the Configuration section of the current data dictionary.
- Other Data: Include information from the Other Data section of the current data dictionary.

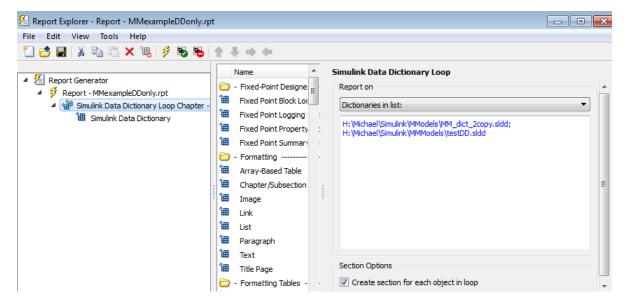
Fields to Report

The current dictionary summary table lists properties of the variables that it contains. The table always includes the variable name and value. In addition, it optionally includes these properties:

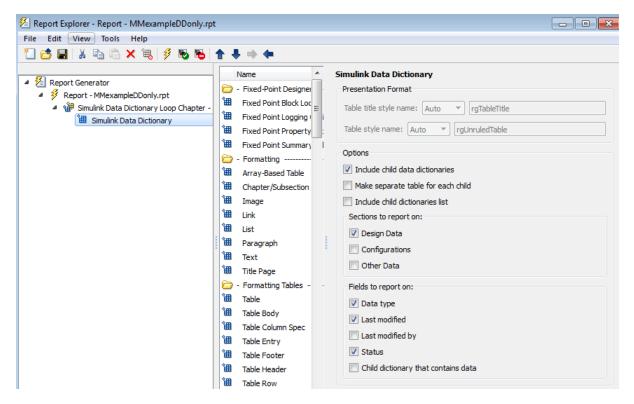
- Data type
- Last modified
- · Last modified by
- Status
- · Referenced dictionary that contains data

Example

Suppose that you configure an HTML report with the Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component.



Then you configure the Simulink Data Dictionary component.



Here is the resulting report.

Table of Contents

- 1. H: Michael Simulink MMmodels MM dict 2copy sldd
- 2. H: Michael Simulink MMmodels testDD sldd

Chapter 1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM dict 2copy.sldd

MM_Entryl

- Name: MM_Entry1
- Value: 27
- class; double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.619512
- · Status: Unchanged

MM_d2_Entryl

- Name: MM_d2_Entry1
- Value: 27
 class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:23.182407
- · Status: Modified

MM d2 phone number

- Name: MM_d2_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:05.414130
- · Status: Modified

MM_phone_number

- Name: MM_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.782512
- · Status: Unchanged

Chapter 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

testVar

- · Name: testVar
- · Value: testVarVal
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:37:08.139822
- · Status: New

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_data_dictionary

See Also

Simulink Data Dictionary Loop

Simulink Data Dictionary Loop

Run Simulink Data Dictionary child component for each Simulink data dictionary in specified context

Description

This component runs the Simulink Data Dictionary child component for each Simulink data dictionary in the specified context. You can specify whether to have each data dictionary in the loop.

Report on

Specify the data dictionaries to report on.

- Dictionaries in MATLAB path: Report on all data dictionaries on the MATLAB path. If you select **Include child data dictionaries**, then also reports on child data dictionaries whose parent is on the MATLAB path.
- Dictionaries in list: Report on all data dictionaries that you specify in the text box. Enter data dictionary names, separated by either a comma or semicolon. You can use multiple lines. If you do not specify the full path to a data dictionary, the loop includes that data dictionary only if the dictionary is on the MATLAB path.

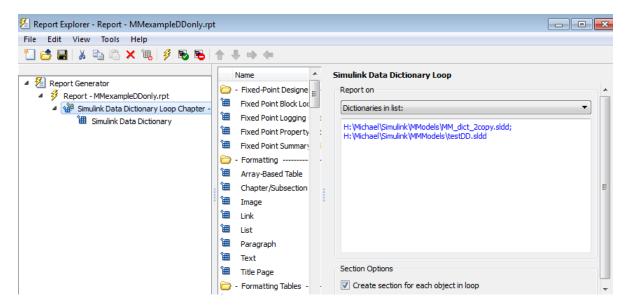
Use a Summary Table component to show annotation objects in reports. Each Summary Table component creates a single table with each reported annotation on a single row of the table.

Section Options

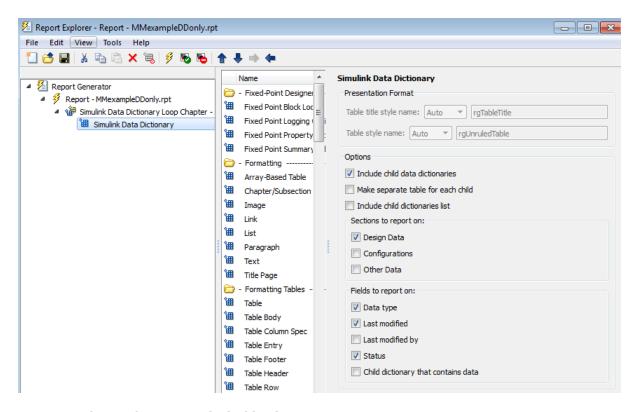
Create section for each object in loop: Create a separate chapter for each data dictionary.

Example

Suppose you have an HTML report with the Simulink Data Dictionary Loop component configured like this:



Then you configure the Simulink Data Dictionary component like this:



The resulting report looks like this:

Table of Contents

- 1. H: Michael Simulink MMmodels MM dict 2copy sldd
- 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

Chapter 1. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\MM_dict_2copy.sldd

MM_Entryl

- · Name: MM_Entry1
- Value: 27
 class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.619512
- · Status: Unchanged

MM d2 Entryl

- Name: MM_d2_Entry1
- Value: 27
 class: double
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:23.182407
- Status: Modified

MM d2 phone number

- Name: MM_d2_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:30:05.414130
- · Status: Modified

MM_phone_number

- Name: MM_phone_number
- Value: 508-647-8103
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-20 01:15:09.782512
- · Status: Unchanged

Chapter 2. H:\Michael\Simulink\MMmodels\testDD.sldd

testVar

- Name: testVar
 Value: testVarVal
- · class: char
- LastModified: 2015-Jan-30 23:37:08.139822
- · Status: New

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_data_dict_loop

See Also

Simulink Data Dictionary

Simulink Dialog Snapshot

Insert snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes

Description

This component takes snapshots of Simulink editor dialog boxes. You use it to display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.

The parent component of this component determines the behavior of this component.

- Block Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported block.
- System Loop: Documents the dialog box of the current reported system.

Format

- **Image file format**: Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The **automatic** format chooses BMP format for PDF files, and PNG for other formats.
- **Show all tabs**: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, Simulink Report Generator creates an image of only the first tab.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

• Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).

- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- **Size**: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size from the **Scaling** selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- **Alignment**: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- **Title**: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- **Caption**: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Snapshot.

Class

rptgen_sl.CDialogSnapshot

See Also

Block Loop, System Loop

Simulink Function System Loop

Report on Simulink functions specified in a Stateflow loop

Description

This component loops over the Simulink systems that implement a Stateflow Simulink Function object, including the function's parent system, subsystems, and optionally the systems that implement Simulink Functions nested in this function. This component must be a descendant of a State Loop component that is descendent of a Chart Loop component. This component executes when the current object in the state loop is a Simulink Function. For example, this structure creates a snapshot of each Simulink Function in a chart followed by snapshots of the systems that implement the function:

```
    ⚠ Chart Loop - All chart blocks in all models
    ⚠ State Loop - All objects
    ☒ Stateflow Snapshot
    ☒ Simulink Function System Loop - All systems in all models
    ☒ System Snapshot
```

Report On

Include subsystems in nested Simulink functions: Specifies whether to include subsystems in nested Simulink functions. By default, this option is enabled.

Loop Options

- **Sort Systems**: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks; that is, the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.

- By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts systems in traversal order.
- Search for: Reports only on Subsystem blocks with the specified property name/ property value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value.

For information about subsystem property names and values, in "Block-Specific Parameters" (Simulink), see the "Ports & Subsystems Library Block Parameters" section.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Number sections by system hierarchy**: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that **Sort Systems** be set to By traversal order.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each Simulink Function system in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_loop

See Also

Object Loop, State Loop, Chart Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop

Simulink Functions and Variables

Create table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by reported blocks in Simulink models

Description

This component creates a table that displays workspace variables and MATLAB functions used by blocks in a Simulink model. The Model Loop component specifies the current model and systems in which the blocks appear. For example, suppose a Simulink Gain block has a string cos(x) instead of a number. The Simulink software looks for a variable x in the workspace and uses the cos function.

Functions

- **Include table of functions**: Includes a table of Simulink functions in the generated report.
- **Table Title**: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report:
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- **Parent block**: Includes a column in the table that includes the name of the block, which contains the reported variable.
- Calling string: Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.
- Include fixed-point functions (sfix, ufix, ...): Includes Fixed-Point Designer functions in the report.

Variables

- Include table of variables: Includes a table of Simulink variables in the generated report.
- **Table title**: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.

- Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- Include Workspace I/O parameters: Reports on variables that contain parameters with time vectors and state matrices. Set these parameters in the Workspace I/O pane in the Simulation Parameters dialog box in a Simulink model.

In the following table, if any of the entries in the first column are on, the component looks for the variable listed in the second column. If the component finds the variable in the workspace, it includes it in the report.

Parameter name	Variable name
LoadExternalInput	ExternalInput
SaveTime	TimeSaveName
SaveState	StateSaveName
SaveOutput	OutputSaveName
LoadInitialState	InitialState
SaveFinalState	FinalStateName

- Parent block: Includes the name of the block that contains the reported variable.
- Calling string: Includes the MATLAB code that calls the reported variable.
- **Size of variable**: Includes the size of the reported variable.
- **Class of variable**: Includes the variable class to which the reported variable belongs.
- Memory size: Includes the amount of memory in bytes that the reported variable needs.
- **Value in workspace**: Includes the value of the reported variable.

Large arrays may appear as [MxN CLASS]. For example, if you have a 300-by-200 double array, it appears in the report as [300x200 DOUBLE].

• Storage class: Include the storage class of the reported variable.

The title of this column is **Storage Class**. This option looks at the model's **TunableVars** property to see if any of the model variables specify their storage class. If you specify the storage class, **TunableVarsStorageClass** and **TunableVarsTypeQualifier** appear in a table column in the model variables table.

The column entries are TunableVarsStorageClass (TunableVarsTypeQualifier) when TunableVarsTypeQualifier is not empty.

If TunableVarsTypeQualifier is empty, the column entry is TunableVarsStorageClass.

Values for TunableVarsStorageClass include:

- Exported Global
- Auto
- ImportedExtern
- ImportedExtern Pointer
- **Data object properties**: For variables that are Simulink.Parameter data objects, includes the values of the object properties that you list in the edit box.

Example

This table is an example of a table created by the Model Variables component. This Property Table reports on the variables in the Controller in the F14 model.

Variable Name	Parent Blocks	Calling String	Value
Ka	f14/Controller/Gain3	Ka	0.677
Kf	f14/Controller/Gain	Kf	-1.746
Ki	f14/Controller/Proportional plus integral compensator	[Ki]	-3.864
Kq	f14/Controller/Gain2	Kq	0.8156

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen sl.csl obj fun var

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Library Information

Insert table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block

Description

This component inserts a table that lists library links in the current model, system, or block.

Table Columns

- **Block**: Includes the Simulink block name in the generated table.
- **Library**: Includes the Simulink library root name in the generated table.
- **Reference block**: Includes the Simulink reference block name in the generated table.
- Link status: Includes the link status in the generated table.

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title for the generated report.
- Sort table by:
 - Block: Sorts the table by block name.
 - Library: Sorts the table by library name.
 - Reference Block: Sorts the table by reference block name.
 - Link Status: Sorts the table by link status.
- **Merge repeated rows**: Merges sorted rows in the generated table.

Example

The following table sorts based on Reference Block column. The Report Explorer uses the aero_guidance model with Merge repeated rows deselected to generate the table.

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	Aerospace	Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	resolved
Incidence & Airspeed	Aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved
Fin Actuator	Aerospace	2nd Order Nonlinear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	Aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	Aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Cm	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Сх	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Cz	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Kg	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Ki	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D) using PreLookup	resolved
Alpha Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Mach Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved
Alpha Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index Search	resolved

When you select **Merge repeated rows**, the generated table collapses rows in the Block column. Each row in the Reference Block column is unique, as shown in the following table.

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	_	Equations of Motion (Body Axes)	resolved

Block	Library	Reference Block	Status
Incidence & Airspeed	Aerospace	Incidence & Airspeed	resolved
Fin Actuator	Aerospace	2nd Order Nonlinear Actuator	resolved
3DoF Animation	Aerospace	3DoF Animation	resolved
Atmosphere	Aerospace	Atmosphere model	resolved
Cm	Simulink	Interpolation (n-D)	resolved
Сх		using PreLookup	
Cz			
Kg			
Ki			
Alpha Index	Simulink	PreLookup Index	resolved
Mach Index		Search	
Mach Index			
Alpha Index			

Insert Anything Into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.CLibinfo

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Linking Anchor

Designate locations to which links point

Description

This component designates a location to which links point. Use the Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop component as the parent component for this component.

Properties

- **Insert text**: Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.
- Link from current: Sets the current model, system, block, or signal as the linking anchor.
 - Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal
 as a linking anchor. If the Model Loop component is the parent component, the
 linking anchor is set on the current model. Similarly, if the Block Loop or Signal
 Loop is the parent component, the linking anchor is inserted for the current
 system, block, or signal, respectively.
 - Model: Sets the linking anchor to the current model.
 - System: Sets the linking anchor to the current system.
 - Block: Sets the linking anchor to the current block.
 - Annotation: Sets the linking anchor to the current annotation.
 - Signal: Sets the linking anchor to the current signal.

Note Use only one anchor per report each object. For more information, see the Simulink Summary Table component reference page.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_obj_anchor

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Name

Insert name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into report

Description

This component inserts the name of a Simulink model, system, block, or signal into the report.

Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Simulink model, system block, or signal name to be the chapter or section title.

Properties

- Object type
 - Automatic: Automatically selects the appropriate model, system, block, or signal
 name as the Simulink object name to include in the report. If the Model Loop
 component is the parent component, the object name is the current model name. If
 the System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop is the parent component, then the
 object name is the name of the current system, block, or signal, respectively.
 - Model: Includes the current model name in the report.
 - System: Includes the current system name in the report.
 - Block: Includes the current block name in the report.
 - Signal: Includes the current signal name in the report. If the signal name is
 empty, the signal <handle>, which is a unique numerical identifier to that signal,
 appears in the report.
 - Annotation: Includes the current annotation name in the report.
- Display name as: Display the Simulink object name in the report.
 - Name: For example, f14
 - Type Name: For example, Model f14
 - Type Name: For example, Model f14

- Type: Name: For example, Model: f14
- **Show full path name**: Displays the full path of a system or block. Choosing this option for a block causes the Simulink block name to appear as <Model Name>/ <System Name>/<Block Name>.

Note This option is not available for models or signals.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_obj_name

See Also

Chapter/Subsection

Simulink Property

Insert property name/property value pair for current Simulink model, system, block, or signal

Description

This component inserts a single property name/property value pair for the current Simulink model, system, block, or signal.

Simulink Object and Parameter

- **Object type**: Specifies the Simulink object type to include in the report.
 - System
 - Model
 - Block
 - Signal
 - Annotation: Reports annotation content as plain text for web (HTML), Acrobat (PDF), and Word Document (rtf) output types or as formatted text for other output types.
- **System parameter name**: Specifies a Simulink parameter name to include in the generated report:
 - If you select Model for Object type, this option appears as Model parameter name.
 - If you select Block for Object type, this option appears as Block parameter name.
 - If you select Signal for Object type, this option appears as Signal parameter name.
 - If you select Annotation for Object type, the Signal parameter name field does not appear.

Display Options

These display options appear for every **Object type**, except Annotation.

- **Title**: Choose a title to display in the generated report:
 - Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - None: Uses no title.
- Array size limit: Limits the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is the hypotenuse of the table width and height [sqrt(w^2+h^2)]. The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the size limit, the variable appears in condensed form. Setting a size limit of 0 displays the variable in full, regardless of its size.
- **Object depth limit**: Specifies the maximum number of nesting levels to report on for a variable value
- **Object count limit**: Specifies the maximum number of nested objects to report on for a variable value
- **Display as**: Specifies a display style.
 - Table or paragraph depending on data type: Displays as a table or paragraph.
 - Table: Displays as a table.
 - Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.
 - Inline text: Displays inline with the surrounding text.
- **Show variable type in headings**: Show data type of this variable in the title of its report.
- **Show variable table grids**: Show grid lines for the table used to report the value of this variable.
- **Make variable table page wide**: Make the variable table as wide as the page on which the table appears.
- Omit if value is empty: Exclude empty parameters from the generated report.
- **Omit if property default value**: Exclude object property from the report if that property uses the default value.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_property

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, System Loop

Simulink Property Table

Insert table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs

Description

This component inserts a table that reports on model-level property name/property value pairs.

Properties

Select Object: Choose the object for the Property Table in the generated report.

- Model
- System
- Block
- Signal
- Annotation

For more information about selecting object types in Property Table components, see "Select Object Types" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

- **Preset table**: Specifies the type of the object property table.
 - Default
 - Simulation Parameters
 - Version Information
 - Simulink Coder Information

- Summary (req. Simulink Coder)
- Blank 4x4

To apply a preset table, select the table and click **Apply**.

• **Split property/value cells**: Split property name/property value pairs into separate cells. For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the **Split property/value cells** check box. In this case, the table is in split mode, so there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. All subsequent pairs are ignored.

For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. That setting specifies nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text per cell.

Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only one property name/property value pair per table cell. If there is more than one property name/property value pair or text per cell, only the first property name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs and text.

- Display outer border: Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- Table Cells: Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects
 available fields in the Cell Properties pane.

Cell Properties

The options in this pane depend on the object selected in the **Table Cells** pane. If you select %<Name> Information, only **Contents** and **Show** appear. If you select any other object in the **Table Cells** pane, **Lower border** and **Right border** display.

- Contents: Enables you to change the contents of the table cell selected in the Table Cells pane.
- Show as: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Property: Value

- PROPERTY: Value
- Property Value
- PROPERTY Value
- **Alignment**: Specifies the alignment of the contents of the selected table cell in the **Table Cells** pane.
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - · Double justified
- **Lower border**: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

To create a custom table, edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For more information on creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

If the Simulink Coder software is not installed, Summary (req Simulink Coder) does not appear in this list. If you are using a report setup file that contains a summary property, the property name appears in the report, but the property value does not.

Example

The following report displays information on the F14 model using the **Simulation Parameters** preset table.

Solver ode45	ZeroCross on	StartTime 0.0 StopTime 60
RelTol 1e-4	AbsTol 1e-6	Refine 1
InitialStep auto	FixedStep auto	MaxStep auto
LimitMaxRows off	MaxRows 1000	Decimation 1

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_prop_table

See Also

Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Simulink Sample Time

Insert title of Simulink sample time into report

Description

This component inserts a title for a Simulink sample time into the report.

Properties

- Table Options
 - Title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - **Grid lines**: Show grid lines for the table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.CSampleTime

See Also

Chapter/Subsection

Simulink Summary Table

Properties or parameters of specified Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in table

Description

This component displays properties or parameters of selected Simulink models, systems, blocks, or signals in a table.

Object type

Choose the object type to display in the generated report.

- Block (Default)
- Model
- System
- Signal
- Annotation

The selected object type affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.

Table title

Choose a title to appear in the generated report:

- Automatic: Automatically generates a title from the parameter.
- Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

This pane displays object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.

- To add a property:
 - select the appropriate property level in the text box on the left.
 - In the text box on the right, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
- To delete a property, select the property name and click **Delete**.

%<SplitDialogParameters> is a unique property for Simulink Summary Tables, where the object type is Block. This property generates multiple summary tables, organized by block type. Each Summary Table group contains the dialog box parameters for that block.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

You can create multiple values for a property in a Simulink Summary Table. For example, to report on blocks of type Inport, Outport and Constant:

- 1 Check the Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs box.
- 2 Make sure that you set **Property Name** to BlockType.
- **3** Type the following text into the **Property Value** field:

```
\<(Inport|Outport|Constant)\>
```

Remove empty columns: Removes empty columns from the table.

Transpose table: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

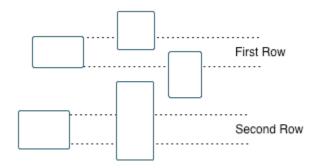
- Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.
- Report On:
 - Automatic list from context: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.

 Custom - use block list: Reports on a list of specified blocks. Specify the full path of each block.

Loop Options

Sort blocks

- Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
- Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
- Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
- By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.
- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by rows. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



• By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *columns*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.

- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace.
 The %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see
 %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.

Example

Specify the following options to generate a Summary Table in a report for on the model F14:

- · Sort on systems by system depth.
- Include the system parameters Name and Block in the table.

The following table appears in the report.

Name	Blocks
f14	u, Actuator Model, Aircraft Dynamics Model, Angle of Attack, Controller, Dryden Wind Gust Models, Gain, Gain1, Gain2, Gain5, More Info, More Info1, Nz pilot calculation, Pilot, Pilot G force Scope, Stick Input, Sum, Sum1, alpha (rad), Nz Pilot (g)
Aircraft Dynamics Model	Elevator Deflection d (deg), Vertical Gust wGust (ft/sec), Rotary Gust qGust (rad/sec), Gain3, Gain4, Gain5, Gain6, Sum1, Sum2, Transfer Fcn.1, Transfer Fcn.2, Vertical Velocity w (ft/s), Pitch Rate q (rad/s)
Controller	Stick Input (in), alpha (rad), q (rad/s), Alpha-sensor Low-pass Filter, Gain, Gain2, Gain3, Pitch Rate Lead Filter, Proportional plus integral compensator, Stick Prefilter, Sum, Sum1, Sum2, Elevator Command (deg)
Dryden Wind Gust Models	Band-Limited White Noise, Q-gust model, W-gust model, Wg, Qg
More Info	None
More Info1	None

Name	Blocks
-	w, q, Constant, Derivative, Derivative1, Gain1, Gain2, Product, Sum1, Pilot g force (g)

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_summ_table

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System LoopSimulink Function System Loop

Simulink Test Suite Traceability Table

Insert a table that links a Simulink test suite to requirements

Description

This component inserts a table into the report. The table links a Simulink test suite to corresponding requirements. This component reports on the currently open Simulink test suite. Place this component inside a section, paragraph, or table component.

To use this component, your report setup must include Eval statements that open a Simulink test suite or determine the test suite that is open.

Table Options

Specify information about the table this component inserts.

- Table title: Specify the table title.
 - No title Do not include a table title.
 - Object name Use the name of the Simulink test suite in the title.
 - $\bullet \quad {\tt Custom-Specify\ your\ own\ table\ title.}$

Table Columns

Specify the table columns that you want to include in the report. The **Document name**, **Locations within document**, and **Requirement keyword** check boxes correspond to properties on the Requirements Management Interface Link Editor dialog box.

- **Description** Include the description of the requirement. The description helps you to identify the requirement the table is linking to. Leave this box selected to improve the readability of your table.
- Document name Include the name of the document where the requirement is located.

- **Locations within document** Include the identifier of a location in the document.
- **Requirement keyword** Include the requirement keyword.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

RptgenRMI.TMReqTable

See Also

Data Dictionary Traceability Table, MATLAB Code Traceability Table, rmi

Simulink Workspace Variable

Report on workspace variables used in model, in loop generated by Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component

Description

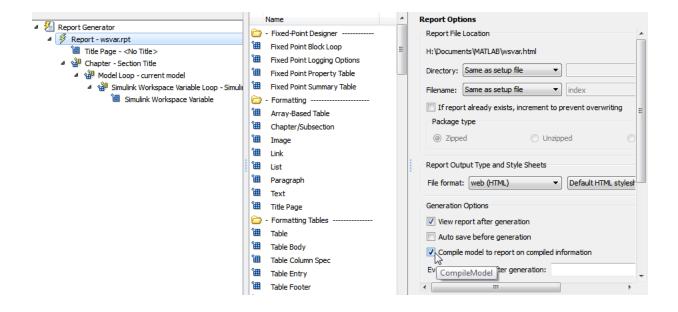
This component provides information about those workspace variables that the Simulink model uses, in a loop generated by a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component. Your report setup must include Simulink Workspace Variable component as a child of a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component.

The report includes the name and value each variable. Optionally, you can include the following information for each variable:

- Variable source (MATLAB workspace, model workspace, or data dictionary)
- Blocks that use the variable

For variables that are Simulink data objects (for example, a Simulink.Parameter object), the report includes the properties of the object. You can filter out properties to streamline the report.

Use a Simulink Workspace Variable Loop component as a parent for a Simulink Workspace Variable component. In the Report Options dialog box, select **Compile model to report on compiled information**.



Options

The following options specify additional information that the report can include about each variable:

- Show workspace: Report the source of each variable MATLAB workspace, model workspace, or data dictionary.
- Show blocks that use variable: Report the blocks that use each variable.

For variables whose values are Simulink data objects, you can filter the properties to include in the report, using one of the following approaches:

Use the Filter Properties area of the dialog box to specify a standard filter.

The standard filter options apply to all variables whose values are instances of the class or classes that you specify. For example, you can use a standard filter to filter out the Description property for all variables used by the model whose values use a Simulink.Parameter object.

• Select the **Use custom property filter** option and write MATLAB code for filtering.

Writing custom filtering code allows you to do kinds of filtering that the standard filter does not perform. Some common examples of custom filters that you might want to create are filters that filter out:

- A property for some, but not all, instances of a class
- · Properties that match a regular expression

The **Filter Properties** area of the dialog box, where you specify a standard filter, has these fields.

- Class name (* for all classes): Specify the class of the variables for which you want to filter out specific properties. You can specify one class at a time, or enter an asterisk (*) to specify all classes. After you enter the class name, move the cursor outside of the edit box.
- Available Properties: If the class that you entered in Class name (* for all classes) is on the MATLAB path, then this list displays the properties of that class.
- **Filtered Properties**: Displays the properties to filter out. Use the right-arrow button to add to the **Filtered Properties** list the properties that you selected in the **Available Properties** list.
- If the class that you enter is not on the MATLAB path, then a Comma-separated list
 of properties to be filtered edit box appears. Enter the names of properties to use
 for filtering.
- Convert to Custom: Generate custom MATLAB code that implements your Filter Properties standard filter settings.

Note Selecting the **Convert to Custom** button overwrites any existing MATLAB custom filtering code for this component.

To create and apply custom filtering MATLAB code, select the **Use custom property filter** check box. Selecting this check box opens an edit box where you define a MATLAB function for filtering properties. The edit box includes a sample function (commented out) that you can use as a starting point for your filtering function. Use the <code>isFiltered</code> variable for the output of your function. For example:

• To filter out the Owner and testProp properties, in the edit box enter:

```
isFiltered = strcmpi(propertyName, 'Owner')||...
strcmpi(propertyName, 'testProp');
```

To filter out all properties except for the CoderInfo property, in the edit box, enter:

```
isFiltered = ~strcmpi(propertyName, 'CoderInfo');
```

If you clear the **Use custom property filter** check box, Simulink Report Generator saves your custom MATLAB filtering code, but does not use that code to filter properties.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_ws_variable

See Also

Simulink Workspace Variable Loop, Bus, Simulink Functions and Variables

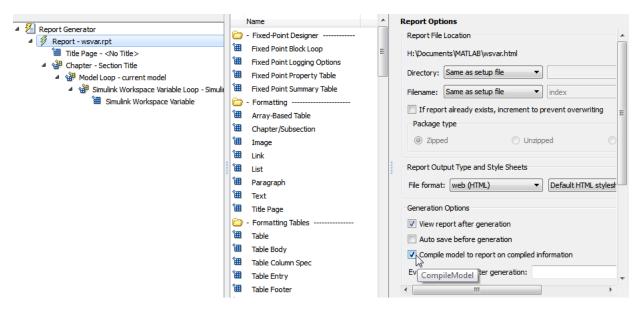
Simulink Workspace Variable Loop

Generates a model variable loop

Description

This component generates a model variable loop used by the Simulink Workspace Variable component to report on those workspace variables that the Simulink model uses.

You can limit the variables included in the loop to those that match property name and value pairs that you specify. If you want to report on model variables, your report setup file must include this component as a child of a Model Loop component and must include a Simulink Workspace Variable component as its child. Also, in the Report Options dialog box, select Compile model to report on compiled information. For example:



Loop Options

- Sort
 - Alphabetically by text: Sort variables alphabetically by name.
 - By data type: Sort variables alphabetically by data type.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports on variables with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Creates a separate section in the output for each variable.
 - If you specify to create a section for each variable, you can select the **Display the** object type in the section title to insert a variable name in each section title.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target for each workspace variable in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_ws_var_loop

See Also

Simulink Workspace Variable, Bus, Simulink Functions and Variables

State Loop

Run child components for all states in current context

Description

This component runs its children for all states in its context. The parent component of this component determines the context.

- Model Loop: Includes all states in the models.
- System Loop: Includes all states in the systems.
- Machine Loop: Includes all states in the machines.
- Chart Loop: Includes all states in the charts.
- State Loop: Includes all states in the current state.

For conditional processing based on states, you can use the RptgenSF.getReportedState function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

State Types

- Include "and" and "or" states: Includes AND and OR states in the loop.
- Include "box" states: Includes "box" states in the loop.
- Include functions: Includes "function" states in the loop.
- Include truth tables: Includes truth tables in the loop.
- Include MATLAB functions: Includes MATLAB functions in the loop.

Loop Options

- Report depth: Specifies the level on which to loop.
 - · Local children only

- All objects
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth table**: Keeps autogenerated state objects under truth tables from appearing in the report.
- **Search Stateflow**: Indicates specific states to include in the loop.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each state in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a Stateflow Snapshot component can link to the chart information only if you select this check box.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen sf.csf state loop

See Also

Chart Loop, Machine Loop, Model Loop, State Loop, System Loop, Simulink Function System Loop

State Transition Matrix

Inserts state transition matrix contents into report

Description

This component inserts the contents of state transition matrices into a report. A state transition matrix is an alternative view of a state transition table. In the state transition matrix, you can easily see how the state transition table reacts to each condition and event.

Options

- Title
 - No title (default): Report uses no title for the state transition matrix.
 - Use Stateflow name: For the title in the report, uses the names of the State Transition Table blocks from which the state transition matrices are generated.
 - Custom: In the text field, specify a custom name for the state transition matrix.
- **Display condition actions on matrix**: Include the state transition matrix condition actions. A condition action is an action that executes as soon as a condition evaluates to true. The condition action is part of a transition label.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts state transition matrices and optionally, condition actions.

Class

rptgen_sf_csf_statetransitionmatrix

See Also

State Transition Table

State Transition Table

Inserts state transition tables into report

Description

This component inserts the state transition tables into a report. A state transition table is an alternative way of expressing sequential modal logic. Instead of drawing states and transitions graphically in a Stateflow® chart, you express the modal logic in tabular format.

Options

- Title
 - No title (default): Report uses no title for the state transition table.
 - Use Stateflow name: Uses the name of the State Transition Table block as the title.
 - Custom: In the text field, specify a custom name for the state transition table.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts state transition table.

Class

rptgen_sf_csf_statetransitiontable

See Also

State Transition Matrix

Stateflow Automatic Table

Insert table with properties of current Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a table that contains the properties of the current Stateflow object. Parents of this component can be:

- Machine Loop
- State Loop
- Chart Loop
- Graphics Object Loop

Display Options

- Table title: Specifies a title for the table in the generated report.
 - No title: Includes no title.
 - Custom: Includes a custom title.
 - Name (default): Uses an object name as the title.
 - Object name
 - Object name with Stateflow path
 - Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path
- **Header row**: Selects a header row for the table in the generated report.
 - No header: Includes no header row.
 - Type and Name: Includes a header row with columns for name and object type. When selected, this option creates a header row for the table with object name and type.
 - Custom: Includes a custom header.
- **Don't display empty values**: Excludes empty values from the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_auto_table

See Also

Chart Loop, Graphics Object Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop

Stateflow Count

Count number of Stateflow objects in current context

Description

This component counts the number of Stateflow objects in the current context.

Properties

- **Search depth**: Specifies the search depth for the count.
 - Immediate children only (default): Searches only children one level under the Stateflow object.
 - All descendants: Searches all children of the Stateflow object.
- Sort results: Specifies the sort method for the count results.
 - Numerically decreasing by object count (Default)
 - Alphabetically increasing by object type
- Include a list of objects in table: Inserts a column containing the counted objects.
- **Show total count**: Displays a total of counted objects.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_count

See Also

State Loop

Stateflow Dialog Snapshot

Insert snapshots of Stateflow editor dialog boxes

Description

This component reports on the current reported Stateflow dialog box object, depending on its context. If this component is the child of a State Loop, for example, the report includes information about the dialog box of the current State. Display the current settings associated with an object or document the appearance of your custom mask dialog boxes.

Format

- **Image file format**: Specifies the format for the snapshot image file. The Automatic format uses BMP format for PDF files and PNG for other formats.
- **Show all tabs**: Automatically generates images for all the tabs for the dialog box. If you clear this check box, the Simulink Report Generator software creates an image of only the first tab.

Display Options

• **Scaling**: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.

- **Size**: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the **Scaling** selection list.
- **Max size**: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the form w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose **Zoom** in the **Scaling** selection list.
- **Units**: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose **Zoom** or **Fixed size** in the **Image size** list box.
- **Alignment**: Aligns your snapshot. Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Center
 - Left
- **Title**: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- Caption: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Snapshot.

Class

rptgen_sl.Cdialog boxesnapshot

See Also

State Loop

Stateflow Filter

Run child components only if current object type matches specified object type

Description

This component runs its children only if the current object type, as set by its parent Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, matches the selected object type.

Properties

- **Object type**: Specifies the Stateflow object type to include in the report.
- Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of Stateflow children: Specifies a minimum number of children that a Stateflow object must have to include in the report.
- Automatically insert linking anchor: Inserts a linking anchor before the reported object. If an anchor for this object exists, this option does not create a second anchor.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Stateflow Hierarchy

Provide visual representation of the hierarchy of a Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a tree that shows the hierarchy of a given Stateflow object.

Tree Options

- **Construct tree from**: Specifies the object to use for the tree representation.
 - Current object
 - Root of current object: Starts reporting from the top of the hierarchy.
- **Emphasize current object in tree**: Highlights the current object in the tree representation.
- **Show number of parents**: Specifies the number of parents to include in the tree representation.
- Show siblings: Displays siblings in the tree representation.
- **Show children to depth**: Specifies the depth of children to display for each object in the tree representation.

Children

- **Show junctions**: Specifies the level of junction detail to display in the generated report.
 - All
 - Non-redundant
 - None
- **Show transitions**: Specifies the level of transition detail to display in the generated report.

- All
- Labeled or non-redundant
- Non-redundant
- Labeled
- None
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables**: Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables.

List Formatting

- List style:
 - Bulleted list
 - Numbered list: Allows you to specify numbering options in the Numbering style section.
 - **Numbering style**: Allows you to specify a numbering style. This setting supports only the RTF/DOC report format.
 - 1,2,3,4...
 - a,b,c,d...
 - A,B,C,D...
 - i,ii,iii,iv...
 - I,II,III,IV...

To show the parent number in each list entry, select Show parent number in nested list (1.1.a). To show only the current number or letter, select Show only current list value (a).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Tree graphic.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_hier

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Stateflow Hierarchy Loop

Run child components on Stateflow object hierarchy

Description

This component runs its child components on the Stateflow object hierarchy.

Loop Options

- **Minimum legible font size**: Specifies the minimum font size to use in the report. The default font size, 8, is the smallest recommended font size.
- **Skip autogenerated charts under truth tables**; Excludes autogenerated charts under truth tables in the report.
- Search Stateflow: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Section Options

- Create section for each object in loop: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- **Create link anchor for each object in loop**: Create a link target on each object in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it.

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_hier_loop

See Also

Stateflow Hierarchy

Stateflow Linking Anchor

Designate locations to which links point

Description

This component designates a location to which other links point. The linking anchor is set to the current object, as defined by the parent component.

This component must have the Chart Loop, State Loop, Machine Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.

Properties

Insert text: Specifies text to appear after the linking anchor.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. A link, and possibly text, depending on attribute choices.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_anchor

See Also

Chart Loop, Machine Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter,

Stateflow Name

Insert into report name of Stateflow object specified by parent component

Description

This component inserts the name of the Stateflow object, as defined by its parent component, into the report. This component must have the State Loop, Chart Loop, or Stateflow Filter component as its parent.

Using this component as the first child component of a Chapter/Subsection component allows the current Stateflow object name to be the chapter or section title.

Properties

- **Display name as**: Displays the Stateflow object name in the report.
 - Name: For example, Object
 - Type Name: For example, Object <ObjectName>
 - Type Name: For example, Object <ObjectName>
 - Type: Name: For example, Object: <ObjectName>
- **Display name as**: Specifies the level of detail with which the Stateflow object name displays the report.
 - Object name
 - Object name with Stateflow path
 - Object name with Simulink and Stateflow path

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_name

See Also

Chapter/Subsection, Chart Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Property

Insert into report table, text, or paragraph with information on selected Stateflow object property

Description

This component inserts a table, text, or paragraph that contains details of the selected Stateflow object property.

Property to Display

Property name: Specifies the Stateflow property name to display. If the Stateflow object is an annotation, the **Display options** are ignored. Annotation content is reported as plain text for web (HTML), Acrobat (PDF), and Word Document (rtf) output types or as formatted text for other output types.

Display Options

- Title: Specifies a title to display in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Uses the parameter name as the title.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.
 - · None: Specifies no title.
- **Size limit**: Specifies the width of the display in the generated report. Units are in pixels. The size limit for a given table is the hypotenuse of the width and height of the table, sqrt(w^2+h^2). The size limit for text is the number of characters squared. If you exceed the size limit, the variable appears in condensed form.

Setting a size limit of $\mathbf{0}$ always displays the variable in long form, regardless of its size.

- **Display as**: Specifies a display style from the menu.
 - Auto table/paragraph (default): Displays as a table or paragraph based on the information.

- Table: Displays as a table.
- Paragraph: Displays as a text paragraph.
- Inline text: Displays in line with the surrounding text.
- Ignore if value is empty: Excludes empty parameters from the generated report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Text, paragraph, or table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_property

See Also

Paragraph, Table, Text, Stateflow Name

Stateflow Property Table

Insert into report property-value table for Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a property-value table for a Stateflow object into the report. Use the Stateflow Filter component as the parent of this component.

For more information on working with Property Table components, see "Property Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Table

Select a preset table, which is already formatted and set up, in the preset table list in the upper-left corner of the attributes page.

- **Preset table**: Specifies a type of table to display the object property table.
 - Default
 - Machine
 - Chart
 - State
 - Truth table
 - EM function
 - Data
 - Event
 - Junction

To apply a preset table, select the table and click **Apply**.

- Split property/value cells: Splits property name/property value pairs into separate cells.
 - For the property name and property value to appear in adjacent horizontal cells, select the Split property/value cells check box. In this case, the table is in split

mode, there is only one property name/property value pair per cell. If there is more than one name/property pair in a cell, only the first pair appears in the report. The report ignores all subsequent pairs.

- For the property name and property value to appear together in one cell, clear the **Split property/value cells** check box. This setting is nonsplit mode. Nonsplit mode supports more than one property name/property value pair and text.
- Before switching from nonsplit mode to split mode, make sure that there is only
 one property name/property value pair per table cell. When there is more than one
 property name/property value pair or any text in a given cell, only the first property
 name/property value pair appears in the report. The report omits subsequent pairs
 and text.
- **Display outer border**: Displays the outer border of the table in the generated report.
- **Table Cells**: Specifies table properties to modify. The selection in this pane affects the available fields in the **Cell Properties** pane.

Cell Properties

The options in the **Title Properties** pane depend on the object selected in the **Table Cells** pane. If you select %<Name>, only **Contents** and **Show** appear. If you select any other object in the **Table Cells** pane, **Lower border** and **Right border** appear.

- **Contents**: Modifies the contents of the table cell selected in the **Table Cells** pane.
- Alignment: Justifies the contents of the selected table cell in the Table Cells pane.
 - Left
 - Center
 - Right
 - Double justified
- **Show As**: Specifies the format for the contents of the table cell.
 - Value
 - Property Value
 - PROPERTY Value
 - Property: Value
 - PROPERTY: Value

- Property Value
- PROPERTY Value
- Lower border: Displays the lower border of the table in the generated report.
- **Right border**: Displays the right border of the table in the generated report.

Creating Custom Tables

You can edit a preset table, such as the Blank 4x4 table, to create a custom table. Add and delete rows and add properties. To open the Edit Table dialog box, click **Edit**.

For details about creating custom property tables, see "Property Table Components" (MATLAB Report Generator).

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen sf.csf prop table

See Also

Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Snapshot

Insert into report snapshot of Stateflow object

Description

This component inserts a snapshot (screen capture) of a Stateflow object, defined by the Stateflow Filter parent component, into a report.

This component executes only if the selected object in the Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object, such as Chart, State, Transition, and Frame.

For HTML and Direct PDF (from template) output, the state charts in the resulting image can link to associated report information. To enable this linking, on the Chart Loop component that this component is a descendent of, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box. For Direct PDF (from template) output, you also need to set the output format to Automatic SF format or Scalable Vector Graphics.

Snapshot

- **Format**: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic SF Format (default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.
 - Automatic SF Format Select this option, or Scalable Vector Graphics, with Direct PDF (from template) report output format if you are linking the snapshot to related report content.
 - Bitmap
 - JPEG high quality image
 - JPEG low quality image
 - JPEG medium quality image
 - PNG 24-bit image
 - Scalable Vector Graphics

• Paper orientation:

- Portrait
- Landscape
- Rotated
- Largest dimension vertical: Positions the image so that its largest dimension is vertical.
- Use Chart PaperOrientation setting: Uses the paper orientation setting for the chart. Use the Simulink PaperOrientation parameter to specify the orientation.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.

Image sizing:

- Shrink image to minimum font size specified in Stateflow Hierarchy Loop: Resizes the image so that the text label font size is the minimum font size.
- Fixed and Zoom: Specifies the size of the image.
- **Scaling**: Specifies the percentage of the image size to which to scale it.
- Maximum size: Specifies the maximum size for the snapshot in the generated report in the selected units. Use [width, height] format. In the units text box, select Inches, Centimeters, Points, or Normalized.
- **Use printframe**: Inserts a frame around your image. Use the default frame or create a custom one.
- Use printframe paper settings: Uses the dimensions and parameters as set by the specified printframe to size your image. If you choose this option, all other options (except for Image file format) become inactive.

Properties

• **Include callouts to describe visible objects**: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects.

- Insert anchors for transitions and junctions: Inserts anchors for transitions and junctions into the report.
 - None
 - Redundant children only
 - All
- Run only if Stateflow object has at least the following number of children: Specifies the minimum number of children that the current Stateflow object must have to include in the report. This option is inactive unless the selected object in the parent Stateflow Filter component is a graphical object.

Tip This option allows you to exclude certain images to decrease the size of the report for large models.

Display Options

- Scaling:
 - Use image size: Uses the image size that you specify in the snapshot option.
 - Zoom and Fixed size: Allows you to specify the size of the image.
- Size: Specifies a size in inches for your image. The default is 7-by-9.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling selection list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose Zoom or Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Center
 - Left
- Image title:
 - None(Default).

- Object name: Uses the object name as the title.
- Full Stateflow name: Specifies the Stateflow path and the name of the object.
- Full Simulink + Stateflow name: Specifies the Simulink path and name of the object.
- Custom: Enter a different title.
- Caption: Specifies a caption for your image.
 - None(Default).
 - Custom: Specifies a custom caption.
 - Description: Sets the caption to the value of the object Description property.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_snap

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_prop_table

See Also

Stateflow Filter

Stateflow Summary Table

Table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow object

Description

This component displays a table of properties or parameters of specified Stateflow objects. It can have the following parents:

- Any Stateflow looping component
- Any Simulink looping component (Model Loop, System Loop, Block Loop, or Signal Loop)

Properties

- **Object type**: Specifies the object type to display in the generated report. This value affects the options available in the **Property Columns** pane.
- **Table title**: Specifies a title for the Summary Table in the generated report.
 - Automatic: Generates a title automatically from the parameter.
 - Custom: Specifies a custom title.

Property Columns

- **Property columns**: Displays the object properties to include in the Summary Table in the generated report.
 - To add a property:
 - Select the appropriate property level in the text box.
 - In the context list under the text box, select the property that you want to add and click Add.
 - To delete a property, select the property name and press the **Delete** key.

Some entries in the list of available properties (such as Depth) are "virtual" properties that you cannot access using the get_param command. The properties used for property/value filtering in the block and System Loop components must be retrievable by the get_param. Therefore, you cannot configure your Summary Table to report on all blocks of Depth == 2.

- **Remove empty columns**: Removes empty columns from the Summary Table in the generated report.
- **Transpose table**: Changes the summary table rows into columns in the generated report, putting the property names in the first column and the values in the other columns.

Object Rows

Insert anchor for each row: Inserts an anchor for each row in the summary table.

Report On

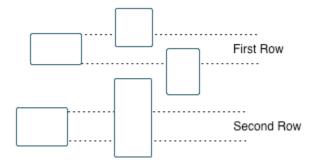
- **Automatic list from context**: Reports on all blocks in the current context, as set by the parent component.
- Custom use block list: Reports on a specified list of blocks. Specify the full path of
 each block.

Loop Options

Choose block sorting options and reporting options in this pane.

- Sort blocks: Specifies how to sort blocks (applied to each level in a model):
 - Alphabetically by block name: Sorts blocks alphabetically by name.
 - Alphabetically by system name: Sorts systems alphabetically by name. Lists blocks in each system, but in no particular order.
 - Alphabetically by full Simulink path: Sorts blocks alphabetically by Simulink path.
 - By block type: Sorts blocks alphabetically by block type.

- By block depth: Sorts blocks by their depth in the model.
- By layout (left to right): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by *rows*. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the row. The row contains all other blocks that overlap the horizontal area defined by the top and bottom edges of the anchor block. The other rows use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.



- By layout (top to bottom): Sorts blocks by their location in the model layout, by columns. The block appearing the furthest toward the left top corner of the model is the anchor for the column. The column contains all other blocks that overlap the vertical area defined by the left and right edges of the anchor block. The other columns use the same algorithm, using as the anchor the next unreported block nearest the left top of the model.
- By traversal order: Sorts blocks by traversal order.
- By simulation order: Sorts blocks by execution order.
- **Search for Simulink property name/property value pairs**: Reports on blocks with specified property name/property value pairs.
- **Search Stateflow**: Reports on Stateflow charts with specified property name/property value pairs.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_summ_table

See Also

Block Loop, Chart Loop, Model Loop, Object Loop, Signal Loop, State Loop, Stateflow Hierarchy Loop, System Loop

System Filter

Run child components if current system meets specified conditions

Description

This component runs its child components if the current system meets the conditions that you specify with this component.

Properties

- Report only if system has at least N blocks: Specifies the minimum number of blocks that the system must include for any of the child components to run. If you enter 0, child components run regardless of the number of blocks in the system.
- **Report only if system has at least N subsystems**: Specifies the minimum number of subsystems that the system must include for the child components to run. If you enter 0, child components run regardless of the number of subsystems in the system.
- Report only if system mask type is: Specifies which masks to include in the generated report.
 - Either masked or unmasked
 - Masked
 - Unmasked
- Custom filtering MATLAB code: Specifies custom MATLAB filtering code that the System Filter applies when determining which systems and subsystems to report on in a System Loop component. The edit box includes a sample function (commented out) that you can use as a starting point for your own filtering function. Use the isFiltered variable for the output of your function. For example, to filter out systems and subsystems whose names start with engine, enter:

```
isFiltered = strncmpi( currentSystem, 'engine', 6);
```

Insert Anything into Report?

No.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_obj_filter

See Also

System Loop

System Hierarchy

Create nested list that shows hierarchy of specified system

Description

This component creates a nested list that shows the hierarchy of a specified system. The list can display all systems in a model, or the parents and children of the current system.

Starting System

- Build list from: Specifies the system or model from which to build the list.
 - Current system
 - Current model
- Emphasize current system: Highlights the current system or model in the generated report.

Display Systems

- Show number of parents: Specifies the number of parents to list.
- **Display peers of current system**: Shows the peers of the current system in the generated report.
- Show children to depth: Specifies the depth of children to list.

List Formatting

- List style:
 - Bulleted list
 - Numbered list: Allows you to select numbering options in the Numbering style section.

• **Numbering style**: Allows you to select a numbering style in the selection list, by setting **List style** to **Numbered list**. Only the RTF/DOC report format supports this option.

```
1,2,3,4,...a,b,c,d,...A,B,C,D,...i,ii,iii,iv,...I,II,III,IV,...
```

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. List.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_list

See Also

Model Loop, System Loop

System Loop

Specify systems and subsystems on which to loop, as defined by parent component

Description

This component runs its child components for each system defined by the parent component. For example, to include systems and subsystems within a given model in the report, you can include this component as the child of a Model Loop component.

For conditional processing systems, you can use the RptgenSL.getReportedSystem function. For more information, see "Loop Context Functions" on page 4-76.

Report On

- Loop on Systems:
 - Select systems automatically: Reports on all systems in the current context as set by the parent component.
 - Model Loop: Reports on systems in the current model.
 - System Loop: Reports on the current system.
 - Signal Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current signal.
 - Block Loop: Reports on the parent system of the current block.

If this component does not have any of these components as its parent, selecting this option reports on all systems in all models.

- Custom use system list: Reports on a list of specified systems. Specify the full path of each system.
- %<VariableName>: Inserts the value of a variable from the MATLAB workspace. The
 %<> notation can denote a string or cell array. For more information, see
 %<VariableName> Notation on the Text component reference page.
- **Include subsystems in Simulink functions**: Specifies whether to include subsystems in Simulink functions. By default, this option is enabled.

Loop Options

- Sort Systems: Specifies how to sort systems.
 - Alphabetically by system name (default): Sorts systems alphabetically by name.
 - By number of blocks in system: Sorts systems by number of blocks. The list shows systems by decreasing number of blocks; that is, the system with the largest number of blocks appears first in the list.
 - By system depth: Sorts systems by their depth in the model.
 - By traversal order: Sorts systems in traversal order.
- **Search for**: Reports only on blocks with the specified property name/property value pairs. To enable searching, click the check box. In the first row of the property name and property value table, click inside the edit box, delete the existing text, and type the property name and value. To add a row, use the **Add row** button.

For information about subsystem property names and values, in "Block-Specific Parameters" (Simulink), see the "Ports & Subsystems Library Block Parameters" section.

Section Options

- **Create section for each object in loop**: Inserts a section in the generated report for each object found in the loop.
- **Display the object type in the section title**: Inserts the object type automatically into the section title in the generated report.
- Number sections by system hierarchy: Hierarchically numbers sections in the generated report. Requires that Sort Systems be set to By traversal order.
- Create link anchor for each object in loop: Create a link target for each system in the loop so that other parts of the report can link to it. For example, the image created by a System Snapshot component can link to the subsystem section only if you select this check box.

Examples

For an example of how to use this component with a Model Loop as its parent, see Model Loop.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes, inserts a section if you select **Create section for each object in loop** and a link target if you select **Create link anchor for each object in loop**.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_loop

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

System Snapshot

Insert snapshot of the current system into report

Description

This component inserts a snapshot (screen capture) of the current system into a report. A System Snapshot must be a child or descendant of a System Loop component.

For HTML and Direct PDF (from template) output, the blocks and subsystems in the resulting image can link to associated report information. For example, a block in the report can link to a block property table. A subsystem can link to the subsystem block diagram or to the block properties.

Note For PDF reports in which you want to include hyperlinks in system snapshots, use Direct PDF (from template) file format. If you use Acrobat (PDF) format, snapshots do not include hyperlinks.

To enable this linking, select the **Create link anchor for each object in loop** check box on the appropriate loop component:

- For blocks and masked subsystems in this system, select the check box on the Block Loop component that reports on the system's blocks.
- To provide links to the sections that report on the unmasked subsystems of this system, select the check box on the System Loop component.

For Direct PDF (from template) output, you also need to set the output format to Automatic SL format or Scalable Vector Graphics.

Snapshot Options

• **Format**: Specifies the image file format. Select Automatic SL Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read.

- Automatic SL Format Select this option. or Scalable Vector Graphics, with Direct PDF (from template) report output format if you are linking the snapshot to related report content.
- Bitmap
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- PNG 24—bit image
- Scalable Vector Graphics

Orientation:

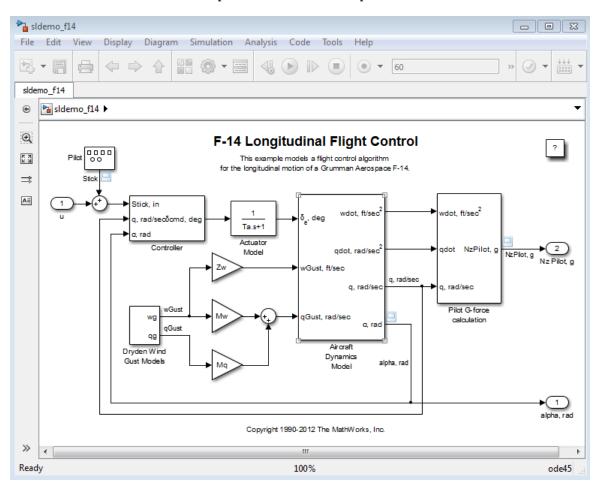
- Largest dimension vertical: Positions the image so that its largest dimension is vertical.
- Landscape
- Portrait
- Use system orientation: Uses the paper orientation setting for the system. Use the Simulink PaperOrientation parameter to specify the orientation.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.
- **Scaling**: Controls the size of the image in the image file.
 - Automatic (default): Automatically scales the image to output dimensions.
 - Custom: Specifies image size.
 - Zoom: Enlarges or reduces the image size to the percent that you specify. Use **Max Size** to specify the maximum size other than the default for the image.

Note Selecting **Use printframe paper settings** deactivates the **Custom** and **Zoom** options and automatically scales the image to the print frame size.

Properties Options

 Include callouts to describe visible objects: Displays descriptive callouts for visible objects • Use printframe: Prints a frame around the image. You can use the default frame, rptdefaultframe.fig, or use the Frame Editor to build a custom frame. For more information, see the frameedit function in Simulink documentation.

The default frame is five inches wide and four inches high. It includes the name of the system and the model folder. This frame is optimized for use with a portrait paper orientation. The Flight Control Model in the f14 Simulink model appears here with the default Simulink Report Generator frame option.



Display Options

To access the display options, click the **Advanced** button.

Scaling: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image
larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of
the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the
displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- Size: Specifies the size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the Scaling selection list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in a browser, using the format w
 h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom in the Scaling selection
 list.
- Units: Specifies the units for the size of the snapshot in a browser. This field is active
 only if you choose Fixed size in the Image size list box.
- Alignment: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- Image title:
 - None (Default)
 - System name: Uses the system name as the image name.
 - Full system name: Uses the system name, with path information, as the image name.

- Custom: Specifies a custom title.
- Caption:
 - None (Default)
 - Description (use system description)
 - Custom: Specifies a custom caption.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Image.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_sys_snap

See Also

System Loop, Block Loop

Test Sequence

Capture Test Sequence block information

Description

This component captures information about Simulink Test $^{\mathbb{M}}$ Test Sequence blocks. The report includes the test sequence using the tabular series of steps from the Test Sequence block.

Test Sequence Block Section Title

Title to use for the Test Sequence block section:

- Use Test Sequence name (default): Use the name of the Test Sequence block as the section title.
- Custom: Specify a custom section title in the text box.

Step Content

Select the step content to include in the report.

- Include description, action, and transition table (default): Include all the step
 data in the report, i.e., step descriptions, action statements, transition table, and when
 condition.
- Include description only: Include only the description of each step in the report.
- Include action and transition table only: Include the action statements, transition table, and when condition in the report.
- None: Do not include the description, action, or transition table in the report.
- **Include requirements**: Include links to requirements that are attached to steps in the Test Sequence block.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Test Sequence block name or specified title and optional step information.

Class

rptgen_stm.cstm_testseq

To Workspace Plot

Capture plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace

Description

This component captures a plot figure created in the MATLAB workspace, and then inserts one or both of the following into the report:

- A table that includes input and output numeric values.
- A figure that plots the values included in the table.

Print Options

- Image file format: Specifies the image file format (for example, JPEG or TIFF) from this list. Select Automatic HG Format (the default) to choose the format best suited for the specified report output format automatically. Otherwise, choose an image format that your output viewer can read. Other options are:
 - Automatic HG Format (Uses the file format selected in the Preferences dialog box)
 - Bitmap (16m-color)
 - Bitmap (256-color)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2
 - Black and white encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
 - Black and white PostScript
 - Black and white PostScript2
 - Color encapsulated PostScript
 - Color encapsulated PostScript (TIFF)
 - Color encapsulated PostScript2

- Color encapsulated PostScript2 (TIFF)
- Color PostScript
- Color PostScript2
- JPEG high quality image
- JPEG medium quality image
- JPEG low quality image
- PNG 24-bit image
- TIFF compressed
- TIFF uncompressed
- Windows metafile

Paper orientation:

- Landscape
- Portrait
- Rotated
- Use figure orientation: Uses the orientation for the figure, which you set with the orient command.
- Full page image (PDF only): In PDF reports, scales images to fit the full page, minimizes page margins, and maximizes the size of the image by using either a portrait or landscape orientation.

For more information about paper orientation, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.

Image size:

- Use figure PaperPositionMode setting: Uses the PaperPositionMode property of the Handle Graphics figure to set the image size in the report. For more information about paper position mode, see the orient command in the MATLAB documentation.
- Automatic (same size as on screen): Sets the image in the report to the same size as it appears on the screen.
- Custom: Specifies a custom image size. Specify the image size in the size and units fields.

- Size: Specifies the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot in the format wxh
 (width times height). This field is active only if you choose Custom in the Image size
 list box.
- Units: Specifies units for the size of the Handle Graphics figure snapshot. This field is
 active only if you choose Set image size in the Custom list box.
- **Invert hardcopy**: Uses the Handle Graphics figures **InvertHardcopy** property, which inverts colors for printing; it changes dark colors to light colors, and light colors to dark colors.
 - Automatic: Automatically changes dark axes colors to light axes colors. If the axes color is a light color, it is unchanged.
 - Invert: Changes dark axes colors to light axes colors, and light axes colors to dark axes colors.
 - Don't invert: Retains image colors displayed on screen in the printed report.
 - Use figure's InvertHardcopy setting: Uses the InvertHardcopy property set in the Handle Graphics image.
 - Make figure background transparent: Makes the image background transparent.

Display Options

Scaling: Controls size of the image, as displayed in a browser. Making an image
larger using this option does not affect the storage size of the image, but the quality of
the displayed image may decrease as you increase or decrease the size of the
displayed image.

Generally, to achieve the best and most predictable display results, use the default setting of Use image size.

- Use image size: Causes the image to appear the same size in the report as on screen (default).
- Fixed size: Specifies the number and type of units.
- Zoom: Specifies the percentage, maximum size, and units of measure.
- **Size**: Specifies the size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Fixed size in the **Scaling** list.
- Max size: Specifies the maximum size of the snapshot in the format w h (width, height). This field is active only if you choose Zoom from the Scaling list.

- **Units**: Specifies units for the size of the snapshot. This field is active only if you choose **Zoom** or **Fixed** size in the **Image size** list box.
- **Alignment**: Only reports in PDF or RTF format support this property.
 - Auto
 - Right
 - Left
 - Center
- **Title**: Specifies text to appear above the snapshot.
- Caption: Specifies text to appear under the snapshot.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Figure.

Class

rptgen_sl.csl_blk_toworkspace

See Also

Figure Loop

Truth Table

Report on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models

Description

The Truth Table component reports on truth tables in Simulink and Stateflow models. It displays both the condition table and the action table. The parent component of the Truth Table determines its behavior.

- Model Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current model.
- System Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current system.
- Block Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current block.
- Signal Loop: Reports on all truth tables in the current signal.

Title

Title: Specifies a title for the truth table.

- No title
- Use Stateflow name
- Custom

Condition Table

Specify display parameters for the condition table.

- Show header: Displays the column headers in the table.
- **Show number**: Displays the condition number column in the table.
- Show condition: Displays the condition column in the table.
- Show description: Displays the description column in the table.

• **Wrap if column count**: Specifies how many columns to display before creating a table continuation. If the specified number is greater than the number of columns that can appear on the page, some columns do not appear in the report.

Action Table

- **Show header**: Displays the column headers in the table.
- **Show number**: Displays the condition number column in the table.
- **Show condition**: Displays the condition column in the table.
- **Show description**: Displays the description column in the table. If you do not select this option, no action table appears in the report.

Insert Anything into Report?

Yes. Table.

Class

rptgen_sf.csf_truthtable

See Also

Block Loop, Model Loop, Signal Loop, System Loop

Classes — Alphabetical List

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDoc ument class

Package: slreportgen.webview

Create a report generator that generates an HTML report containing an interlinked document and associated web view

Description

Creates a report generator that generates an HTML report containing a document and a web view of one or more Simulinkmodels, with two-way hyperlinks between the document and the web view.

This class provides the following facilities for generating embedded web view reports:

- A DOM document to generate the report
- A DOM HTML template with three panels for a table of contents (TOC), document content, and a web view, respectively
- Template holes to be filled with the document content and a web view, respectively.
 The hole for the web view is named slwebview and is located in the right panel of the report. The hole for document content is named Content and is located in the center panel of the report.
- Methods for filling the document and web view holes.
- Methods for creating two-way hyperlinks between the document content and embedded webview(s)
- JavaScript that generates a TOC from document headings when the report opens in a browser
- Model export options that allow you to specify the models and subsystems to be embedded as web views in the generated report
- Methods for retrieving elements (diagrams, blocks, charts, etc.) from models to be embedded as web views in the report

Construction

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.Embedded WebViewDocument(rptname,model) creates a report generator that generates a report having the specified file name and containing a web view of the specified model. Use the generator's fill method to generate the web view and embed the web view in the document. Use the generator's close method to output the document as a zip file or folder containing the HTML document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname,model1, model2,...modeln) creates a report generator that includes two or more models in the web view that it creates. This constructor assigns an array of default slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects to the generator's ExportOptions property, one for each of the models to be included in the generated document's web view. You can use the objects to specify custom export options for each of the models to be included in the web view exported to the generated document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.Embedded WebViewDocument(rptname, {
 model1, model2,...modeln}) creates a generator that includes the specified models in
 the web view that it embeds in the output document.

rptgen = slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument(rptname) creates a
generator that embeds models specified by the Diagrams property of the generator's
ExportOptions property, for example:

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
rptgen = EmbeddedWebViewDocument('myDoc');
rptgen.ExportOptions.Diagrams = 'myModel';
```

Input Arguments

rptname — Name of output report file and/or folder

character vector

Name of the zip file and/or folder containing the report generated by this generator. Use this generator's PackageType property to specify whether to package the generated report as a file or a folder or both. If you specify an extension, the extension must be .htmx. If you do not specify an extension, the report generator appends .htmx.

model — Name of model to export

character vector

Name of model, specified as a character vector, to be embedded in the generated report as a web view.

Output Arguments

rptgen — Embedded web view report generator

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument

Properties

CurrentHoldID — Identifier of current hole in document

character vector

Identifier of current hole in document, stored as a character vector. This is a read-only property.

ExportOptions — Web view export options

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions (default)

An array of slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects, one for each model or set of models to be included in the web view exported to the generated report. The generator's constructor sets this property with default values for the models you specify. Use the properties of the export options object or objects to customize export of the models to the generated web view. For example, you can specify additional models to include or whether to include the block diagrams of masked subsystems and library blocks.

ForceOverwrite — Overwrite existing report

True (default) | False

Whether to overwrite an existing report with the same name. True overwrites the existing report. False generates the report under a new name.

OpenStatus — Status of the report being generated

unopened (default) | opened

Status of the report being generated, either 'unopened' or 'opened'. This is a readonly property.

OutputPath — **Path** of the document output directory

current working directory (default)

Path of the report output directory.

PackageType — Packaging for files generated

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Packaging to use for output document, specified as one of these character vectors:

- 'both' Creates both zipped and unzipped output
- 'zipped' Creates a zip file with an .htmx extension
- 'unzipped' Creates a folder of files

TemplatePath — Path of the template used to generate this report

character vector

Path to the HTML template to use to generate this report, specified as a character vector. The template has an .htmtx extension. This property points by default to a default template. To use a custom template, set this property to the path of the custom template.

TitleBarText — Text for HTML browser title bar

character vector

Text to display in the title bar of the HTML browser used to display the generated report. The default text is "Simulink Web View - Created by Simulink Report Generator."

ValidateLinksAndAnchors — Whether to check validity of hyperlinks between the generated document and web view

True (default) | False

Generates a warning at the command line if the link target that you specify does not exist or if you specify a link from a model element that already has a link. Validation checking increases the time required to generate a report. For this reason, consider using link validation checking only when debugging your report.

Methods

Method	Purpose
createDiagramTwoWayLink	Creates a two-way link between a location in the document in the center panel and a diagram in the web view in the right panel
createElementTwoWayLink	Creates a two-way link between a document panel location and a diagram element in the web view
createDiagramLink	Creates a link from the document panel to a diagram in the model web view
createElementLink	Creates a link from the document panel to an element in the model web view
fill	Invoke the embedded web view report generator's hole filling methods to fill the holes in its template.
fillslwebview	Fills template's slwebview hole with a web view
getExportModels	Names of models to be included in the web view
getExportDiagrams	Paths and handles of block diagrams to be included in the web view
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Paths and handles of subsystem blocks to be included in this web view
getExportStateflowCharts	Paths and handles of Stateflow charts to be included in this web view
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Array of Stateflow diagram paths

See Also

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions

Topics

"Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24

Introduced in R2017a

slreportgen.report.Diagram class

Package: slreportgen.report

Create diagram reporter

Description

Create a diagram reporter, including a diagram snapshot and caption, for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

Note To use a Diagram reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

diagram = Diagram() creates an empty diagram reporter. Set its properties to capture a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

diagram = Diagram(source) creates a diagram reporter for the Simulink or Stateflow diagram specified by source. Adding this reporter to a report creates a snapshot of the diagram. Then, the snapshot displays in the report as an image with a caption. The snapshot image is stored in the temporary folder of the report. When the report is closed, the snapshot image is copied into the report and then, the image is deleted from the temporary folder. To prevent the snapshot image file from being deleted, use the Debug property of the report. See slreportgen.report.Report

diagram = Diagram(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single or double quotes.

Input Arguments

source — Diagram snapshot image source

string | character vector

See the Source property.

Properties

Source — Diagram snapshot image source

string | character vector | ...

Diagram snapshot image source, specified as one of these values.

- · Name of an open or loaded Simulink model
- Path of a Simulink subsystem block that contains the Simulink diagram or Stateflow chart
- · Handle to a subsystem block containing a Simulink diagram or Stateflow chart
- Stateflow. Chart or Stateflow subchart object. Subcharts are graphical objects that can contain the same objects as a top-level chart, including other subcharts. Subcharts are commonly specified by a Stateflow. State, Stateflow. Function, or Stateflow. Box object.

Snapshot — **Snapshot** reporter

mlreportgen.report.FormalImage object

Snapshot reporter, set by default to an object of the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage class. You do not need to set this property yourself. The FormalImage object adds the diagram snapshot to a report. To control the size of the snapshot, set the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage properties.

SnapshotFormat — Snapshot image format

auto (default) | ...

Snapshot image format, specified as a string or character array. Supported formats are:

- auto Uses .svg format for HTML or PDF output. Uses .emf format for Word output on Windows. Uses .png for Word output on Unix or Mac.
- .bmp Bitmap image
- .gif Graphics Interchange format
- .jpg JPEG image
- .png PNG image

- .emf Enhanced metafile, supported only in DOCX output on Windows platforms
- .svg Scalable Vector Graphics
- .tif Tag Image File format, not supported in HTML output
- .pdf PDF image

HyperlinkDiagram — Hyperlinks of diagram elements

true (default) | false

Choice to include a hyperlink of each diagram element, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each element becomes a hyperlink to an object in the report that describes it. This property applies only to PDF and HTML reports. Hyperlinks allow you to navigate the report using Simulink and Stateflow charts.

The Diagram, SimulinkObjectProperties, and StateflowObjectProperties reporters work together to enable navigation using hyperlinks. Each reporter prefaces the report object it creates with a hyperlink target. The ID of that target is based on the path of the reported element in the model. The Diagram reporter also overlays elements of a diagram snapshot with hyperlinks to the corresponding element-based target ID. The report object to which a diagram element links depends on the element type.

- A diagram-based block (subsystem, chart, model) links to the diagram of the block.
- Other blocks link to textual block descriptions, typically block property tables.
- Masked subsystem blocks that have mask parameters link to the textual description of the block, such as the mask parameter tables. This linking to the textual descriptions is true only if the MaskedSystemLinkPolicy property of the Diagram reporter is set to 'block' or 'default'. Otherwise, the masked system block links to its diagram.
- Masked subsystem blocks that do not have mask parameters link to the diagram of the block.

To customize diagram-based navigation, create custom link targets based on target IDs generated by the slreportgen.utils.getObjectID utility function.

MaskedSystemLinkPolicy — Policy for masked system blocks hyperlinks targets character vector | string

Policy to determine the targets for the hyperlinks of masked system blocks, specified as one of these values.

- 'default' Masked system blocks that have parameters link to textual
 descriptions, such as mask parameter tables. Masked system blocks that do not have
 parameters link to the corresponding block diagram in the report.
- 'system' Masked system blocks link to their block diagram in the report.
- 'block' Masked system blocks link to their textual description, such as a table of masked parameters or subsystem parameters.

Scaling — Scaling options for diagram snapshot image

auto (default) | custom | zoom

Scaling options for diagram snapshot image, specified as the string, auto, custom, or zoom. Scaling controls size of the diagram snapshot image in the image file.

- auto For PDF or Word (docx) output, auto scales the diagram snapshot image to fit
 in the current page layout while maintaining its aspect ratio. First, the diagram
 snapshot image is scaled to the page width. If the image height exceeds the page
 height, then the image is again scaled down. This additional scaling assures that the
 image fits in the current page with an extra 1" spacing. The extra spacing allows for
 extra text, such as a caption. Scaling does not apply to HTML output.
- custom Scales the diagram snapshot image based on the values of the Height and Width properties
- zoom Enlarges or reduces the snapshot image size to the percent value specified by the Zoom property. To specify the maximum image height and maximum image width, use the MaxHeight and MaxWidth properties, respectively.

Note A java.lang.OutOfMemoryError can occur when either of these combinations of property settings occur:

- Scaling set to zoom, and Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth properties set to large values
- Scaling set to custom, and Height and Width properties set to large values

To avoid this error, for zoom Scaling, use smaller Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth property values. For custom Scaling, use smaller Height and Width property values. Using smaller values ensures that the diagram fits on the page.

Height — **Height** of snapshot image

string

Height of snapshot image for custom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to custom.

The Height format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. The table shows the valid *Units* abbreviations.

Units	Units Abbreviation
pixels	px
centimeters	cm
inches	in
millimeters	mm
picas	рс
points	pt

Width — Width of snapshot image

string

Width of snapshot image for custom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to custom.

The Width format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

Zoom — Amount to zoom diagram snapshot image

string

Amount to zoom the diagram snapshot image, specified as a string. The **Zoom** format is *value*%, where *value* is the percentage by which the diagram snapshot image is enlarged or reduced.

MaxHeight — Maximum height for zoom scaling

string

Maximum height for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to zoom.

The MaxHeight format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

MaxWidth — Maximum width for zoom scaling

string

Maximum width for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if Scaling is set to zoom.

The MaxWidth format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create diagram template

customizeReporter Create custom diagram reporter class getClassFolder Diagram class definition file location getSnapshotImage Diagram snapshot image file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add Top Level of Model Diagram

Add a snapshot of the top level of the vdp model to a report.

```
load_system('vdp')
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');

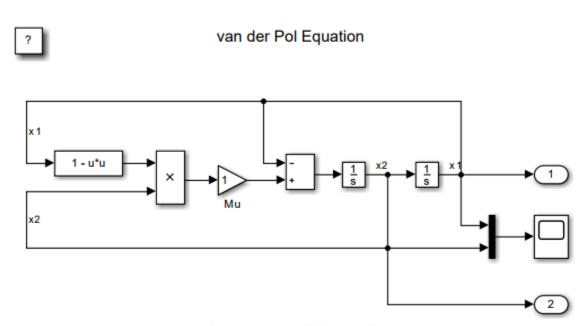
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = 'Diagram Reporter Example';

diagram = Diagram("vdp");
diagram.Snapshot.Caption = 'The van der Pol Equation';
diagram.SnapshotFormat = 'svg';
diagram.Snapshot.Height = '4in';

add(chapter,diagram);
```

```
add(rpt,chapter);
rptview(rpt);
```

Chapter 1. Diagram Reporter Example



Copyright 2004-2013 The MathWorks, Inc.

Figure 1.1. The van der Pol Equation

Add Hyperlinked Diagram to a Report

Create a PDF report and add diagram snapshots of the root system and a subsystem from the sf_car model to it. Add a hyperlink to the transmission subsystem and add a paragraph as the target for that link.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.utils.*
import mlreportgen.dom.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
chapter = Chapter('sf car');
load system('sf car');
diag1 = Diagram('sf car');
diag1.Snapshot.Caption = 'Root System: sf car';
add(chapter,diag1);
add(chapter, PageBreak);
diag2 = Diagram('sf_car/Engine');
diag2.Snapshot.Caption = 'Subsystem: sf car/Engine';
add(chapter, diag2);
add(chapter, PageBreak);
para = Paragraph('Custom target for sf car/transmission');
id = getObjectID('sf_car/transmission');
append(para,mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget(id));
add(chapter,para);
add(chapter, PageBreak);
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
rptview(rpt);
```

Chapter 1. sf_car

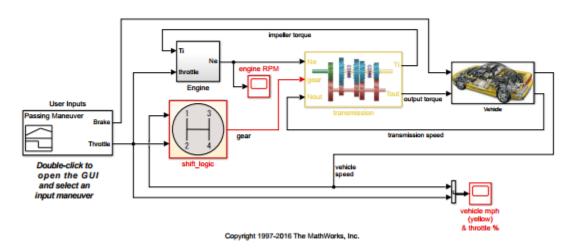


Figure 1.1. Root System: sf_car

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Report|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties|
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram class

Package: slreportgen.report

Element diagram snapshot and caption reporter

Description

Create a Simulink or Stateflow element diagram reporter. When added to a report, the ElementDiagram reporter creates a snapshot of an element. It adds the snapshot to the report in the form of an image with a caption. Use the "Source" on page 7-0 property to specify the desired element.

Note To use an ElementDiagram reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

diagram = ElementDiagram() creates an empty element diagram reporter. Set its
properties to capture a Simulink or Stateflow element snapshot.

diagram = ElementDiagram(source) creates a diagram reporter for an element of a block diagram or chart specified by source. Adding this reporter to a report creates a snapshot of the element's diagram and adds the snapshot, with a caption, to the report. The snapshot image file is stored in the report's temporary folder. When the report is closed, the image file is copied into the report and the temporary folder is deleted. To prevent the temporary folder from being deleted, use the Debug property of the report. See Source

Input Arguments

source — Diagram element source

string | element handle | object name

See the "source" on page 7-0 property.

Properties

Source — Diagram element source

string | element handle | object name

Source of a Simulink or Stateflow diagram element specified as a path string, handle, or object.

Note Simulink. Port objects are not valid sources for this reporter.

Snapshot — **Snapshot** reporter

mlreportgen.report.FormalImage object

Snapshot reporter, set by default to an object of the mlreportgen.report.FormalImage class. You do not need to set this property yourself. The FormalImage object adds the element diagram snapshot to a report. To control the size of the snapshot, set its mlreportgen.report.FormalImage properties.

SnapshotFormat — **Snapshot image format**

auto (default) | ...

Snapshot image format, specified as a string or character array. Supported formats are:

- auto Uses .svg format for HTML or PDF output. Uses .emf format for Word output on Windows. Uses .png for Word output on Unix or Mac.
- .bmp Bitmap image
- .gif Graphics Interchange format
- .jpg JPEG image
- .png PNG image
- .emf Enhanced metafile, supported only in DOCX output on Windows platforms
- .svg Scalable Vector Graphics
- . $\t tif$ Tag Image File format, not supported in HTML output
- .pdf PDF image

Scaling — Options for scaling a diagram element image

string | character vector

Options for scaling a diagram element image, specified as a string or character vector. Valid scaling options are:

- auto For PDF or Word (docx) output, auto scales the element image to fit on a
 page while maintaining its aspect ratio. First, the element image is scaled to the page
 width. If the image height exceeds the page height, the image is again scaled down.
 This additional scaling assures that the image fits the current page with a 1" margin.
 The margin allows space for a caption. Scaling does not apply to HTML output.
- custom Sets the element image height and width to the values of this reporter's Height and Width properties.
- zoom Enlarges or reduces the element image size to the percent value specified by this reporter's Zoom property. To specify the maximum image height and maximum image width, use the MaxHeight and MaxWidth properties, respectively.

Note A java.lang.OutOfMemoryError can occur when either of these combinations of property settings occur:

- Scaling set to zoom, and Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth properties set to large values
- Scaling set to custom, and Height and Width properties set to large values

To avoid this error, for zoom Scaling, use smaller Zoom, MaxHeight, and MaxWidth property values. For custom Scaling, use smaller Height and Width property values. Using smaller values ensures that the diagram fits on the page.

Height — Height of diagram element

string

Height to set diagram element image, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to custom.

The Height format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. The table shows the valid *Units* abbreviations.

Units	Units Abbreviation
pixels	px
centimeters	cm

Units	Units Abbreviation
inches	in
millimeters	mm
picas	рс
points	pt

Width — Width of diagram element image

string

Width to set diagram element image, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to custom.

The Width format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See the Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

Zoom — Amount to zoom diagram element image

string

Amount to zoom the diagram element image, specified as a string. The **Zoom** format is *value*%, where *value* is the percentage by which the diagram element image is enlarged or reduced.

MaxHeight — Maximum height for zoom scaling

string

Maximum height for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to zoom. The MaxHeight format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See this reporter's Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

MaxWidth — Maximum width for zoom scaling

string

Maximum width for zoom scaling, specified as a string. This property applies only if this reporter's Scaling property is set to zoom. The MaxWidth format is *valueUnits*, where *Units* is an abbreviation for the height units and *value* is the number of units. See this reporter's Height property for a table of valid *Units* abbreviations.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create element diagram template

customizeReporter Create custom element diagram reporter class getClassFolder Element diagram class definition file location getSnapshotImage Element diagram snapshot image file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl Get implementation of reporter
--

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add Element Diagram and Caption

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

load_system('f14')

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output","pdf");
chap = Chapter();
chap.Title = "Element Diagram Reporter Example";

diag = ElementDiagram("f14/Actuator Model");
diag.Snapshot.Caption = "f14 Simulink Model - Actuator Model block";

add(chap,diag)
add(rpt,chap)

close(rpt)
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. Element Diagram Reporter Example



Figure 1.1. f14 Simulink Model - Actuator Model block

Add Element Diagrams and Property Tables

```
load system('f14')
modelsys = "f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model";
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report("output", "pdf");
chapter = mlreportgen.report.Chapter();
chapter.Title = "Element Snapshots";
diag = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram(modelsys);
add (chapter, diag)
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(modelsys);
blks = find(blkfinder);
for blk = blks
   blkDiag = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram...
       (blk.Object);
   blkDiag.Snapshot.Caption = strcat(blk.DiagramPath,...
       "/", blk.Name);
   add(chapter,blkDiag) % Add diagram element image
   add(chapter,blk) % Add property table
end
```

add(rpt,chapter)
close(rpt)
rptview(rpt)

Chapter 1. Element Snapshots

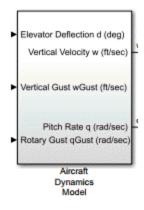




Figure 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg)

Table 1.1. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Elevator Deflection d (deg) Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Inport
Port number	1
Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	-1
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1
Data type	Inherit: auto



Figure 1.2. f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Vertical Gust wGust (ft/sec)

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.report.LookupTable class

Package: slreportgen.report

Lookup table block reporter

Description

Create a Simulink lookup table block reporter. See the Object property for a list of supported blocks.

Note To use a LookupTable reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

rptr = LookupTable() creates an empty LookupTable block reporter based on a
default template. Use its properties to specify the lookup table block on which to report
and specify report options.

rptr = LookupTable(lutobj) creates a LookupTable block reporter for the lookup table block specified by lutobj. By default, the reporter generates a table and a plot of output values versus breakpoints, and a data types table.

rptr = LookupTable(Name, Value) sets LookupTable reporter properties using
name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order.
Enclose each property name in single or double quotes.

Input Arguments

lutobj — Lookup table block object

path | handle

See the Object property.

Properties

Object — **Lookup table block**

path | handle

Lookup table block to report on, specified as the path or handle of the block.

These lookup table blocks are supported.

- 1-D Lookup Table
- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)
- Lookup Table Dynamic

Note If you use a finder to find a Lookup Table block and add it directly to a report, this LookupTable reporter is used rather than a Simulink object property reporter.

IncludeTable — Include table of lookup table data

true (default) | false

Whether to include a table of lookup table data, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a table that lists output values and breakpoints of the lookup table.

For a 1-D lookup table, the data table lists the breakpoints in the first column of the table. The second column lists the corresponding output values.

For a 2-D or greater dimension lookup table, the data table lists the first set of breakpoints in the first row of the table. It lists the second set of breakpoints in the first column. The output appears in the corresponding table cells. For lookup tables greater than 2-D, the LookupTable report generator shows slices of the table as separate output versus breakpoint tables.

IncludePlot — Include lookup table data plot

true (default) | false

Whether to include a lookup table data plot, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a plot of the output values versus the breakpoints of the lookup table block.

For a 1-D lookup table, the plot is a line plot of output values versus breakpoints.

For 2-D tables and slices, the plot is a surface or mesh plot of output values versus breakpoints. Use the PlotType property to specify whether to use a surface or mesh plot.

PlotType — Plot type for 2-D lookup table data plot

'Surface Plot' (default) | 'Mesh Plot'

Plot type for a 2-D lookup table data plot, specified as either a character array ('Surface Plot' or 'Mesh Plot') or string ("Surface Plot" or "Mesh Plot").

DataReporter — Lookup table data reporter

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Lookup table data reporter, specified as a BaseTable reporter or custom reporter. The LookupTable reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of lookup table data.

To customize the appearance of the table of lookup table data, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable reporter.

To customize the title of the table of lookup table data, specify the contents in the Title property of the default or replacement reporter. For example,

lutable.DataReporter.Title = 'New Title'. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default title. If the lookup table is too wide to fit legibly on a page, use the MaxCols property of the DataReporter to generate the table as a set of slices that fit legibly. To determine an optimal value, iterate setting the MaxCol value and viewing the report .

PlotReporter — Lookup table data plot reporter

Figure reporter (default) | custom reporter

Lookup table data plot reporter, specified as a Figure reporter or custom reporter. The LookupTable reporter uses the specified reporter to create a plot of output values versus breakpoints of the lookup table.

To customize the appearance of the plot of the lookup table data, customize the default Figure reporter or replace it with a custom version of the Figure reporter. To customize the caption of the plot, specify the contents in the Caption property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default caption.

MaxTableColumns — Maximum table columns to display

inf (default) | integer

Maximum number of table columns to display for the output values versus breakpoints, specified as inf or an integer. This property applies only if the IncludeTable property is true.

If the number of lookup table columns is greater than the value of this property, the data is shown only as a surface plot. The plot appears only if the IncludePlot property is true.

The default value of this property is inf, which causes the reporter to use a table regardless of the size of the lookup table data array. Depending on the size of the data being displayed, some tables can be illegible. To avoid creation of illegible tables, change the default setting of this property to a smaller value.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character

array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create Simulink lookup table block reporter template

customizeReporter Create custom LookupTable reporter class

getClassFolder Lookup Table reporter class definition file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl	Get implementation of reporter
---------	--------------------------------

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Report on Lookup Table Block

Create a PDF report generator that reports on a lookup table block. This example uses the sf_car model and reports on its engine torque Lookup Table (n-D) block. This block is a 2-D lookup table. The engine torque block is in the Engine subsystem of the sf_car model. The report, by default, includes a table of output values versus breakpoints, a surface plot, a table of block data types, and notes about possible differences between reported values and values obtained from simulation.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = 'sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
lutable = 'sf_car/Engine/engine torque';
```

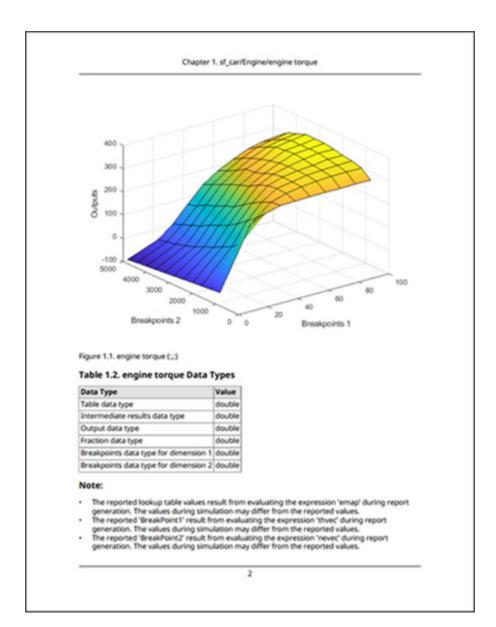
```
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(lutable);
rptr = LookupTable(lutable);
add(chapter,rptr)
add(rpt,chapter)

close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. sf_car/Engine/engine torque

Table 1.1. engine torque (;,:)

7							BP2					
		800.0000	1200	1.600 0e+03	2.000 0e+03	2400	2.800 0e+03	3.200 0e+03	3.600 0e+03	4.000 0e+03	4400	4800
	0	-40	-44	-49	-53	-57	-61	-65	-70	-74	-78	-82
	20	215	117	85	66	44	29	10	-2	-13	-22	-32
j	30	245	208	178	148	122	104	85	66	48	33	18
4	40	264	260	241	219	193	167	152	133	119	96	85
~	50	264	279	282	275	260	238	223	208	189	171	152
1	60	267	290	293	297	290	275	260	256	234	212	193
	70	267	297	305	305	305	301	293	282	267	249	226
ı	80	267	301	308	312	319	323	319	316	297	279	253
	90	267	301	312	319	327	327	327	327	312	293	267
	100	267	301	312	319	327	334	334	334	319	305	275

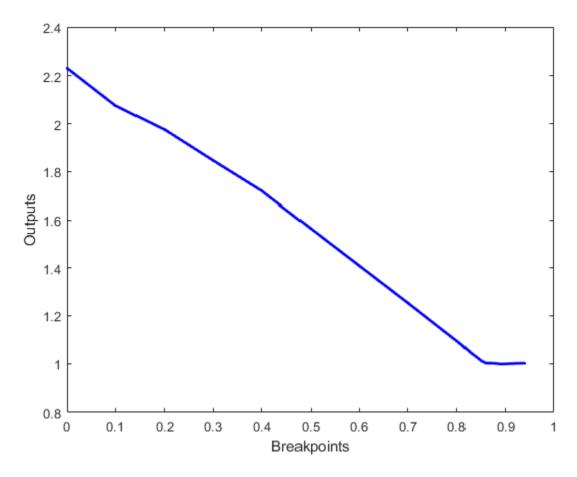


Change Lookup Table Plot Height and Width

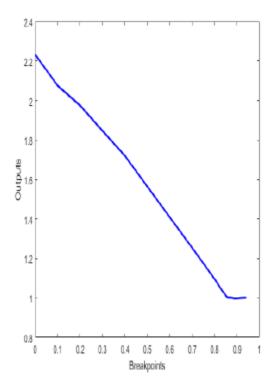
Create a PDF report generator that specifies the plot height and width returned by the LookupTable reporter. This example uses the sf_car model and reports on its Torque ratio Lookup Table (n-D) block. This block is a 1-D lookup table and is in the transmission/Torque Converter subsystem of the sf_car model. To set the height and width of the plot, use the PlotReporter property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model name = 'sf car';
load system(model name);
lutable = 'sf car/transmission/Torque Converter/Torque ratio';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
chapter = Chapter(lutable);
rptr = LookupTable(lutable);
rptr.IncludeTable = false;
add(chapter,rptr)
rptr resized = LookupTable(lutable);
rptr resized.IncludeTable = false;
rptr resized.PlotReporter.Snapshot.Width = '3in';
rptr resized.PlotReporter.Snapshot.Height = '4in';
add(chapter,rptr resized)
add(rpt,chapter)
close(rpt)
close system(model name)
rptview(rpt)
```

The default plot on the first page of the report uses predefined sizing to fit the plot to the page size.



The resized plot on the second page of the report uses the specified 3" width and 4" height.



Find and Report on Lookup Tables and Other Blocks

Create a PDF report generator that finds all blocks in the Engine subsystem of the sf_car model. The report generator program then loops through the blocks and tests whether the block is a lookup table block. For lookup table blocks, it uses the LookupTable reporter to report information about the block. For other blocks, the generated report reports on block properties, which are the results of the BlockFinder class.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*

model_name = 'sf_car';
load_system(model_name)
subsys_name = 'sf_car/Engine';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report;
```

```
blkfinder = BlockFinder(subsys_name);
blks = find(blkfinder);
for i=1:length(blks)
   if slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(blks(i).Object)
      rptr = LookupTable(blks(i).Object);
      ch = Chapter(blks(i).Name);
      add(ch,rptr)
      add(rpt,ch)
   else
      ch = Chapter(blks(i).Name);
      add(ch,blks(i))
      add(rpt,ch)
   end
end
close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

The first chapter shows the default properties reported for Inport block.

Chapter 1. Ti

Table 1.1. sf_car/Engine/Ti Properties

Property	Value
Туре	Block
Block Type	Inport
Port number	1
Port dimensions (-1 for inherited)	-1
Sample time (-1 for inherited)	-1
Data type	Inherit: auto

The fifth chapter shows the default output for a Lookup Table block reporter. The default output is a table of output values versus breakpoints table, a plot, and a table of data types.

Chapter 5. engine torque

Table 5.1. engine torque (:,:)

							BP2					
		800.0000	1200	1.600 0e+03	2.000 0e+03	2400	2.800 0e+03	3.200 0e+03	3.600 0e+03	4.000 0e+03	4400	4800
	0	-40	-44	-49	-53	-57	-61	-65	-70	-74	-78	-82
	20	215	117	85	66	44	29	10	-2	-13	-22	-32
	30	245	208	178	148	122	104	85	66	48	33	18
BP1	40	264	260	241	219	193	167	152	133	119	96	85
_	50	264	279	282	275	260	238	223	208	189	171	152
	60	267	290	293	297	290	275	260	256	234	212	193
	70	267	297	305	305	305	301	293	282	267	249	226
	80	267	301	308	312	319	323	319	316	297	279	253
	90	267	301	312	319	327	327	327	327	312	293	267
	100	267	301	312	319	327	334	334	334	319	305	275

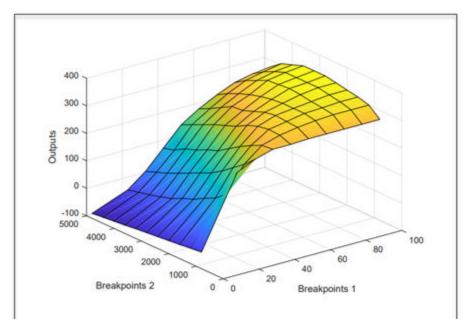


Figure 5.1. engine torque (;;:)

Table 5.2. engine torque Data Types

Data Type	Value
Table data type	double
Intermediate results data type	double
Output data type	double
Fraction data type	double
Breakpoints data type for dimension 1	double
Breakpoints data type for dimension 2	double

Note:

- The reported lookup table values result from evaluating the expression 'emap' during report generation. The values during simulation may differ from the reported values.
- The reported 'BreakPoint' result from evaluating the expression 'thee' during report generation. The values during simulation may differ from the reported values. The reported 'BreakPoint2' result from evaluating the expression 'nevec' during report generation. The values during simulation may differ from the reported values.

Customize LookupTable Reporter Output

This example shows how to add fixed content to a customized HTML LookupTable reporter template. You can also customize your lookup table report output by editing the report generator program directly. The advantage of customizing a template is that you can reuse it as a basis for customizing another report generator program.

The template and style sheets for the LookupTable reporter are located in the matlab \toolbox\shared\slreportgen\rpt\+slreportgen\+report \@LookupTable\resources\templates folder. You do not need to specify this path when you copy the default template.

1 Create a copy of the default html template. In this example, the template package is saved as a zipped file named CustomTemplate.htmtx in the current working folder.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
LookupTable.createTemplate('CustomTemplate','html');
```

2 Unzip the template package.

```
unzipTemplate('CustomTemplate.htmtx');
```

The unzipped template package is a folder of document, style sheet, and image files. In this example, the unzipped folder of files is named "CustomTemplate" and is saved in the current working folder. The root.css file, which is in the stylesheets subfolder, defines the styles that control the appearance and formatting of the generated report. The docpart_templates.html file specifies the holes that hold the report contents when the report is generated.

From the CustomTemplate folder, open the docpart_templates.html file in a text editor outside of MATLAB.

```
<html>
    <head>
        <meta charset="utf-8" />
        <title>Document Part Templates</title>
        link rel="StyleSheet" href="./stylesheets/root.css" type="text/css" />
        </head>        <body>
              <dplibrary>
        <!-- NOTE: temporary in the template library until the -->
              <! DOM supports a source without template name -->
```

4 To add fixed text to the template, place it in the desired location and use standard HTML tagging. This example adds text that appears above the data types table in the generated report. Only the <dptemplate name="LookupTable"> portion of the file is shown.

```
<dptemplate name="LookupTable">
    <hole id="Content">LUT_CONTENT</hole>
    <scan>This lookup table block contains the following
        data types:</scan>
    <hole id="LUTDataTypes">DATA_TYPE</hole>
        <hole id="FootNoteContent">LUT_FOOTNOTE_CONTENT</hole>
</dptemplate>
```

- **5** Save the file.
- **6** At the MATLAB command line, zip the template folder into a template package. For this example, the template package is zipped to the CustomTemplate.htmtx file.

```
zipTemplate('CustomTemplate');
```

7 To use the saved template for your report, specify the template source in your report generator program.

```
lutable = LookupTable();
lutable.TemplateSrc = 'CustomTemplate';
```

See Also

```
mlreportgen.report.BaseTable | mlreportgen.report.Figure |
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
```

```
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator) "Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction class

Package: slreportgen.report

MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function reporter

Description

Create a MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function reporter.

Note To use a MATLABFunction reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

reporter = MATLABFunction() creates an empty MATLABFunction reporter based on a default template. Use its properties to specify the Simulink MATLAB Function block or a Stateflow MATLAB function on which to report and specify report options.

reporter = MATLABFunction(mlfcnobj) creates a MATLABFunction reporter for the specified mlfcnobj. This reporter adds this default information to the generated report:

- Simulink MATLAB Function block properties or Stateflow MATLAB function properties, depending on whether the MATLAB function is a block or object
- Function input and output argument summary
- MATLAB code used by the MATLAB function to compute its outputs from its inputs

Use the reporter properties to include other information, such as detailed argument properties, function symbol properties, and supporting functions information.

reporter = MATLABFunction(Name, Value) sets MATLABFunction reporter properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single or double quotes.

Input Arguments

mlfcnobj — Simulink MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function

Simulink MATLAB Function block path | Simulink MATLAB Function block handle | Stateflow MATLAB function handle

See the Object property.

Properties

Object — Simulink MATLAB Function block or Stateflow MATLAB function

MATLAB Function Function block path | MATLAB Function block handle | Stateflow MATLAB function handle

Simulink MATLAB function block or Stateflow MATLAB function whose properties to report, specified as a path or handle.

Note If you use a finder to find a Lookup Table block and add it directly to a report, this Lookup Table reporter is used rather than a Simulink object property reporter.

IncludeObjectProperties — Include object properties

true (default) | false

Whether to include object properties, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a table of the properties of a MATLAB function. If false, the property table is not included.

ObjectPropertiesReporter — Object properties reporter

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Object properties reporter, specified as a BaseTable reporter or a custom reporter. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of the properties of the MATLAB function. The properties to be reported depend on whether the MATLAB function is a Simulink MATLAB Function block or a Stateflow MATLAB function.

For a Simulink MATLAB Function block, these properties are reported:

- Update Method
- Sample Time

- Support variable-size arrays
- Saturate on integer overflow
- Treat these inherited Simulink signal types as fi objects
- MATLAB Function block fimath
- Input fi math
- Description

For a Stateflow MATLAB function, these properties are reported:

- Saturate on integer overflow
- MATLAB function fimath
- Input fi math
- Description

To customize the appearance of the function property table and its title, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable reporter. To customize the title of the function property table, specify the contents in the Title property of the default or replacement reporter. The content you specify is placed at the front of the default title.

${\bf Include Argument Summary - Include \ summary \ of \ arguments}$

true (default) | false

Whether to include an argument summary table, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes a summary table of the argument properties of the MATLAB Function. If false, the report does not include an argument summary table.

ArgumentSummaryProperties — Argument properties to include

cell array of character vectors

Argument properties to include in the MATLAB Function argument summary table, specified as a cell array of property name character vectors. The default properties included in the summary are Name, Scope, Port, Compiled Type, and Compiled Size. If the model is not already compiled, the MATLABFunction reporter compiles the model to obtain Compile Type and Compiled Size data. When the report is closed, the model is uncompiled.

The value of this property can be any combination of these MATLAB Function argument properties.

- Name
- Scope
- Port
- Compiled Type (Data Type)
- Compiled Size (Size)
- Complexity
- Description
- Maximum (Max Value)
- Minimum (Min Value)
- Tunable
- Variable Size

ArgumentSummaryReporter — Summary of arguments reporter

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Argument summary reporter, specified as a BaseTable reporter or a custom reporter. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of the arguments of the MATLAB function. The table includes a summary of arguments and the argument properties specified by ArgumentSummaryProperties.

To customize the appearance of the argument summary table and the content of its title, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a custom version of the BaseTable reporter.

IncludeArgumentProperties — Include details for each argument

false (default) | true

Whether to include a property table with detailed information for each argument, specified as a logical. If false, the report does not include a property table for each argument in the MATLAB function. If true, the report includes the property table, and if the model is not already compiled, the MATLABFunction reporter compiles the model. When the report is closed, the model is uncompiled.

ArgumentPropertiesReporter — Argument properties reporter

BaseTable (default) | custom reporter

Argument properties reporter, specified as a BaseTable reporter or a custom reporter. The MATLABFunction reporter uses the specified reporter to create a table of the

argument properties of the MATLAB function. The MATLABFunction reporter creates and uses a copy of this reporter for each argument property to be reported.

To customize the appearance of the argument property table, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter.

IncludeFunctionScript — Include function script

true (default) | false

Whether to include the function script, specified as a logical. If true, the report includes the MATLAB function script that computes the output of the MATLAB Function block from its inputs. If false, the report does not include the function script.

FunctionScript — Function script code format

mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph (default)

Function script code format, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph paragraph. To customize the function script format, such as the font family, font size, alignment, and other attributes, set its mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph properties. The mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph does not control whether the reporter uses colors to highlight script syntax. See the HighlightScriptSyntax to control the highlighting.

To customize the appearance of the script, modify the properties of the default paragraph or replace the paragraph with another paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement paragraph, that content is placed before the MATLAB Function script in the generated report.

FunctionScriptTitle — Function script title

mlreportgen.dom.paragraph

Function script title, specified as an mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph, which contains the title for the section that contains the MATLAB function script. The default title is the MATLAB Function block name followed by "Function Script," which is appended to the paragraph. For example, for a MATLAB Function block named "Covariance Derivative," the title is "Covariance Derivative Function Script." The properties of the paragraph specify the appearance of the script title.

To customize the title appearance, modify the properties of the default paragraph object or replace it with another paragraph object. If you add content to the default or replacement title paragraph, the content you specify is placed at the front of the default title.

HighlightScriptSyntax — Highlight script syntax keywords

true (default) | false

Highlight script syntax keywords, specified as a logical. If true, the report uses colors to highlight script syntax keywords. If false, the report does not highlight keywords.

IncludeFunctionSymbolData — Include function symbol data

false (default) | true

Whether to include function symbol data, specified as a logical.

If false, the report does not include information about the symbols that appear in the main MATLAB function script. If true, the report includes the symbol data information. If the IncludeSupportingFunctions property is also true, the report also contains information on symbols that appear in supporting functions. Function symbol data is reported only if the source Object property of this reporter is a Simulink MATLAB Function block.

Note If you include function symbol data, report generation can be slower than if you do not include it.

FunctionSymbolReporter — Function symbol data reporter

BaseTable (default) | custom reporter

Function symbol data reporter, specified as an mlreportgen.report.BaseTable. This reporter is the basis for reporting the properties of symbols that appear in the main script of the MATLAB function. The symbols in the generated report are grouped by types, which are variable, operation, and function-call site. The table that lists each symbol type appears after the function properties. The symbol tables list all the symbols of particular types that appear in the main function or specific supporting functions. The report includes supporting function symbols only if IncludeSupportingFunctions is true. The MATLABFunction reporter creates a copy of this reporter for each symbol to be reported and uses the copy to report on the symbol properties. The reported function and symbol properties are:

Function Properties	Description		
Function Name	Name of the function		

Function Properties	Description
Function ID	ID of the function. Simulink assigns a unique ID to every MATLAB Function in a model and to every supporting function. A built-in or user-defined supporting function uses its same ID, regardless of how many functions it supports in a given model.
Path	Path of the function, which is the model path of the MATLAB Function block or Stateflow block that contains it. The path of a supporting function is the path of the MATLAB file that defines it.

Variable Properties	Description
Name	Name of the variable
Data type	Data type and the size of the variable
Start position	Line and column number of the first character of the variable name in the script in which it appears

Operation Properties	Description
Туре	Character or characters that represent the operation type. For example, +
Data type	Data type and size of the value produced by the operation
Start position	Line and column number of the first character of the operation in the script in which it appears

Function Call Site Properties	Description
Name	Name of the called function
	Data type and the size of the value returned by the called function
ID	ID of the called function

Function Call Site Properties	Description
•	Line and column number of the first character of the call site in the script in which it appears

To customize the appearance of the function symbol data tables, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter. If you specify Title property content in the default or replacement BaseTable reporter, that content is placed at the front of the default title in the generated report.

IncludeSupportingFunctions — Include supporting functions

false (default) | true

Whether to include supporting functions, specified as a logical. If false, the report does not include a list of functions invoked directly or indirectly by the function script. If true, the report includes the supporting functions.

SupportingFunctionsType — Supporting function types

cell array of character vectors (default)

Supporting function types to be reported, specified as a cell array. The cell array can include one or both of these character vectors.

- 'MATLAB' Include only MATLAB supporting functions
- 'user-defined' Include only user-defined supporting functions

SupportingFunctionsReporter — Supporting functions reporter

BaseTable (default) | custom reporter

Supporting functions reporter, specified as an BaseTable, which lists the functions invoked directly or indirectly by the MATLAB function script. The functions are sorted by function name.

To customize the appearance of the supporting functions table, customize the default BaseTable reporter or replace it with a customized version of the BaseTable reporter.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | ml reportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create MATLAB Function reporter template customizeReporter Create custom MATLAB Function reporter class

getClassFolder MATLAB Function reporter class definition file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add MATLAB Function Properties, Arguments, and Function Script

Create a PDF report generator that uses the MATLABFunction reporter. This reporter includes information about the MATLAB Function block in the sldemo_radar_eml model.. The report, by default, includes a table of object properties, a table of input and output arguments, and the function script.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = 'sldemo_radar_eml';
load_system(model_name);
mlfcnobj = 'sldemo_radar_eml/MATLAB Function';

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnobj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnobj);
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);

close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

The first page of the generated report is shown.

Chapter 1. sldemo_radar_eml/ MATLAB Function

Table 1.1. MATLAB Function Object Properties

Property	Value
Update Method	INHERITED
Sample Time	
Support variable-size arrays	0
Saturate on integer overflow	1
Treat these inherited Simulink signal types as fi objects	Fixed-point
MATLAB Function blo ck fimath	Other:UserSpecified
Input fi math	fimath('RoundMode', 'floor', 'OverflowMode', 'wrap', 'ProductMode', 'KeepLSB', 'ProductWordLength', 32, 'SumMode', 'KeepLSB', 'SumWordLength', 32, 'CastBeforeSum', true)
Description	

Table 1.2. MATLAB Function Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Compiled Type	Compiled Size
meas	Input	1	unknown	
residual	Output	1	unknown	
deltat	Parameter	NaN	unknown	
xhatOut	Output	2	unknown	

MATLAB Function Function Script

```
function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat)
%EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter
%
% This program is executed as a MATLAB function block in the
% sldemo_radar Simulink model. The estimated and actual positions are
% saved to the workspace and are plotted at the end of the simulation by
% the program aero_radplot (called from the simulation automatically).
%
```

Add MATLAB Function Argument Details

Create an HTML report generator that uses the MATLABFunction reporter and includes MATLAB Function argument details. Use the IncludeArgumentProperties property to include a table for each MATLAB Function block input and output argument. This example uses the sldemo radar eml model.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = 'sldemo_radar_eml';
load_system(model_name);
mlfcnobj = 'sldemo_radar_eml/MATLAB Function';

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','html');
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnobj);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnobj);
rptr.IncludeArgumentProperties = true;

add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);

close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This portion of the generated report shows some of the argument detail tables.

Table 1.2. MATLAB Function Argument Summary

Name	Scope	Port	Compiled Type	Compiled Size
meas	Input	1	unknown	
residual	Output	1	unknown	
deltat	Parameter	NaN	unknown	
xhatOut	Output	2	unknown	

Table 1.3. meas Argument Properties

Property	Value
Name	meas
Scope	Input
Port	1
Compiled Type	unknown

Change the MATLAB Function Script Formatting and Title

Create an HTML report generator that uses the MATLABFunction reporter and sets the appearance of the function script and title. Change the appearance of the MATLAB Function block function script section of the report. Use the FunctionScriptTitle property to specify the text to add at the front of the default function script table title. Create and use a DOM paragraph to change the font, font size, and color of the script. This example uses the sldemo_radar_eml model.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model name = 'sldemo radar eml';
load system(model name);
mlfcnobj = 'sldemo_radar_eml/MATLAB Function';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'html');
chapter = Chapter(mlfcnobi);
rptr = MATLABFunction(mlfcnobj);
paraTitle = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph('SCRIPT: ');
rptr.FunctionScriptTitle = paraTitle;
paraScript = mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph;
paraScript.FontFamilyName = 'Arial';
paraScript.FontSize = '12pt';
paraScript.Color = 'blue';
rptr.FunctionScript = paraScript;
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

This section of the generated report shows "SCRIPT:" added to the title and 12pt Arial blue font.

SCRIPT: MATLAB Function Function Script

```
function [residual, xhatOut] = EXTKALMAN(meas, deltat)
%EXTKALMAN Radar Data Processing Tracker Using an Extended Kalman Filter
%
% This program is executed as a MATLAB function block in the
% sldemo radar Simulink model. The estimated and actual positions are
% saved to the workspace and are plotted at the end of the simulation by
% the program aero radplot (called from the simulation automatically).
%
%
% Copyright 1990-2013 The MathWorks, Inc.
% Initialization
persistent P:
persistent xhat
if isemptv(P)
  xhat = [0.001; 0.01; 0.001; 400];
  P = zeros(4):
end
% Radar update time deltat is inherited from model workspace
% 1. Compute Phi, Q, and R
Phi = [1 deltat 0 0; 0 1 0 0; 0 0 1 deltat; 0 0 0 1];
Q = diag([0.005 0.005]):
R = diag([300^2 0.001^2]):
% 2. Propagate the covariance matrix:
P = Phi^*P^*Phi' + Q:
```

See Also

```
MATLAB Function | mlreportgen.dom.Paragraph | mlreportgen.report.BaseTable | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder | slreportgen.finder.BlockResult | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult | slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder | slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction
```

Topics

"Report on MATLAB Function" on page 4-16

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10

"What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.Report class

Package: slreportgen.report

Superclass for report creation

Description

slreportgen.report.Report is a container for a report based on Simulink reporters and DOM objects. Use this object to generate an HTML, PDF, or Word report based on templates in a template library.

Note Use objects of this type, instead of mlreportgen.report.Report, to create Simulink reports, which are reports that use Simulink reporters to generate content. You can also use MATLABreporters and DOM objects to generate Simulink report content.

Construction

report = slreportgen.report.Report() returns a report object report with the default report type (PDF) and a default file name (untitled.pdf).

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path) uses the specified output path for the report.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path,type) creates the specified type of report.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(path,type,template) uses the specified template.

report = slreportgen.report.Report(Name, Value) sets properties using namevalue pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

path — Report output path

untitled.pdf (default) | string | character array

See the OutputPath property.

type — Report output type

```
'pdf' (default) | 'html' | 'html-file' | 'docx'
```

See the Type property.

template — Report template

string | character array

See the TemplatePath property.

Properties

OutputPath — Report document output path

string | character array

Report document output path, specified as a string or character array. The path is the location in the file system where the report output document is stored. The path can be a full path or a path relative to the current MATLAB folder, for example, 'C:/myreports/reportA.docx' or 'reportA'. If the file name does not have a file extension corresponding to the Type property, the appropriate file extension is added.

Type — Output type

```
string | character vector | 'docx' | 'pdf'
```

Output type, specified as one of these values.

- 'HTML' HTML report packaged as a zipped file containing the HTML file, images, style sheet, and JavaScript files of the report.
- 'HTML-FILE' HTML report as a single HTML file containing the text, style sheet, JavaScript, and base64-encoded images of the report
- 'PDF' PDF file
- 'DOCX' Microsoft Word document

If you specify a template using the TemplatePath property, the value for Type must match the template type.

Layout — Page layout options

mlreportgen.report.ReportLayout object

Page layout options for this report, specified as a report layout object. See mlreportgen.report.ReportLayout.

Locale — Locale or language

[] (default) | string | character array

Locale or language, specified as the ISO 639-1 two-letter language code of the locale for which this report is to be generated. The default [] specifies the language of the system locale, for example, English on an English system. The Report API uses the language code to translate chapter title prefixes to the language of the specified locale. Translations are provided for the following locales: af, ca, cs, da, de, el, en, es, et, eu, fi, fr, hu, id, it, ja, ko, nl, nn, no, pl, pt, ro, ru, sk, sl, sr, sv, tr, uk, xh, and zh. If you specify an unsupported locale, the English version is used. See ISO 639-1 codes.

TemplatePath — Location of template

string | character array

Location of template used to format the report, specified as a string or character array. Use this property to specify a custom template for this report.

Document — Underlying DOM document object

DOM document object

This read-only property is an mlreportgen.dom.Document that is used to generate the content of the report.

Context — Container for keys and values

map object

This read-only property is a containers. Map object that contains information for generating the report, such as the hierarchical level of the current report section.

Debug — Debug mode

false (default) | true

Debug mode, specified as a logical. If you set Debug to true, the temporary files for the report are stored in a subfolder of the report folder. In debug mode, these files are not deleted when the report is closed.

CompileModelBeforeReporting — Compile Simulink model

true (default) | false

Whether to compile the Simulink model before reporting, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the model is not already compiled, it compiles when you add a reporter that reports on that model to this report. If the model cannot be compiled, report generation terminates. If this property is false, report generation proceeds without compiling the model.

Methods

This class uses the same methods as the MATLAB version. Instead of using mlreportgen in the class name, use slreportgen. See mlreportgen.report.Report for a list of methods.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties|
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10

"What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties class

Package: slreportgen.report

Simulink object properties reporter

Description

The SimulinkObjectProperties reporter generates tables that list the properties and property values of Simulink objects.

Note To use a Simulink object properties reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties() creates an empty Simulink object
properties reporter. Use the properties of this reporter to specify reporting on these
Simulink objects:

- Object whose properties to report
- · Properties to report
- Format of the reported properties

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties(obj) creates a reporter that generates a table listing the property values of the specified Simulink object.

To specify a list of properties to include in the generated properties table, use the Properties property of the reporter. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter includes a default set of properties based on the object type. For example, the property table for a block includes the properties set by its parameter dialog box.

To customize the format of the generated property table., use the PropertyTable property

Note This reporter compiles the model containing the object to be reported if the model is not already compiled. Compiling the model is necessary to propagate values to properties that are unspecified when the model has not been compiled. The model is uncompiled when you close the report that contains the generated property table.

reporter = SimulinkObjectProperties(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

obj - Simulink object

path string or character vector | object handle

See Object property.

Properties

Object — Simulink object to report

path string or character vector | object handle

Simulink object whose properties to report, specified as a path to or handle of the specified object. The <code>Object</code> value must be one of these types of objects:

- model
- block
- annotation
- port
- line
- line segment

PropertyTable — Object properties table reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter

Object properties table reporter, specified as a mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The object properties reporter uses the base table reporter to format object properties. If this property is initially empty, the object properties reporter sets the

property to a default property table reporter. To customize the property table formatting, set this property to a base table reporter that meets your formatting requirements.

ShowPromptNames — Whether to show property prompt names true (default) | false

Choice to display property names as dialog box prompts, specified as a logical. If true and the property appears on the dialog box of the object, the table lists its dialog box prompt instead of its property name. Otherwise, the generated property table lists the property using its property name.

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show properties with empty values false (default) | true

Choice to show properties with empty values.

Whether to show properties with empty values, specified as a logical. If false, the generated object properties table omits object properties whose value is empty. If true, the table includes properties whose value is empty.

Properties — Names of properties to be reported

cell array of strings or character vectors

Names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array.

A cell array of names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter determines a set of properties to report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter

template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create Simulink object properties reporter template customizeReporter Create custom Simulink object properties class

getClassFolder Simulink object properties class definition file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add Properties Table to Report

Use the SimulinkObjectProperties reporter to add a properties table for the vdp model to the report.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'vdp';
load_system(model_name);

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
rptr = SimulinkObjectProperties(model_name);
add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Specify Object Properties for Report Table

Add a properties table to a report and include properties for a model line segment only.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
model_name = 'vdp';
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
load_system(model_name);
ph = get_param('vdp/Mu','PortHandles');
outPort = ph.Outport;
line = get_param(outPort,'Line');
rptr = SimulinkObjectProperties(line);
rptr.Properties = {'Parent','SourcePort','StorageClass'};
add(chapter,rptr);
add(rpt,chapter);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

See Also

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable | slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectPropertie s class

Package: slreportgen.report

Stateflow object properties reporter

Description

The StateflowObjectProperties reporter generates tables that list the properties and property values of Stateflow objects.

Note To use a Stateflow object properties reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties() creates an empty Stateflow object
properties reporter. Use the properties of this reporter to specify reporting on these
Stateflow objects:

- Object whose properties to report
- Properties to report
- · Format of the reported properties

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties(obj) creates a reporter that generates a table listing the property values of the specified Stateflow object. The properties included by default depend on the object type. For example, a chart table includes the state and data of the chart. To specify a custom list of properties to be included in the generated property table, use the Properties property. Use the PropertyTable property to customize the format of the generated property table.

Note This reporter compiles the model containing the object to be reported if the model is not already compiled. Compiling the model is necessary to propagate values to

properties that are unspecified when the model has not been compiled. The model is in an uncompiled state when you close the report that contains the generated property table.

reporter = StateflowObjectProperties(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

obj — Stateflow object

Stateflow object handle

See Object property.

Properties

Object — Stateflow object to report

Stateflow object handle

Stateflow object whose properties to report, specified as the path string or character vector or as the handle of the specified object.

PropertyTable — Object properties table reporter

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter

Object properties table reporter, specified as a mlreportgen.report.BaseTable reporter. The object properties reporter uses the base table reporter to format object properties. If this property is initially empty, the object properties reporter sets the property to a default property table reporter. To customize the property table formatting, set this property to a base table reporter that meets your formatting requirements.

ShowEmptyValues — Whether to show properties with empty values

false (default) | true

Choice to show properties with empty values.

Whether to show properties with empty values, specified as a logical. If false, the generated object properties table omits object properties whose value is empty. If true, the table includes properties whose value is empty.

Properties — Names of properties to be reported

cell array of character vectors | cell array of strings

Names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors.

A cell array of names of object properties to be reported, specified as a cell array of strings or character vectors. If you do not specify any properties, the reporter determines a set of properties to report.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — Name of template for this reporter

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create Stateflow object properties reporter template customizeReporter Create custom Stateflow object properties class

getClassFolder Stateflow object properties class definition file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl	Get implementation of reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add Stateflow Chart Properties Table to Report

Add a table that reports the properties of the shift_model chart in sf_car model.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.utils.*

model_name = 'sf_car';
load_system(model_name);

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter(model_name);
chart = block2chart('sf_car/shift_logic');
rptr = StateflowObjectProperties(chart);

add(chapter, rptr);
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
```

```
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

See Also

mlreportgen.report.BaseTable|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.report.TruthTable class

Package: slreportgen.report

Truth table reporter

Description

Create a Simulink truth table block or Stateflow truth table object reporter.

Note To use a TruthTable reporter in a report, you must create the report using the slreportgen.report.Report class.

Construction

rptr = TruthTable() creates an empty TruthTable reporter. Use its properties to
specify the truth table on which to report and specify report options and format.

rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj) creates a TruthTable reporter for the truth
table specified by truthtableobj, which can be either a block or a Stateflow object. By
default, the reporter generates a table of the conditions and actions of the truth table.

rptr = TruthTable(Name, Value) creates a truth table reporter with additional
options specified by one or more Name, Value pair arguments. Name is a property name
and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes ('') or
double quotes (" ") . You can specify several name-value pair arguments in any order as
Name1, Value1, . . . , NameN, ValueN.

Input Arguments

truthtableobj — Truth table object

Simulink Truth Table block path | Simulink Truth Table block handle | Stateflow Truth Table handle

See the Object property.

Properties

Object — Truth table block or object

Simulink Truth Table block path | Simulink Truth Table block handle | Stateflow Truth Table handle

Simulink Truth Table block or Stateflow truth table object, specified as a path or handle.

IncludeConditionTableHeader - Include headers in condition table true (default) | false

Whether to include headers in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes column headers that identify the contents of the table columns.

IncludeConditionTableRowNumber — Include row numbers in condition table true (default) | false

Whether to include row numbers in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the condition table starts with a row number.

IncludeConditionTableConditionCol — Include condition column in condition table

true (default) | false

Whether to include the condition column in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes the conditions that trigger the decisions.

IncludeConditionTableDescriptionCol — Include description column in condition table

true (default) | false

Whether to include the description column in the truth table condition table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the report includes descriptions of the truth table conditions.

ConditionTableReporter — Reporter for truth table condition table

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Reporter used by the TruthTable reporter to create the truth table condition table. This property is set by default to an instance of a BaseTable reporter.

Use the associated BaseTable reporter properties to customize the appearance of the condition table. If the condition table is too wide to fit legibly on a page, use the MaxCols property of the BaseTable reporter to generate the condition table as a set of table slices that fit legibly.

Note The TruthTable reporter always repeats the first two columns of the condition table in each slice. It does not use the RepeatCols property of the BaseTable or custom reporter.

IncludeActionTableHeader — Include headers in action table

true (default) | false

Whether to include headers in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the action table includes the column headers, such as "Description" that identify the contents of each column.

IncludeActionTableRowNumber — Include row numbers in action table true (default) | false

Whether to include row numbers in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table starts with a row number.

$\label{localization} \textbf{IncludeActionTableActionCol} \ - \ \textbf{Include action column in action table} \\ \texttt{true} \ (\text{default}) \ | \ \texttt{false} \\$

Whether to include the action column in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table lists the executable action statements for each action.

true (default) | false

Whether to include the description column in the truth table action table, specified as a logical. If this property is true, each row of the action table contains a description of the corresponding action.

ActionTableReporter — Reporter for truth table action table

BaseTable reporter (default) | custom reporter

Reporter used by the Truth Table reporter to create the truth table's action table. This property is set by default to an instance of a BaseTable reporter. You can customize the appearance of the action table by changing the properties of this table reporter or by replacing it with a customized version of a BaseTable reporter.

TemplateSrc — Source of template for this reporter

string | character array | reporter or report | DOM document or document part

Source of template for this reporter, specified as one of these values:

- String or character array specifying the path of the file containing the template for this reporter
- Reporter or report whose template is used as the template for this reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter
- DOM document or document part whose template is used as the template for this
 reporter or whose template library contains the template for this reporter

The specified template must be of the same type as the report to which this reporter is appended. For example, for a Word report, TemplateSrc must be a Word reporter template. If the TemplateSrc property is empty, this reporter uses the default reporter template for the output type of the report.

TemplateName — **Name of template for this reporter**

string | character array

Name of template for this reporter, specified as a string or character array. The template for this reporter is in the template library of the template source (TemplateSrc) for this reporter.

LinkTarget — Hyperlink target for this reporter

string | character array | mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object

Hyperlink target for this reporter, specified as a string or character array that specifies the link target ID, or an mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget object. A string or character array value is converted to a LinkTarget object. The link target object immediately precedes the content of this reporter in the output report.

Methods

createTemplate Create truth table template

customizeReporter Create custom truth table reporter class getClassFolder Truth table class definition file location

Inherited Methods

getImpl G	Get implementation of reporter
-----------	--------------------------------

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Add Truth Table to a PDF Report

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*

model_name = 'sf_climate_control';
load_system(model_name)

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
truthtableobj = 'sf_climate_control/ClimateController';

chapter = Chapter(truthtableobj);
rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj);
rptr.IncludeConditionTableRowNumber = false;
add(chapter,rptr)
add(rpt,chapter)

close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
```

rptview(rpt)

Chapter 1. sf_climate_control/ClimateController

Table 1.1. Condition Table for ClimateController

Description	Condition	D1	D2	D3	D4
Hot	t > T_thresh	Т	Т	-	-
Dry	h < H_thre sh	Т	-	Т	-
	Actions:	CoolOn,HumidOn	CoolOn	HeatOn,HumidOn	HeatOn

Table 1.2. Action Table for ClimateController

#	Description	Action
1	Turn On Cooling (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	CoolOn: cooler = 1; heater = 0; humidifier = 0;
2	Turn On Heater (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	HeatOn: heater = 1; cooler = 0; humidifier = 0;
3	Turn On Humidifier	HumidOn: humidifier = 1;

Slice Truth Table Condition Table

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
```

```
model_name = 'sf_climate_control';
load_system(model_name)

rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
truthtableobj = 'sf_climate_control/ClimateController';

chapter = Chapter(truthtableobj);
rptr = TruthTable(truthtableobj);
rptr.IncludeConditionTableRowNumber = false;
rptr.ConditionTableReporter.MaxCols = 4;
add(chapter,rptr)
add(rpt,chapter)

close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. sf_climate_control/ClimateController

Table 1.1. Condition Table for ClimateController

From column 1 to column 2, from column 3 to column 4.

Description	Condition	D1	D2
Hot	t > T_thresh	Т	Т
Dry	h < H_thresh	Т	-
	Actions:	CoolOn,HumidOn	CoolOn

From column 1 to column 2, from column 5 to column 6.

Description	Condition	D3	D4
Hot	t > T_thresh	-	-
Dry	h < H_thresh	Т	-
***************************************	Actions:	HeatOn,HumidOn	HeatOn

Table 1.2. Action Table for ClimateController

#	Description	Action
1	Turn On Cooling (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	CoolOn: cooler = 1; heater = 0; humidifier = 0;
2	Turn On Heater (This implicitly reduces hu midity)	HeatOn: heater = 1; cooler = 0; humidifier = 0;
3	Turn On Humidifier	HumidOn: humidifier = 1;

See Also

```
mlreportgen.report.BaseTable | mlreportgen.utils.TableSlice |
mlreportgen.utils.TableSlicer | slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder |
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable
```

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Simulink annotation objects

Description

Find annotation objects in a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

Construction

finder = AnnotationFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all annotations in the specified diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of annotations, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder has two ways to find objects — find mode and iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. Then, use a for loop to process the results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one at a time. Using these iterator methods, use a while loop to process the results. Neither of these methods has a performance advantage over the other, so use either mode depending on whether you prefer while or for loops.

finder = AnnotationFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single or double quotes.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink block
- Path to a Simulink block
- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- · Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

Properties - Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}
```

Methods

results = find(finder) finds annotations in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the annotations it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the annotation properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one annotation. If the diagram has at least one annotation, the hasNext method queues that annotation as the next annotation that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that annotation. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has an annotation that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the annotation for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more annotations to be retrieved, this method

returns false. To search a diagram progressively for annotations, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the annotation that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the annotation properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Annotations in a Model

Create a report that finds annotations in the sf car model.

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.Report|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Simulink blocks

Description

Finds blocks in a Simulink diagram.

Construction

finder = BlockFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all types of blocks in the specified Simulink block diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of blocks, use the properties of the finder.

Note This finder has two ways to find objects — find mode and iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. Then, use a for loop to process the results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one at a time. Using these iterator methods, use a while loop to process the results. Neither of these methods has a performance advantage over the other, so use either mode depending on whether you prefer while or for loops.

finder = BlockFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

diagram — Block diagram to search

path | handle

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink model or subsystem
- · Path to a Simulink model or subsystem

BlockTypes — Types of block to find

string | character array | string array | cell array of character arrays

Type of block to find, such as Gain, specified as a string or character array, or a set of block types to find, specified as a string array or a cell array of character arrays.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out blocks

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out blocks in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out blocks are excluded from the search results.

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}
```

Methods

results = find(finder) finds blocks in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the blocks it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.BlockResult. To add tables of the block properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of reports of type slreportgen.report.Report

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one block. If the diagram has at least one block, the hasNext method queues that block as the next block that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that block. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has a block that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the block for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more blocks to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a diagram progressively for blocks, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the block that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.BlockResult. To add tables of the block properties, add the result object to the report directly or add it to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Inport and Outport Blocks in a Model

Find Inport and Output blocks in the sf_car model.

```
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    diagram = next(diagFinder);
    chapter = Chapter("Title", diagram.Name);
    add(chapter,diagram)
    sect = Section("Title", "Inport Blocks");
    ioFinder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
    ioFinder.BlockTypes = "Inport";
    blocks = find(ioFinder):
    for block = blocks
        add(sect.block)
    end
    add(chapter,sect);
    sect = Section("Title", "Outport Blocks");
    ioFinder = BlockFinder(diagram.Object);
    ioFinder.BlockTypes = "Outport";
    outblocks = find(ioFinder);
    for block = outblocks
        add(sect.block)
    end
    add(chapter,sect)
    add(rpt,chapter)
end
close(rpt)
close system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.BlockResult |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder | slreportgen.report.Diagram |
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.BlockResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create block finder result object

Description

Block search result object for a block in a Simulink diagram.

Construction

result = BlockResult(block) creates a search result object for a block found by a BlockFinder. The result object contains the Simulink block.

Note The simulink.finder.BlockFinder find method creates objects of this type for each block that it finds. You do not need to create this object yourself.

finder = BlockResult(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

block — Simulink or Stateflow block

block path | block handle

Simulink block, specified as a path or block handle to that block.

Properties

Object — **Block handle**

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the block returned in this result.

Name — Name of block

string

This read-only property specifies the name of the block returned in this result.

Type — Block type

string

This read-only property specifies the type of the block returned in this result.

Example: "Gain"

DiagramPath — Path of block

string

This read-only property returns the path of the block returned in this result.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

getDiagramReporter Returns Diagram reporter for this block result

getReporter Get block reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create Stateflow chart finder

Description

Finds Stateflow charts.

Construction

finder = ChartDiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Stateflow chart diagrams in the specified container. To constrain the search to specific types of diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = ChartDiagramFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

Container — Chart container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Chart container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle of a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- · Stateflow chart object

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsytems - Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search

results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out charts

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out charts in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out charts are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}
```

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing

models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

results = find(finder) finds chart diagrams in the container specified by the finder. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a chart diagram found by this method. Adding this array to a report or reporter adds images of the charts that it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one chart. If the container has at least one chart, the hasNext method queues that chart as the next chart that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that chart. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a chart that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the chart for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more charts exist to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for charts, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current chart and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current chart before it opens the next chart. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a chart that references many other charts. If your chart does not reference many other charts, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.

result = next(result) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. The search result contains the resulting chart. Adding this result object to a report or reporter adds a Diagram reporter for the chart.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Stateflow Charts

Create a report that includes images of all Stateflow charts in the sf_car model. Use a separate chapter for each chart.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model_name = 'sldemo_fuelsys';
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
add(rpt, TitlePage('Title', sprintf('%s Charts',...
    model name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
chapter = Chapter('Root System');
add(chapter, Diagram(model name));
add(rpt,chapter);
chapter = Chapter('Charts');
finder = ChartDiagramFinder(model name);
results = find(finder):
for result = results
    section = Section('Title', result.Name);
    add(section, result);
    add(chapter,section);
end
add(rpt, chapter);
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.report.Report|
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 $\,$

"What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create diagram element finder object

Description

Finds elements in a Simulink block or Stateflow chart diagram.

Construction

finder = DiagramElementFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds elements of a Simulink block or Stateflow chart diagram. By default this finder finds blocks, annotations, lines, states, and other elements in the diagram. Use the properties of the finder to constrain the search to specific types of elements.

Note This finder has two ways to find objects — find mode and iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. Then, use a for loop to process the results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one at a time. Using these iterator methods, use a while loop to process the results. Neither of these methods has a performance advantage over the other, so use either mode depending on whether you prefer while or for loops.

finder = DiagramElementFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Simulink block
- · Path to a Simulink block
- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- · Stateflow chart object

Types — Types of diagram elements to find

string | character array | array of strings | cell array of character arrays

Types of Simulink or Stateflow diagram elements to find, specified as a string, character array, array of strings, or a cell array of character arrays. If the type is an array, it specifies a set of element types. The default is All or all, which finds all elements in all diagrams. Use one of these values to constrain the search to specific diagram element types. You can use either the fully qualified name or the short name.

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
All	all
Simulink.Annotation	annotation
Simulink.Block	block
Simulink.Segment	line
Simulink.Port	port
Stateflow.Annotation	sf_annotation
Stateflow.Box	box
Stateflow.EMFunction	emfunction

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
Stateflow.Function	function
Stateflow.Junction	junction
Stateflow.SLFunction	slfunction
Stateflow.State	state
Stateflow.Transition	transition
Stateflow.TruthTable	truthtable

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagram elements

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out diagram elements in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out elements are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}

Methods

results = find(finder) finds diagram elements in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the diagram elements it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the diagram

element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the diagram that the finder searches contains at least one element. If the diagram has at least one element, the hasNext method queues that element as the next element that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that element. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the diagram has an element that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the element for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more elements exist to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a diagram progressively for elements, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the diagram element that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Block, Annotation, and Line Elements

Find the block, annotation, and line diagram elements to a search depth of 1 in the f14 model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*

model_name = 'f14';
```

```
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
add(rpt, TitlePage("Title",sprintf('%s Model',...
    model name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
diagFinder = SystemDiagramFinder("Container", ...
     model name, "SearchDepth", 1);
while hasNext(diagFinder)
    system = next(diagFinder);
    chapter = Chapter("Title", system.Name);
    add(chapter,system);
    sect = Section("Title", "Diagram Elements");
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder("Container", ...
        system.Object, "Types",...
        ["block" "annotation" "line"]);
    elems = find(elemFinder);
    for elem = elems
        add(sect, elem);
    end
    add(chapter, sect);
    add(rpt, chapter);
end
close(rpt);
close system(model name);
rptview(rpt);
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder|slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.StateFinder|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.Report
```

Topics

```
"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)
```

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create finder for diagrams

Description

Finds Simulink diagrams and Stateflow charts.

Construction

finder = DiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Simulink block diagrams and Stateflow chart diagrams in the specified container. To constrain the search to include specific types of diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = DiagramFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You
can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name
in single quotes.

Input Arguments

Container — Model container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Model container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Model container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- · Handle of a Simulink model, subsystem, or model block
- Path to a Simulink model, subsystem, or model block
- Handle of a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- · Stateflow chart object

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsytems - Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagrams

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out diagrams in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out diagrams are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain'.'5'}
```

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

results = find(finder) finds diagrams in the specified container. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a diagram found by this method. Adding this array to a report or a reporter adds images of all the diagrams that it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.

Note The find method opens and compiles a top-level model and all models it references. This method leaves all the models open at the conclusion of a search, which can slow reporting on models that contain many model references. To avoid this slowdown, use the hasNext and next methods to search such a model.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one diagram. If the container has at least one diagram, the hasNext method queues that diagram as the next diagram that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that diagram. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a diagram that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the diagram for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more diagrams to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for diagrams, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current model and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current model before it opens the next model. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a top model that references many other models. If your model does not reference many other models, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. The search result contains the resulting diagram. Adding this result object to a report or reporter adds a Diagram reporter for the diagram.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find All Block Diagrams and Stateflow Charts

Create a report that includes an image of all diagrams in the sf_car model. Use a separate chapter for each diagram. Although the model used in this example does not contain model references, the example uses iterator mode to illustrate its syntax.

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

Find All Diagrams in a Subsystem

Open the sf_car model and find all the diagrams in its Engine subsystem. Use either the path to the subsystem or its handle. You can then include the results in your report.

```
sf_car
% Use path
enginePath = "sf_car/Engine";
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(enginePath);
results = find(finder);
% or use handle
engineHandle = get_param("sf_car/Engine","Handle");
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder(engineHandle);
results_enginehandle = find(finder);
```

Find Diagram Elements with Specific Property Value

Open the f14 model and find all Gain blocks with a value of Zw.

```
model = 'f14';
finder = slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder(model)
finder.Properties = {'Gain','Zw'};
results = find(finder);
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.Report
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create diagram element finder result object

Description

Diagram element search result object for an element in a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

Construction

result = DiagramElementResult(elem) creates a search result object for a diagram element. The result object contains the specified Simulink or Stateflow diagram element.

Note The find methods of diagram element finders create and return instances of this slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult object. You do not need to create instances yourself.

finder = DiagramElementResult(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

elem — Simulink or Stateflow diagram element

diagram element path | diagram element handle

Simulink or Stateflow diagram element, specified as a path or handle to the element.

Properties

Object — **Diagram element handle**

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the diagram element returned in this result.

Name — Name of diagram element

string

This read-only property specifies the name of the diagram element returned in this result.

Type — Diagram element type

string

This read-only property specifies the type of the diagram element returned in this result.

Example: "Simulink.BlockDiagram"

${\tt DiagramPath-Path\ of\ diagram\ that\ contains\ element}$

string

This read-only property returns the path of the diagram that contains the element returned in this result.

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

getDiagramReporter Returns Diagram reporter for diagram element result

getReporter Get diagram element reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Create Diagram Element Result Object for Subsystem

Load the sf_car model and save the result of searching for diagram elements in its Engine subsystem. Both code examples produce the same result object. Use the second approach if you want to customize how the results display in your report.

```
import slreportgen.finder.*
load_system('sf_car')
result = DiagramElementResult('sf_car/Engine')
% or
load_system('sf_car')
finder = DiagramElementFinder();
result = find(finder,'sf_car/Engine')
```

Include the result directly in an slreportgen.report.Report report or, add it to a reporter that you then add to the report.

See Also

 $\verb|slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder| slreportgen.report.Report |$

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create diagram result finder object

Description

Diagram search result object for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram.

finder = DiagramResult(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Construction

result = DiagramResult(diagram) creates a search result object for a Simulink or Stateflow diagram. The result object contains the specified Simulink or Stateflow diagram. Diagram finder find methods create and return instances of this object for each diagram that they find. You do not need to create this object yourself.

Input Arguments

diagram — Simulink or Stateflow diagram

diagram path | diagram handle

Simulink or Stateflow diagram, specified by its path or its handle.

Properties

Object — **Diagram handle**

handle

This read-only property contains a handle to the diagram returned by this result.

Name — Name of model or block

string

This read-only property specifies the name of the model or block that contains the diagram returned by this result.

Type — Diagram type

string

This read-only property specifies the type of the diagram returned by this result.

Example: "Simulink.BlockDiagram"

Path — Path to diagram

string

This read-only property returns the path of the container of the diagram returned by this result. An example of a container of a diagram is a subsystem block.

Example: "sf car/Engine"

Tag — Additional information

string | character vector | object | ...

Additional information to add to this result. You can set it to any type of value.

Methods

getReporter

Get diagram reporter

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.Report
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.StateFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Stateflow states

Description

Finds Stateflow states.

Construction

finder = StateFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds by default all uncommented Stateflow states in the specified chart diagram. To constrain the search to specific types of chart diagrams, use the properties of this finder.

Note This finder has two ways to find objects — find mode and iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. Then, use a for loop to process the results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one at a time. Using these iterator methods, use a while loop to process the results. Neither of these methods has a performance advantage over the other, so use either mode depending on whether you prefer while or for loops.

finder = StateFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

diagram — Diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Chart diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out states

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out states in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out states are excluded from the search results.

Properties — Properties of states to find

cell array

Properties of states to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only states that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'ArrowSize','5'}
```

Methods

results = find(finder) finds states in the chart diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the states it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the state properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the chart diagram that the finder searches contains at least one state. If the chart diagram has at least one state, the hasNext method queues that state as the next state that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that state. On

subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the chart diagram has a state that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the state for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more states to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a chart diagram progressively for states, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the state that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the state properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Stateflow States

Create a report that includes properties of all the Stateflow states in the shift_logic chart of the sf car model.

```
chartFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model name);
charts = find(chartFinder);
while hasNext(chartFinder)
    diagram = next(chartFinder);
    stFinder = StateFinder(diagram.Object);
    states = find(stFinder);
    if ~isempty(states)
        chapter = Chapter("Title", diagram.Name);
        add(chapter,diagram)
        for state = states
           sect = Section("Title", "States");
           add(sect,states)
        end
        add(chapter,sect)
        add(rpt,chapter)
    end
end
close(rpt)
close_system(model_name)
rptview(rpt)
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElement Finder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Find Stateflow diagram elements

Description

StateflowDiagramElementFinder creates a finder object that finds elements in a Stateflow chart diagram.

Construction

finder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(diagram) creates a finder that finds elements of a Stateflow chart diagram. By default this finder finds states, transitions, truth tables, and other elements in the specified Stateflow chart diagram. Use the properties of the finder to constrain the search to specific types of elements.

Note This finder has two ways to find objects — find mode and iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. Then, use a for loop to process the results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one at a time. Using these iterator methods, use a while loop to process the results. Neither of these methods has a performance advantage over the other, so use either mode depending on whether you prefer while or for loops.

finder = StateflowDiagramElementFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

diagram — Chart Diagram to search path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Chart diagram to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

Chart diagram in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- Handle to a Stateflow chart block
- · Path to a Stateflow chart block
- Stateflow chart ID
- Stateflow chart object

Types — Types of diagram elements to find

string | character array | array of strings | cell array of character arrays

Types of Stateflowdiagram elements to find, specified as a string, character array, array of strings, or a cell array of character arrays. If the type is an array, it specifies a set of element types. The default is All or all, which finds all elements in all diagrams. Use one of these values to constrain the search to specific diagram element types. You can use either the fully qualified name or the short name.

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
All	all
Simulink.Annotation	annotation
Simulink.Block	block
Simulink.Segment	line
Simulink.Port	port
Stateflow.Annotation	sf_annotation
Stateflow.Box	box
Stateflow.EMFunction	emfunction
Stateflow.Function	function
Stateflow.Junction	junction

Fully Qualified Name	Short Name
Stateflow.SLFunction	slfunction
Stateflow.State	state
Stateflow.Transition	transition
Stateflow.TruthTable	truthtable

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out chart elements

false (default) | true

Whether to include commented-out chart elements in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out elements are excluded from the search results.

Properties — Properties of elements to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only elements that have the specified properties with the specified values.

Example: finder.Properties = {'ArrowSize','5'}

Methods

results = find(finder) finds Stateflow chart diagram elements in the diagram specified by the finder. This method returns the chart diagram elements it finds wrapped in result objects of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the chart diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be reports of type slreportgen.report.Report.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the chart diagram that the finder searches contains at least one element. If the chart diagram has at least one element, the hasNext method queues that element as the next element that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that element. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the chart diagram has an element that the next method has not yet retrieved. It queues the element for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more elements to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a chart diagram progressively for elements, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. This method returns the chart diagram element that it finds wrapped in a result object of type slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult. To add tables of the chart diagram element properties, add the results objects directly to the report or add them to a reporter that you then add to a report. The reports to which you can add the results of this method must be of type slreportgen.report.Report.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Stateflow States and Transitions

Create a report that finds Stateflow states and transitions in the fuelsys model

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'fuelsys';
load system(model name)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
add(rpt, TitlePage('Title',sprintf('%s Charts',...
    model name)))
add(rpt, TableOfContents)
chartFinder = ChartDiagramFinder(model name);
while hasNext(chartFinder)
    chart = next(chartFinder);
    chapter = Chapter("Title",chart.Name);
    add(chapter, chart)
    sect = Section("Title", "States");
    stateFinder = StateFinder(chart.Object);
    states = find(stateFinder):
    for state = states
        add(sect,state)
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.AnnotationFinder |
slreportgen.finder.ChartDiagramFinder |
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.finder.StateFinder |
slreportgen.finder.StateflowDiagramElementFinder |
slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2017b

slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder class

Package: slreportgen.finder

Create block diagram finder

Description

Create Simulink block diagram finder.

Construction

finder = SystemDiagramFinder(container) creates a finder that finds by default
all uncommented Simulink block diagrams in the specified container, which can be a
Simulink model or subsystem. To constrain the search to specific types of models or
subsystems, use the properties of the finder.

Note This finder can operate in either find or iterator mode. In find mode, use its find method to return the results of a search as an array of results. In iterator mode, use its hasNext and next methods to return the results of a search one-by-one. When searching in models that have many model references, use iterator mode. Iterator mode closes a model after compiling and searching it, whereas find mode keeps all the models that it searches open. Having many open models can consume all system memory and slow report generation. Iterator mode is slower than find mode, so use find mode to search models that reference few or no other models.

finder = SystemDiagramFinder(Name, Value) sets properties using name-value
pairs. You can specify multiple name-value pair arguments in any order. Enclose each
property name in single quotes.

Input Arguments

Container — Diagram container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

See Container property.

Properties

Container — Diagram container to search

path | handle | chart ID | chart object

System container in which to search, specified as one of these values:

- · Handle of a Simulink model or subsystem
- · Path to a Simulink model or subsystem

SearchDepth — Depth of system diagram search

inf (default) | positive integer

Depth of system diagram search, specified as inf or a positive integer. SearchDepth specifies how many levels deep to search a diagram container for diagrams. To search all levels, use inf.

IncludeMaskedSubsytems — Search masked subsystems

true (default) | false

Choice to search masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches masked Subsystem blocks in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeReferencedModels — Search model references

true (default) | false

Choice to search referenced models, specified as a logical. If this property is true, the finder searches models referenced in the diagram container. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results.

IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks — Search Simulink library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If both this property and IncludeMaskedSubsystems are true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to both Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but IncludeMaskedSubsystems is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in Simulink libraries.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Search user library links

true (default) | false

Choice to search user library links, specified as a logical. If this property is true and the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is true, the finder searches links in the diagram container to Subsystem and masked Subsystem blocks in user libraries. It searches to the specified SearchDepth and includes the diagrams it finds in the search results. If this property is true, but the IncludeMaskedSubsystems property is false, the finder searches only links to Subsystem blocks in user libraries.

IncludeRoot — Include root diagram

true (default) | false

Choice to include the root diagram in the search results, specified as a logical. If true and the top-level diagram container is a model, the model block diagram is included in the search results. Otherwise, the search results omit the model block diagram.

IncludeCommented — Include commented-out diagrams

false (default) | true

Choice to include commented-out diagrams in the search results, specified as a logical. If false, commented-out diagrams are excluded from the search results.

IncludeVariants — Include diagram variants

string | character vector

Variants to search for diagrams, specified as a string or character vector. The default value is Active. Valid values are:

- All All variants
- Active Only active variants
- ActivePlusCode All active variants and code variants

Properties — Properties of objects to find

cell array

Properties of objects to find, specified as a cell array of name-value pairs. The finder returns only objects that have the specified properties with the specified values.

```
Example: finder.Properties = {'Gain','5'}
```

AutoCloseModel — Whether to close models

true (default) | false

Whether to close models, specified as true or false. If true, the next method of the finder closes the currently open model before moving to the next model to search. Closing models prevents excessive consumption of memory when searching a model that references many models.

Note The find method of the finder ignores this property and leaves all referenced models open. For this reason, you should not use the find method to search models with many model references.

Methods

results = find(finder) finds block diagrams in the container specified by the finder. The finder is an slreportgen.finder.SystemDiagramFinder object. results is an array of slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult objects, each of which contains a block diagram found by this method. Adding the array to a report or reporter adds images of all the block diagrams it contains. The reports to which you can add the results of this method are reports of type slreportgen.report.Report or another reporter object, such as an slreportgen.report.Chapter reporter.

tf = hasNext(finder) determines if the container that the finder searches contains at least one diagram. If the container has at least one diagram, the hasNext method queues that diagram as the next diagram that the next method will return. The hasNext method then returns true. Use the next method to obtain that diagram. On subsequent calls, the hasNext method determines if the container has a diagram that the next has not yet retrieved. It queues the diagram for the next method to retrieve and returns true. If there are no more diagrams to be retrieved, this method returns false. To search a container progressively for diagrams, use the hasNext method with the next method in a while loop.

Note If the current result is the last result in the search queue for the current model and the AutoCloseModel property is true, this method closes the current model before it

opens the next model. Although this increases search time, it reduces memory consumption when searching a top model that references many other models. If your model does not reference many other models, to speed up the search, set the AutoCloseModel property to false or use the find method.

result = next(finder) returns the next search result in the result queue that the hasNext method created. The search result contains the resulting diagram. Adding this result object to a report or reporter adds a Diagram reporter for the diagram.

Copy Semantics

Handle. To learn how handle classes affect copy operations, see Copying Objects (MATLAB).

Examples

Find Block Diagrams

Create a report that finds block diagrams in the sf_car model.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
model name = 'sf car';
load system(model name);
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
add(rpt, TitlePage('Title', sprintf('%s Systems',...
     model name)));
add(rpt, TableOfContents);
finder = SystemDiagramFinder(model name);
results = find(finder);
for result = results
     chapter = Chapter('Title', result.Name);
     add(chapter, result);
     add(rpt,chapter);
end
```

```
close(rpt);
close_system(model_name);
rptview(rpt);
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|
slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult|
slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

Topics

"Report Generation for Simulink and Stateflow Elements" on page 1-10 "What Is a Reporter?" (MATLAB Report Generator)

slreportgen.utils.block2chart class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Get Stateflow chart object from containing block

Construction

charts = slreportgen.utils.block2chart(subsystems) returns an array of Stateflow chart objects that are contained in the specified subsystems.

Input Arguments

subsystems - Subsystem blocks

array of subsystem block handles | array of paths to subsystem blocks

Subsystem blocks, specified as an array of subsystem block handles or an array of handles or paths to the subsystem blocks.

Output Arguments

charts — Stateflow chart objects

array of Stateflow chart objects

Stateflow chart objects, returned as an array. The returned Stateflow charts are contained in the specified subsystems.

Examples

Obtain Chart Object

```
load_system('sldemo_fuelsys')
slreportgen.utils.block2chart...
  ('sldemo_fuelsys/fuel_rate_control/control_logic')
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle

slreportgen.utils.compileModel class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Compile model

Construction

slreportgen.utils.compileModel(modelname) compiles the model specified in the modelname input. If modelname is a Simulink block or Stateflow object, the model that contains that block or object is compiled.

Input Arguments

modelname — Model to compile

character array | string

Model to compile, specified as a character array or string of the model handle, block handle or Stateflow objects. If modelname is an element in the model or chart, this utility compiles the containing model or chart.

See Also

 ${\tt slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled} \mid {\tt slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel}$

slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Get Simulink or Stateflow icon file name

Construction

displayIcon = slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon(obj) returns the icon image file name for a Simulink handle or Stateflow object.

Input Arguments

obj - Simulink or Stateflow object

string | character array

Simulink handle or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array of its path or handle.

Output Arguments

displayIcon — Icon image file name

string

Icon image file name, returned as a string.

Examples

Get Icon File Name for Stateflow Chart

```
load_system('sf_car')
chart = find(slroot,'-isa',...
    'Stateflow.Chart','Name','shift_logic');
iconPath = slreportgen.utils.getDisplayIcon(chart)
iconPath =
```

"C:\Program Files\MATLAB\R2018b\toolbox\...
shared\dastudio\resources\Chart.png"

slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Get Simulink model

Construction

modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle(obj) returns the handle of a Simulink model or Stateflow object.

Input Arguments

obj - Simulink or Stateflow object

string | character array

Simulink or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array of the object path or object handle. This utility returns the handle of the specified model or chart. If you specify an element in the model or chart, this utility returns the handle of the containing model or chart.

Output Arguments

modelHandle — Model handle

true | false

Model handle, returned as a dobule.

Examples

Obtain Simulink Model Handle

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle_blk = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle('f14/Controller')
```

```
modelHandle_blk =
2.0002
```

Obtain Stateflow Chart Handle

```
load_system('sf_car');
chart = find(slroot,'-isa',...
    'Stateflow.Chart','Name','shift_logic');
chart_handle = slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle(chart)
chart_handle =
    186.0001
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle

slreportgen.utils.getObjectID class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Generate link target ID for Simulink or Stateflow object

Construction

id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj) generates a link target ID for the
specified Simulink or Stateflow object. The ID is hashed so that it does not exceed the 40character limit imposed on Microsoft Word bookmarks.

Note The slreportgen.report.Diagram and

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram reporters use this utility to generate IDs for element hyperlinks in diagrams generated for HTML and PDF reports. You can use this function to generate corresponding link targets for the diagram elements.

To create a link target for a Truth Table block in a Simulink diagram, specify the Truth Table block path and not the Stateflow.TruthTable object.

id = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(obj,"Hash",false) does not hash the
generated ID.

Input Arguments

obj - Simulink or Stateflow object

object path | object handle

Simulink or Stateflow object, specified by its path or handle, for which to generate a link target ID.

Output Arguments

id — Simulink or Stateflow link target ID string

Simulink or Stateflow link target ID, returned as a string. You use this string as the anchor ID for linking.

Examples

Obtain Object ID From Handle

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14');
objID = slreportgen.utils.getObjectID(modelHandle)
objID =
    '8bc7ba92e180202ffc5ce217625c6563'
```

See Also

mlreportgen.dom.LinkTarget|slreportgen.report.Diagram|
slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Evaluate parameter value expression

Construction

param_value = getResolvedParamValue(block,parameter) returns the value of a block parameter. The value of the parameter is an evaluated MATLAB expression that includes references to workspace variables. This utility produces an slreportgen:UnresolvableExpression error if it cannot find expression variables in the MATLAB or model workspace.

Input Arguments

block - Block name

string | character array

Block name, specified as a string or character array of the block name or block handle.

parameter — Block parameter name

string | character array

Block parameter name, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

param_value — Value of block parameter

depends on block

Value of block parameter. The data type of the returned value depends on the specific parameter.

Examples

Obtain Parameter Value

```
load_system('f14')
numval = slreportgen.utils.getResolvedParamValue...
    ('f14/Actuator Model','Numerator')
numval =
    1
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.traceSignal

slreportgen.utils.getSISfHandle class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Get Simulink handle or Stateflow object

Construction

sisfhandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle(path_id) returns the
Simulink or Stateflow object handle of the input Simulink path, Simulink identifier (SID),
or Stateflow numeric ID.

Input Arguments

```
path_id — Simulink or Stateflow object path or ID
string | character array
```

Simulink or Stateflow object path or ID, specified as a string or character array. This utility returns the handle of the specified path_id object.

Output Arguments

```
sisfhandle — Handle of object double
```

Handle of the specified Simulink or Stateflow object, returned as a double.

Examples

Obtain Simulink Model and Object Handles

```
load_system('f14')
modelHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14')
blockHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14/Controller')
SIDHandle = slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle('f14:3')
```

```
modelHandle = 2.0001
blockHandle = 38.0001
SIDHandle = 6.0001
```

Obtain Stateflow Chart Handle

```
load_system('sf_car')
chart = find(slroot, '-isa',...
    'Stateflow.Chart', 'Name', 'shift_logic');
slreportgen.utils.getSlSfHandle(chart.Id);
```

This example returns the list of Stateflow chart properties to the workspace. The Stateflow handle is equivalent to the Stateflow object. To use a Stateflow handle, assign it to a variable.

See Also

getSimulinkBlockHandle|slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

slreportgen.utils.isCommented class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if commented object

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isCommented(obj) tests whether the input Simulink or Stateflow object is commented out.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being commented out

string | character array

Simulink or Stateflow object to check for being commented out, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink object path or handle or Stateflow object.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a masked system

true | false

Whether input is a masked system, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is masked. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If System Is Commented Out

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isCommented('sf_car/Vehicle')
tf =
```

```
logical
0
```

In this case, the sf_car model is not commented out.

slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if lookup table block

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(obj) tests whether the obj is a lookup
table block.

These lookup table blocks are supported.

- 1-D Lookup Table
- 2-D Lookup Table
- n-D Lookup Table
- · Interpolation Using Prelookup
- Direct Lookup Table (n-D)
- Lookup Table Dynamic

Input Arguments

obj — Simulink block to query

string | character array

Simulink block to query for whether it is a lookup table block, specified as a string or character array of its block path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a lookup table block

true | false

Whether input is a lookup table block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a lookup table block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Test Whether Block Is a Lookup Table Block

Use isLookupTable to test whether a block is a type of lookup table block.

Find blocks in a container, such as a model, and obtain its results.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the results and test whether each block is a lookup table block. For each result that is a lookup table block, create a LookupTable reporter, and add the reporter to the report.

```
for i=1:length(results)
  block = results(i).Object;
  if slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable(block)
    rptr = LookupTable(block);
    add(rpt,rptr);
  end
end
```

See Also

 $\verb|slreportgen.report.LookupTable|| slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable||$

slreportgen.utils.isMaskedSystem class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if masked subsystem block

Construction

tf = isMaskedSystem(system) tests whether the input system is masked.

Input Arguments

system - System to check for masking

string | character array

System to check for masking, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a masked system

true | false

Whether input is a masked system, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is masked. Otherwise, it returns θ (false).

Examples

Check If System Is Masked

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isMaskedSystem('sf_car/Vehicle')
tf =
  logical
```

1

In this case, the sf_car model is masked.

See Also

Topics

"Create Block Masks" (Simulink)

slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if MATLAB function block or object

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(obj) tests whether the input obj is a Simulink MATLAB Function block or a Stateflow MATLAB function object.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being a MATLAB Function block

string | character array

Simulink element or Stateflow object to check for being a MATLAB Function block, specified as a string or character array of the its path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a MATLAB Function block or object

true | false

Whether input is a MATLAB Function block or object, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a MATLAB Function block or object. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Test Whether Block Is a MATLAB Function Block

Use isMATLABFunction to test whether a block is a MATLAB Function block.

Find blocks in a container, such as a model, and obtain its results.

```
blkfinder = slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder(model_name);
results = find(blkfinder);
```

Then, loop through the results and test whether each block is a MATLAB Function block. For each result that is a MATLAB Function block, create a MATLABFunction reporter, and add the reporter to the report.

```
for i=1:length(results)
  block = results(i).0bject;
  if slreportgen.utils.isMATLABFunction(block)
    rptr = MATLABFunction(block);
    add(myReport,rptr);
  end
end
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction

slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if model is compiled

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled(model) tests whether the input
Simulink model is compiled.

Input Arguments

model - Model to check for being compiled

string | character array

Model to check for being compiled, specified as a string or character array of the model path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether model is compiled

true | false

Whether model is compiled, returned as 1 (true) if the model is compiled. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If Model Is Compiled

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled('sf_car')
tf =
```

```
logical
0
```

In this case, the sf_car model is not compiled.

See Also

slreportgen.utils.compileModel|slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded|
slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel

slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if model is loaded

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded(model) tests whether the input Simulink
model is loaded into memory.

Input Arguments

model - Model to check for being loaded

string | character array

Model to check for being loaded, specified as a string or character array of the model path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input model is loaded

true | false

Whether input model is loaded into memory, returned as 1 (true) if the input model is loaded. Otherwise, it returns θ (false).

Examples

Check If Model Is Loaded

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelLoaded('sf_car')
tf =
```

```
logical
0
```

In this case, the sf_car model is not loaded.

See Also

slreportgen.utils.getModelHandle

slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if Model block

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock(obj) tests whether the input
obj is a Model block.

Input Arguments

obj - Object to check for being a Model block

string | character array

Object to check for being a Model block, specified as a string or character array of the Simulink object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Model block

true | false

Whether input is a Model block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a Model block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If Object is a Model Block

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isModelReferenceBlock('sf_car/Engine')
```

```
tf =
  logical
  0
```

In this case, the Engine subsystem in the sf_car model is not a Model block.

See Also

 ${\tt Simulink.SubSystem.convertToModelReference}$

slreportgen.utils.isSID class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if Simulink Identifier (SID) string

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isSID(name) tests whether the input name is a
syntactically correct Simulink Identifier (SID).

Input Arguments

name - Name to check for being an SID

string | character array

Name to check for being an SID, specified as a string or character array. This utility checks only that the syntax of the input is valid. It does not check whether the input is a valid SID.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is an SID

true | false

Whether input is a syntactically correct SID, returned as 1 (true) if the input is an SID. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If Input Uses Valid SID Syntax

```
load_system('f14')
sid_1 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('f14')
```

```
sid_2 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('f14/Controller')
sid_3 = slreportgen.utils.isSID('valid_syntax_not_valid_sid')
getsid_4 = Simulink.ID.getSID('f14/Controller');
sid_4 = slreportgen.utils.isSID(getsid_4)

sid_1 =
   logical
   1

sid_2 =
   logical
   0

sid_3 =
   logical
   1

sid_4 =
   logical
   1
```

slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if Transition Table block

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock(obj) tests whether
the input obj is a Stateflow State Transition Table block.

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check for being a Stateflow Transition Table block string | character array

Object to check for being a Stateflow Transition Table block, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a State Transition Table block true | false

Whether input is a State Transition Table block, returned as 1 (true) if the input is a State Transition Table block. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If Block Is a State Transition Table Block

```
load_system('sf_car')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isStateTransitionTableBlock...
    ('sf_car/shift_logic/downshifting')
```

```
tf =
  logical
  0
```

In this case, the downshifting object in the Stateflow shift_logic chart of the sf_car model is not a State Transition Table block.

slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if Truth Table object

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable(obj) tests if the input obj is a Simulink Truth Table block or a Stateflow Truth Table object.

Input Arguments

obj — Object to check for being a Truth Table block or object

string | character array

Object to check for being a Truth Table block or object, specified as a string or character array of the object path or handle.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether input is a Truth Table block or object

true | false

Whether input is a Truth Table block or object, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is a truth table. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

Examples

Check If Object is a Truth Table

```
load_system('sf_climate_control')
tf = slreportgen.utils.isTruthTable...
    ('sf_climate_control/ClimateController')
tf =
```

logical

1

In this case, the ClimateController block in the sf_climate_control model is a Truth Table block.

See Also

slreportgen.report.TruthTable|slreportgen.utils.isLookupTable

slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Check if valid Simulink system

Construction

tf = slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem(system) tests if the input system is a valid Simulink block diagram or subsystem block. Use this utility to determine whether a system is in memory.

Input Arguments

system - System to check for validity

string | character array

System to check for validity, specified as a string or character array of the path or handle of a Simulink block diagram or subsystem block.

Output Arguments

tf — Whether system is valid

true | false

Whether system is valid, returned as 1 (true) if the input system is valid. Otherwise, it returns 0 (false).

slreportgen.utils.loadAllSystems class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Load all systems

Construction

slreportgen.utils.loadAllSystems(name) loads all systems, including masking subsystems and libraries, into memory for the specified Simulink model name. If the input name is not a model and is, for example, a block, this utility obtains the containing model and then, loads all of its systems.

Input Arguments

name — Name or handle of Simulink model or Stateflow object

string | character array

Name or handle of Simulink model or Stateflow object, specified as a string or character array, for which to load all of its systems.

See Also

slreportgen.utils.isValidSlSystem

slreportgen.utils.pathJoin class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Combine two diagram path parts

Construction

diagrampath = slreportgen.utils.pathJoin(parent,name) combines the
parent and name paths to create a full Simulink diagram path. Any newlines are
converted to spaces.

Input Arguments

parent - Parent diagram path

string | character array

Parent diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

name — Diagram name

string | character array

Diagram name, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

diagrampath — Full diagram path

string

Full diagram path, returned as a string.

Examples

Combine Parent Diagram Path and Diagram Name

```
slreportgen.utils.pathJoin("sf_car/transmission",...
    "transmission ratio")
diagpath =
    "sf_car/transmission/transmission ratio"
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.pathParts|slreportgen.utils.pathSplit

slreportgen.utils.pathParts class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Split diagram path into parent and diagram parts

Construction

[parent,name] = slreportgen.utils.pathParts(diagramPath) splits a Simulink diagram path into its parent diagram path and its diagram name.

Input Arguments

diagramPath — Full diagram path

string | character array

Full diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

parent - Parent diagram path

string

Parent diagram path, returned as a string.

name — Diagram name

string

Diagram name, returned as a string.

Examples

Split Full Diagram Path into Parent and Diagram Parts

```
[parent,name] = slreportgen.utils.pathParts...
('sf_car/transmission/transmission ratio')
```

```
parent =
    "sf_car/transmission"
name =
    "transmission ratio"
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.pathJoin|slreportgen.utils.pathSplit

slreportgen.utils.pathSplit class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Split diagram path into diagram parts

Construction

parts = slreportgen.utils.pathSplit(diagrampath) splits the input Simulink
diagram path into a string array of diagram names.

Input Arguments

```
diagrampath — Full diagram path
```

string | character array

Full diagram path, specified as a string or character array.

Output Arguments

parts — Diagram path parts

string array

Diagram path parts, returned as a string array.

Examples

Split Diagram Path Into Separate Parts

```
parts = slreportgen.utils.pathSplit...
    ("sf_car/transmission/transmission ratio")
parts =
    1×3 string array
```

```
"sf_car" "transmission" "transmission ratio"
```

See Also

slreportgen.utils.pathJoin|slreportgen.utils.pathParts

slreportgen.utils.traceSignal class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Trace input signal to its source

Construction

[srcblock,srcport,srcportnum] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(inport) traces the signal entering the port of the inPort element to its source block, source port, and source port number. This utility traces a signal to its nonvirtual source, which means that it traces a signal originating in a subsystem to its source in that subsystem. It ignores the output port blocks of the subsystem.

Input Arguments

inport — Port handles

string | character array

Port handles, specified as a string or character array of Simulink handles.

Output Arguments

srcblock — Signal source block

character array

Signal source block, returned as a character array. If the signal cannot be traced, this utility returns -1 as the value of srcblock.

srcport — Signal source port

Simulink handle

Signal source port value, returned as a Simulink handle.

srcportnum — Signal source port number

integer

Signal source port number, returned as an integer.

Examples

Trace Block Input Signal

```
model= 'f14';
load_system(model)
srcBlock = 'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Transfer Fcn.1';
ports = get_param(srcBlock, 'PortHandles');
[sb,sp,spn] = slreportgen.utils.traceSignal(ports.Inport);
fprintf('Block whose input to trace: %s\n',srcBlock)
fprintf('Source block: %s\n',sb)
fprintf('Source port number: %d\n',spn)
bdclose(model)

Block whose input to trace: f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model/Transfer Fcn.1
Source block: f14/Aircraft
Dynamics
Model/Sum2
Source port number: 1
```

slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel class

Package: slreportgen.utils

Uncompile model

Construction

slreportgen.utils.uncompileModel(modelname) uncompiles the model specified in the modelname input. If modelname is a Simulink block or Stateflow object, the model that contains that block or object is uncompiled.

Input Arguments

modelname — Model to uncompile

character array | string

Model to uncompile, specified as a character array or string of the model handle, block handle, or Stateflow objects. If modelname is an element in the model, the containing model is uncompiled.

See Also

slreportgen.utils.compileModel|slreportgen.utils.isModelCompiled

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions class

Package: slreportgen.webview

Options for exporting Simulink model to web view

Description

Use an slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions object to specify the items to export to a web view or an embedded web view report.

Construction

exportopts = wvdoc.slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions(wvdoc) creates an export options object, exportopts, for the wvdoc web view or embedded web view document. wvdoc is created using slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument. When you create a Web view or embedded Web view document, an export options object is created automatically.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view object

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as a Web view or embedded Web view object.

Output Arguments

exportopts — Export options

class

Export options, returned as a class containing properties that specify what to export to a web view document.

Properties

Diagrams — Diagram or diagrams to export to the web view

character vector

Diagram on page 7-185 or diagrams to export to the web view, specified as a character vector.

SearchScope — System and subsystem levels to export for the specified

Current and Below (default) | All | Current and Above

System and subsystem levels to export, specified as one of:

- Current and Below Current specified system or subsystem and all of its dependents.
- Current Current specified system or subsystem
- Current and Above Current specified system or subsystem and all of its antecedents
- All All systems and subsystems in the model

${\bf Include Masked Subsystems - Option \ to \ export \ masked \ subsystems}$

False (default) | True

Option to export masked subsystems, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeMaskedSystems to False, no masked subsystems are exported. If you set it to True, all masked subsystems are exported.

${\bf Include Referenced Models-Option\ to\ export\ referenced\ models}$

False (default) | True

Option to export referenced models, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeReferencedModels to False, no masked subsystems are exported. If you set it to True, all masked subsystems are exported.

${\bf Include Simulink Library Links-Option\ to\ export\ Simulink\ library\ links}$

False (default) | True

Option to export Simulink library links, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeSimulinkLibraryLinks to False, no library links are exported. If you set it to True, all library links are exported.

IncludeUserLibraryLinks — Option to export user-defined library links False (default) | True

Option to export user-defined library links, specified as a logical. If you set IncludeUserLibraryLinks to False, no user-defined library links are exported. If you set it to True, all user-defined library links are exported.

FilterCallback — Function to determine whether to export a system and its dependants

function name or handle

Function to determine whether to export a system and its descendents, specified as a function name or function handle. The function must return True to include the system or False to exclude the system.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

See Also

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument | slwebview

Introduced in R2017a

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument class

Package: slreportgen.webview

Create a web view document generator

Description

Creates a document generator that generates an HTML document containing a web view of one or more Simulink models.

Construction

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname, model) creates a
document generator that generates an HTML document at the specified location
containing a web view of the specified model. Use the generator's fill method to
generate the document.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname, model1,
model2,...modeln)creates a document generator that includes two or more models in
the web view that it creates. This constructor assigns an array of default
slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects to the generator's ExportOptions
property, one for each of the models to be included in the generated document's web
view. You can use the objects to specify custom export options for the models to be
exported.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname, {model1,
model2,...modeln}) assigns a default slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions
object to the generator's ExportOptions property that applies to all of the models to be
exported.

wvdocgen = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(docname) creates a web view document generator for an initially unspecified model or set of models. Use the Systems property of the generator's ExportOptions property to specify the model or models to be included in the web view that it generates.

Input Arguments

docname - Name of output document file and folder

character vector

Name of the zip file and/or folder containing the report generated by this generator. Use this generator's PackageType property to specify whether to package the generated report as a file or a folder or both. If you specify an extension, the extension must be.htmx. If you do not specify an extension, the report generator appends .htmx.

model — Name of Simulink model to export

character vector

Name of the Simulink model to export to an interactive HTML Web view, specified as a character vector.

Output Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document generator

slreportgen.Web view.WebViewDocument object

Properties

CurrentHoldID — Identifier of current hole in document

character vector

Identifier of current hole in document. This is a read-only property.

ExportOptions — Web view export options

slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions (default)

An array of slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions objects, one for each model or set of models to be exported. The generator's constructor sets this property with default values for the model or models you specify. Use the properties of the ExportOptions object or objects to customize export of the models to the generated web view. For example, you can specify additional models to include or whether to include the block diagrams of masked subsystems and library blocks.

ForceOverwrite — Overwrite existing file or folder

True (default) | False

Whether to overwrite an existing report with the same name. True overwrites the existing report. False generates the report under a new name.

OpenStatus — Status of the web view document

unopened (default) | opened

OutputPath — Path of the document output directory

current working directory (default)

Path of the document output directory.

PackageType — Packaging for files generated

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Packaging to use for output document, specified as one of these character vectors:

- 'zipped' Creates a zip file with an .htmx extension
- 'unzipped' Creates a folder of files
- 'both' Creates both zipped and unzipped output

TemplatePath — Path of the template to use to generated this document character vector

Path to the HTML template to use to generate this report. The template has an .htmtx extension. This property points by default to a default template. To use a custom template, set this property to the path of the custom template.

TitleBarText — Text for HTML browser title bar

character vector

Text to display in the title bar of the HTML browser displaying the generated web view document. The default text is "Simulink Web View - Created by Simulink Report Generator."

Methods

Method	Purpose
fill	Invokes web view generator's hole-filling methods (e.g., fillslwebview) to fill the holes in the web view document's template
fillslwebview	Fills template's slwebview hole with a web view
getExportModels	Names of models to be included in the web view
getExportDiagrams	Paths and handles of block diagrams to be included in the web view
getExportSimulinkSubSystems	Paths and handles of subsystem blocks to be included in this web view
getExportStateflowCharts	Paths and handles of
getExportStateflowDiagrams	Array of Stateflow diagram paths

Examples

Export Model to a Web View

```
import slreportgen.webview.*
load_system('f14')
d = WebViewDocument('f14WebView', 'f14');
d(fill);
rptview(d);
close system('f14');
```

Export Multiple Models to a Web View

The export options in this example allow you to view the subsystem that implements the Simulink library block, Band-Limited White Noise, in the f14 model and the Stateflow chart that implements the Engine block in the sf_car model. If the example did not enable the export options, the subsystem and chart would appear only as blocks in the exported web view.

Export Selected Systems to a Web View

This example exports f14's root system and Aircraft Dynamics Model subsystem.

Export Subsystem's Ancestors to a Web View

This example exports f14's root system and Controller subsystem.

```
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument(...
    'mydoc', 'f14/Controller');
wvdoc.ExportOptions.SearchScope = 'CurrentAndAbove';
fill(wvdoc)
rptview('myWebView')
```

See Also

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.ExportOptions

Introduced in R2017a

Functions - Alphabetical List

getDiagramReporter

Returns Diagram reporter for this block result

Syntax

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result) returns a diagram reporter if the block result contains a subsystem or chart block. The reporter generates a snapshot of the block's diagram or chart, respectively. If the block result contains any other type of block, this method returns empty, []. To include a diagram of the subsystem or chart block search result in a report, add this reporter to the report, either directly or via a Chapter or Section reporter.

Input Arguments

result - Block result object

BlockResult object

BlockResult object, which is the output of the slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter object

slreportgen.report.Diagram object | []

Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram or empty, []. If the result contains a subsystem or chart block, this result returns a Diagram reporter that generates a snapshot of the block's block diagram or chart, respectively. Otherwise, it returns empty, [].

Examples

Add Block Diagram to Report

Add a subsystem snapshot and property table of the Controller block subsystem of the f14 model to a report.

```
model name = 'f14';
load system(model name)
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output','pdf');
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = 'Block Diagram Reporter Example';
blkFinder = BlockFinder(model name);
blocks = find(blkFinder);
for block = blocks
    if block.Name == "Controller"
       rptr = getDiagramReporter(block);
       section = Section("Title", ...
          strrep(block.Name, newline, ' '));
       add(section,rptr);
       add(section,block);
       add(chapter, section);
    end
end
add(rpt,chapter)
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. Block Diagram Reporter Example

1.1. Controller

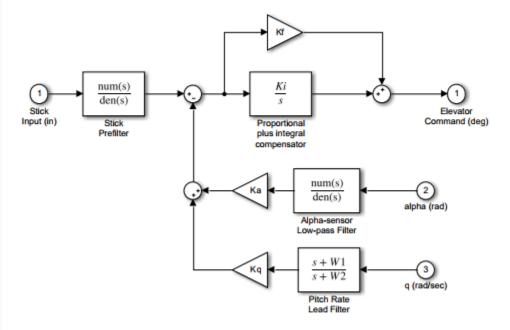


Figure 1.1. Controller

Table 1.1. f14/Controller Properties

Property	Value
Туре	System

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.BlockResult

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get block reporter

Syntax

result = getReporter(path handle)

Description

result = getReporter(path_handle) returns a reporter that generates a properties table for the block returned in the result.

Input Arguments

path_handle — Block path or handle
path | handle

Path or handle of the block.

Output Arguments

result — Block reporter object

path

Block reporter object, returned as a slreportgen.finder.SimulinkObjectProperties object. This reporter generates a properties table for the block.

See Also

slreportgen.finder.BlockFinder|
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

getDiagramReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

Package: slreportgen.finder

Returns Diagram reporter for diagram element result

Syntax

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getDiagramReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a snapshot of the element returned in the diagram element result, or empty, []. If the result contains a diagram element, such as a Simulink block, or Stateflow chart or subchart, that contains a diagram, this method returns a reporter that generates a snapshot of the diagram. Otherwise, it returns empty, []. For example, this method returns a diagram reporter for chart and subchart results but [] for state results, which do not contain diagrams. To include the diagram of an applicable search result in a report, add this reporter to the report, either directly or via a Chapter or Section reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram element result object

DiagramElementResult object

DiagramElementResult object, which is the output of the slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter object

slreportgen.report.Diagram object | []

Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram object, depending on the search result. If the search result is an object that contains a diagram, such as a subsystem block or a subchart, the output is a diagram reporter. Otherwise, it is empty, []. If not empty, the diagram reporter generates a snapshot image of the diagram element.

Examples

Add Stateflow Function Diagram to Report

The sf_car model uses a Simulink Function, which is a function that uses a Simulink subsystem to compute its inputs from its outputs. In addition to the properties of the function, include the subsystem block diagram in the report.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.finder.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
model = "sf_car";
load system(model)
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('output', 'pdf');
chapter = Chapter();
chapter.Title = 'Diagram Element Reporter Example';
diagFinder = DiagramFinder(model);
diagrams = find(diagFinder);
for diag = diagrams
    elemFinder = DiagramElementFinder(diag);
    elemFinder.Types = "slfunction";
    elems = find(elemFinder);
    for elem = elems
        section = Section("Title", ...
            strrep(elem.Type, newline,' '));
        rptr = getDiagramReporter(elem);
        if ~isempty(rptr)
            add(section, rptr)
        end
        r = getReporter(elem);
        add(section,elem)
        add(chapter,section)
```

```
end
end

add(rpt,chapter)
close(rpt)
rptview(rpt)
```

Chapter 1. Diagram Element Reporter Example

1.1. Stateflow.SLFunction

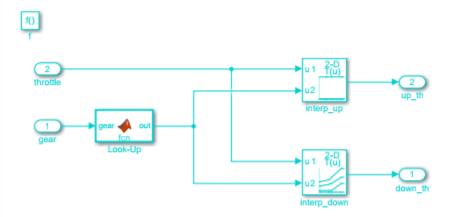


Figure 1.1. calc_th

Table 1.1. sf_car/shift_logic/selection_state/calc_th Properties

Property	Value
Туре	SLFunction
LabelString	[down_th,up_th] = calc_th(gear,throttle)
SimulinkSubSystem	selection_state.calc_th

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get diagram element reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getReporter(result) returns a reporter that generates a properties table for the diagram element returned in this result. A report or reporter to which a diagram element result is added invokes this method to generate a properties table for the element in the result. If you need to customize a properties table, you can invoke this method to get the properties reporter. Then, modify the reporter and add the modified properties reporter to the target report or reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram element finder object

finder object

DiagramElementFinder object, which you create using slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementFinder.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram element reporter object

 ${\tt slreportgen.finder.Simulink0bjectProperties}\ {\tt reporter}.$

Diagram element reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.finder.SimulinkObjectProperties object for block diagram

elements. For Stateflow chart elements, the returned object is an slreportgen.finder.StateflowObjectProperties reporter.

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramElementResult |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

getReporter

Class: slreportgen.finder.DiagramResult

Package: slreportgen.finder

Get diagram reporter

Syntax

reporter = getReporter(result)

Description

reporter = getReporter(result) returns an slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter for the diagram returned by this report. The diagram reporter adds a snapshot of the diagram to a report. A report or reporter to which you add a diagram result invokes this method to create an image of the diagram that the result contains. If you need to change the size or otherwise customize the diagram image, you can invoke this method to get the diagram reporter. Then, modify the reporter and add the modified diagram reporter to a destination report or reporter.

Input Arguments

result — Diagram finder object

finder object

DiagramFinder object, which you create using the slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder class.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter object slreportgen.report.Diagram object

Diagram reporter object, returned as an slreportgen.report.Diagram object. The Diagram reporter generates a snapshot image of the diagram.

See Also

slreportgen.finder.DiagramFinder|slreportgen.report.Diagram

slreportgen.report.Diagram.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create diagram template

Syntax

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the default diagram template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom diagram template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

type — Output format

```
'html'|'html-file'|'docx'|'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

template — Template name

character vector | character array

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML diagram template in the mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myDiagramReporter.htmtx. To use the new template, assign its path to the slreportgen.report.Diagram TemplateSrc property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = Report('My Report','html');
load_system('sf_car')
diagram = Diagram('sf_car');
template = Diagram.createTemplate('mytemplates\myDiagram','html');
diagram.TemplateSrc = template;
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.Diagram.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram **Package:** slreportgen.report

Create custom diagram reporter class

Syntax

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath) creates a diagram class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.Diagram. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The customizeReporter method also copies the default diagram templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the new class definition file as a starting point to design a custom diagram class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom diagram class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom diagram class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter — Diagram reporter path
string

Diagram reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Diagram Reporter

Create a custom diagram reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MyDiagram.m class file is <current working folder>/newDiagram/@MyDiagram/MyDiagram.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/newDiagram/@MyDiagram/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
Diagram.customizeReporter('newDiagram/@MyDiagram');
```

After editing this new class file and loading a model, you can use the new diagram reporter.

```
sf_car;
diagram = MyDiagram('sf_car');
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report

getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram Package: slreportgen.report

Diagram class definition file location

Syntax

path = getClassFolder()

Description

path = getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the diagram
class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Diagram class definition file location

character array

Diagram class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report

getSnapshotImage

Class: slreportgen.report.Diagram **Package:** slreportgen.report

Diagram snapshot image file location

Syntax

```
path = getSnapshotImage(diag,rpt)
```

Description

path = getSnapshotImage(diag,rpt) takes the snapshot of the diagram specified
by the slreportgen.report.Diagram reporter (diag). It creates an image file and
returns the path of that file. rpt is the report into which the diagram is added. This
method gives you access to the image file so you can place it in specific locations of the
report, such as on a title page. By changing the report layout and then adding this image,
you can control the image layout.

Note If you use this method, set the Diagram Scaling property to custom or zoom. If you use auto scaling, the image does not scale to fit on the page.

Input Arguments

diag — Dialog reporter

variable name

Dialog reporter, specified as the variable name of the Diagram class. For example,

rpt - Report name

variable name

Name of the report into which the diagram will go, specified as the report variable name.

Output Arguments

path — Location of snapshot image file

string

Location of snapshot image file, returned as a string. The location is a temporary folder that is deleted when the report is closed. To retain the folder, set the Debug property of slreportgen.report.Report.

See Also

slreportgen.report.Diagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTe mplate

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

Package: slreportgen.report

Create element diagram template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplate(
templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a copy of the default element diagram reporter template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom diagram template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

string | character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

```
type — Output format
'html'|'html-file'|'docx'|'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

template — **Template** name string

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create an Element Diagram Template

See Also

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customi zeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom element diagram reporter class

Syntax

customRptrPath = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

customRptrPath = customizeReporter(classpath) creates an empty element
diagram class definition file that is a subclass of

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The customizeReporter method also copies the default element diagram templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the new class definition file as a starting point to design a custom element diagram class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom element diagram class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom element diagram class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name. For example, both of these are valid paths:

- slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter("path_folder/ MyClassA.m")
- slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.customizeReporter("+package/ @MyClassB")

customRptrPath — Path of custom element diagram reporter string

Path of the custom element diagram reporter classdef file that defines the custom element diagram reporter, specified as a string.

Examples

Create Custom Element Diagram Reporter

Create a custom element diagram reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MyElemDiagram.m class file is <current working folder>/newElemDiagram/@MyElemDiagram/MyElemDiagram.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/newDiagram/@MyElemDiagram/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
ElementDiagram.customizeReporter('newElemDiagram/@MyElemDiagram');
```

After editing this new class file and loading a model, you can use the new diagram reporter.

```
sf_car;
diagram = MyElemDiagram('sf_car');
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClass Folder

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

Package: slreportgen.report

Element diagram class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getClassFolder() returns the
path of the folder that contains the element diagram class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Element diagram class definition file location

character array

Element diagram class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Diagram | slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram |
slreportgen.report.Report
```

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram.getSnap shotImage

Class: slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram

Package: slreportgen.report

Element diagram snapshot image file location

Syntax

path = getSnapshotImage(elemdiag,rpt)

Description

path = getSnapshotImage(elemdiag, rpt) generates the image of the element
diagram this reporter would generate if it were added to the report (rpt). This method
returns the path of the generated image. Use this method to take snapshots of element
diagrams without having to add the ElementDiagram reporter to a report. For example,
you can use this method to set the Image property of a TitlePage reporter to a
snapshot of an element diagram.

Note If you use this method, set the ElementDiagram Scaling property to custom or zoom. If you use auto scaling, the image does not scale to fit on the page.

Input Arguments

elemdiag — Element diagram reporter

ElementDiagram object

Element diagram reporter, specified as an ElementDiagram class object. For example,

rpt — Report class object

Report class

Report class object.used to generate the diagram image

Output Arguments

path — Location of snapshot image file

string

Location of snapshot image file, returned as a string. The location is a temporary folder that is deleted when the report is closed. To retain the folder, set the Debug property of slreportgen.report.Report.

See Also

slreportgen.report.ElementDiagram|slreportgen.report.Report

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.createTempl ate

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Create Simulink lookup table block reporter template

Syntax

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a copy of the
LookupTable reporter template specified by type at the templatePath location. You
can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom LookupTable reporter
template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

```
type — Output format
'html' | 'html-file' | 'docx' | 'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

template — Template name

character vector | character array

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create LookupTable Reporter Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML LookupTable template and save it in a mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myLUTable.htmtx. Edit the template as desired. To use the new template for the lookup table, assign its path to the TemplateSrc property of slreportgen.report.LookupTable.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
rpt = Report('My Report','html');
lutable = LookupTable();
template = LookupTable.createTemplate('mytemplates\myLUTable','html');
lutable.TemplateSrc = template;
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.LookupTable|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

```
"Modify Styles in a Microsoft Word Template" (MATLAB Report Generator)
```

Introduced in R2018a

[&]quot;Modify Styles in HTML Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

[&]quot;Modify Styles in PDF Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.customizeRe porter

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom LookupTable reporter class

Syntax

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath) creates a LookupTable reporter class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.LookupTable. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The LookupTable.customizeReporter method also copies the default LookupTable reporter templates to the <classpath>/ resources/template folder. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom LookupTable reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom lookup table reporter class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom lookup table reporter class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

Output Arguments

reporter — Lookup table reporter path string

Lookup table reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Lookup Table Reporter

Create a custom lookup table reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the myLUTable.m class file is <current working folder>/newLUTable/@myLUTable/myLUTable.m. The default lookup table reporter templates are in the <current working folder>/newLUTable/@myLUTable/resources/templates folder.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
LookupTable.customizeReporter('newLUTable/@myLUTable');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your LookupTable reporter.

```
lutable = myLUTable();
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.LookupTable|slreportgen.report.Report

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.LookupTable.getClassFold er

Class: slreportgen.report.LookupTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Lookup Table reporter class definition file location

Syntax

path = getClassFolder()

Description

path = getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the LookupTable class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Lookup Table class definition file location

character array

Lookup Table class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

slreportgen.report.LookupTable | slreportgen.report.Report

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.createTe mplate

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction

Package: slreportgen.report

Create MATLAB Function reporter template

Syntax

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a copy of the MATLAB Function reporter template specified by type at the templatePath location. You can use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom MATLAB Function template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

type — Output format

```
'html'|'html-file'|'docx'|'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

template — Template name

character vector | character array

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create MATLAB Function Reporter Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML MATLAB Function template in the mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myMFunction.htmtx. Edit the template as desired. To use the new template for the image, assign its path to the TemplateSrc property of slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction|slreportgen.report.Report

Topics

- "Modify Styles in a Microsoft Word Template" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Modify Styles in PDF Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.customi zeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom MATLAB Function reporter class

Syntax

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath) creates a MATLAB Function reporter class definition file that is a subclass of slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The

MATLABFunction.customizeReporter method also copies the default MATLAB Function reporter templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. You can use the class definition file as a starting point to design a custom MATLAB Function reporter class for your report.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom MATLAB Function reporter class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom MATLAB Function reporter class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

reporter — MATLAB Function reporter path string

MATLAB Function reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom MATLAB Function Reporter

Create a custom MATLAB Function reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the myMFunction.m class file is <current working folder>/newMFunction/@myMFunction/myMFunction.m. The default MATLAB Function reporter templates are in the <current working folder>/newMFunction/@myMFunction/resources/templates folder.

```
import mlreportgen.report.*
import slreportgen.report.*
MATLABFunction.customizeReporter('newMFunction/@myMFunction');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your MATLAB Function reporter.

```
mfunction = myMFunction();
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction|slreportgen.report.Report

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction.getClass Folder

Class: slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction

Package: slreportgen.report

MATLAB Function reporter class definition file location

Syntax

path = getClassFolder()

Description

path = getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the MATLAB
Function class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — MATLAB Function class definition file location

character array

MATLAB Function class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

slreportgen.report.MATLABFunction|slreportgen.report.Report

Introduced in R2018a

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties .createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Create Simulink object properties reporter template

Syntax

```
template = createTemplate(templatePath,type)
output args = createTemplate(input args,Name,Value)
```

Description

template = createTemplate(templatePath, type) creates a copy of the default Simulink object properties template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. To design a custom Simulink object properties template for your report, use the copied template as a starting point t.

output_args = createTemplate(input_args, Name, Value) <verb phase> with
additional options specified by one or more Name, Value pair arguments.

Input Arguments

template Path- Location of reporter template

character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

```
type — Output format
'html' | 'html-file' | 'docx' | 'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

Output Arguments

template — Template name

character vector | character array

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML Simulink object properties template in the mytemplates folder. Name the copied template myObjectsReporter.htmtx. Edit the template as desired. To use the new template, assign its path to the slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties TemplateSrc property.

See Also

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Topics

- "Modify Styles in a Microsoft Word Template" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Modify Styles in HTML Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)
- "Modify Styles in PDF Templates" (MATLAB Report Generator)

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectPropertie s.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom Simulink object properties class

Syntax

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath) creates a Simulink object properties
page class definition file that is a subclass of

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The

SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter method also copies the default Simulink object properties templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. To design a custom Simulink object properties class for your report, use the new class definition file as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom Simulink object properties class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom Simulink object properties class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

reporter — Simulink object properties reporter path string

Simulink object properties reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Simulink object properties

Examples

Create Custom Simulink Object Properties Reporter

Create a custom Simulink object properties reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MySFObjProps.m class file is <current working folder>/newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps/MySFObjProps.m. The default title page templates are in the <current working folder>/newTitlePage/@MySFObjProps/resources/templates folder.

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your Simulink object properties reporter.

```
objprop = MySFObjProps();
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Simulink object properties class definition file location

Syntax

path = getClassFolder()

Description

path = getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the Simulink
object properties class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Simulink object properties class definition file location

character array

Simulink object properties class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties
```

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectPropertie s.createTemplate

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Create Stateflow object properties reporter template

Syntax

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type)

Description

template = createTemplate(templatePath,type) creates a copy of the default Stateflow object properties template specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. Use the copied template as a starting point to design a custom Stateflow object properties template for your report.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

 $character\ vector\ |\ character\ array\ |\ template\ source\ object$

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

```
type — Output format
'html' | 'html-file' | 'docx' | 'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

template — Template name

character vector | character array

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create a Report Template

Before you run this example, create a copy of the default HTML Stateflow object properties template in a folder named mytemplates and name the copied template myObjectsReporter.htmtx. Edit the template as desired. To use the new template, assign its path to the slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties TemplateSrc property.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
import mlreportgen.report.*
rpt = slreportgen.report.Report('My Report','html');
model_name = 'sf_car');
load_system(model_name);

chapter = Chapter(model_name);
chart = block2chart('sf_car/shift_logic');
rptr = StateflowObjectProperties(chart);
template = StateflowObjectProperties.createTemplate...
    ('mytemplates\myObjsReporter','html');
rptr.TemplateSrc = template;
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties .customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom Stateflow object properties class

Syntax

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath)

Description

reporter = customizeReporter(classpath) creates a Stateflow object properties
page class definition file that is a subclass of

slreportgen.report.SimulinkObjectProperties. The file is created at the specified classpath location. The

SimulinkObjectProperties.customizeReporter method also copies the default Stateflow object properties templates to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. To design a custom Stateflow object properties class for your report, use the new class definition file as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom Stateflow object properties class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom Stateflow object properties class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name.

reporter — Stateflow object properties reporter path string

Stateflow object properties reporter path, returned as the string specifying the path to the derived report class file.

Examples

Create Custom Stateflow Object Properties Reporter

Create a custom Stateflow object properties reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MySFObjProps.m class file is <current working folder>/newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps/MySFObjProps.m. The default title page templates are in the <current working folder>/newTitlePage/@MySFObjProps/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
StateflowObjectProperties.customizeReporter...
    ('newSFObjProps/@MySFObjProps');
```

After editing this new class file, you can use it as your Stateflow object properties reporter.

```
objprop = MySFObjProps();
```

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties

Package: slreportgen.report

Stateflow object properties class definition file location

Syntax

path = getClassFolder()

Description

path = getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the Stateflow object properties class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Stateflow object properties class definition file location

character array

Stateflow object properties class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

```
slreportgen.report.Report |
slreportgen.report.StateflowObjectProperties
```

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplat e

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Create truth table template

Syntax

template = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate(
templatePath,type)

Description

template = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.createTemplate(
templatePath,type) creates a copy of the default truth table reporter template
specified by type at the location specified by templatePath. To design a custom truth
table template for your report, use the copied template as a starting point.

Input Arguments

templatePath — Location of reporter template

string | character vector | character array | template source object

Location of the reporter template, specified as a character vector, character array, or template source object.

```
type — Output format
'html'|'html-file'|'docx'|'pdf'
```

Format for the output, specified as 'html', 'html-file', 'docx', or 'pdf'. If you specify a template using the templatePath property, the value for type must match the template type.

Output Arguments

template — Template name string

Name of template, returned as the path and file name of the template. The template file name extension is assigned based on the specified output type. For example, for PDF output, the template name has a .pdftx file extension.

Examples

Create a Truth Table Template

See Also

 $\verb|slreportgen.report.Report| slreportgen.report.TruthTable|$

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Create custom truth table reporter class

Syntax

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter(
classpath)

Description

customRptrPath = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter(
classpath) creates an empty truth table class definition file that is a subclass of
slreportgen.report.TruthTable. The file is created at the specified classpath
location. The customizeReporter method also copies the default truth table templates
to the <classpath>/resources/template folder. To design a custom truth table class
for your report, you can use the new class definition file as a starting point.

Input Arguments

classpath — Location of custom truth table class

current working folder (default) | string | character array

Location of custom truth table class, specified as a string or character array. The classpath argument also supports specifying a folder with @ before the class name. For example, both of these paths are valid:

- slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter("path_folder/ MyClassA.m")
- slreportgen.report.TruthTable.customizeReporter("+package/ @MyClassB")

Output Arguments

customRptrPath — Path of custom truth table reporter string

Path of the class definition file that defines the custom truth table reporter, specified as a string.

Examples

Create Custom Truth Table Reporter

Create a custom truth table reporter and its associated default templates. The derived class file is created at the specified path relative to the current working folder. In this case, the path to the MyTruthTable.m class file is <current working folder>/newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable/MyTruthTable.m. The default diagram templates are in the <current working folder>/newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable/resources/templates folder.

```
import slreportgen.report.*
TruthTable.customizeReporter('newTruthTable/@MyTruthTable');
```

After editing this new class file and loading a model, you can use the new diagram reporter.

```
sf_car;
diagram = MyTruthTable('sf_car');
```

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report|slreportgen.report.TruthTable

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder

Class: slreportgen.report.TruthTable

Package: slreportgen.report

Truth table class definition file location

Syntax

path = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder()

Description

path = slreportgen.report.TruthTable.getClassFolder() returns the path of the folder that contains the truth table class definition file.

Output Arguments

path — Truth table class definition file location

character array

Truth table class definition file location, returned as a character array.

See Also

slreportgen.report.Report|slreportgen.report.TruthTable

Introduced in R2018b

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDoc ument.createDiagramLink

Package: slreportgen.webview

Link to embedded Web view report

Syntax

diaglink = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel)

Description

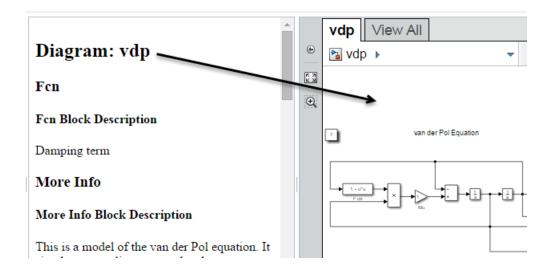
diaglink = createDiagramLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel) updates a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel so that it links to a diagram anchor handle in the Simulink Web view. The diaglink DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Examples

Create a Link to a Web View

Create a link from a level 2 heading in the center text pane to a Simulink model.

```
diagHeading = createDiagramLink(h,diagHandle,...
    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,get_param(diagHandle,'Name')));
```



Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

dhandle — Handle of Web view diagram anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view diagram anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the <code>getExportDiagrams</code> method to obtain the diagram paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'vdp'. Object handle: get_param('vdp', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

diaglink — Diagram link

DOM object

Diagram link to the specified Simulink Web view diagram, returned as a DOM object. The DOM object has an attribute that marks it as a link.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams
```

Topics

"Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDoc ument.createDiagramTwoWayLink

Package: slreportgen.webview

Link and anchor in embedded Web view report

Syntax

diag2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel)

Description

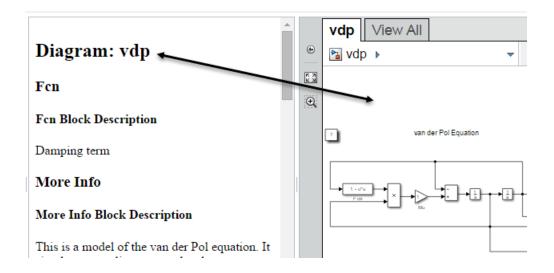
diag2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,dhandle,domlabel) creates a two-way connection between a Simulink Web view diagram and a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel. The diag2link DOM object is updated to include attributes that identifies it as a link. The diag2link DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Examples

Create Two-Way Diagram Link

Create a two-way connection between a level 2 heading in the center text pane and a diagram in the Web view. This creates both a link and an anchor.

```
diagramHeading = createDiagramTwoWayLink(h,diagramPath, ...
    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2,['Diagram: ' diagramPath]));
```



Input Arguments

wvdoc — Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

dhandle — Handle of Web view diagram anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view diagram anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the <code>getExportDiagrams</code> method to obtain the diagram paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'vdp'. Object handle: get_param('vdp', 'handle')

domlabel — DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

diag2link — Diagram link and Web view anchor

DOM object

Diagram link and Web view anchor, returned as a DOM object. The diag2link object connects a DOM object in the embedded Web view Document panel to the specified Simulink Web view diagram. The DOM object is updated with an attribute that indicates it is a link to the anchor.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams
```

Topics

```
"Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30
```

[&]quot;Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDoc ument.createElementLink

Package: slreportgen.webview

Element link in embedded Web view report

Syntax

elemLink = createElementLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel)

Description

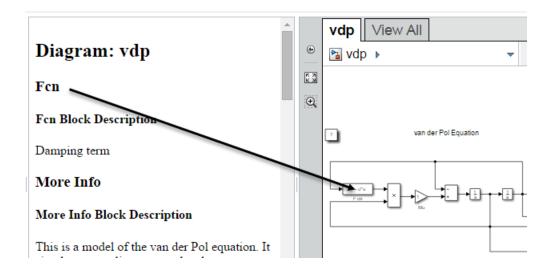
elemLink = createElementLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel) updates a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel so that it links to an element anchor in the Simulink Web view. The DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or, if domlabel is a string, a mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Examples

Create Link to Element to Web View

Create a link between a level 2 heading in the center text pane and an element in the Web view.

```
blockHeading = createElementLink(h,blockHandle, ...
    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(2, get param(blockHandle,'Name')));
```



Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

ehandle — Handle of Web view element anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view element anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the <code>getExportDiagrams</code> method to obtain the element paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'vdp/mu'. Object handle: get_param('vdp/mu', 'handle')

domlabel - DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

elemLink — Element link

array of character vectors

Element link to the specified Simulink Web view element, returned as a DOM object. The DOM object has an attribute that marks it as a link.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams
```

Topics

"Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30 "Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24

slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDoc ument.createElementTwoWayLink

Package: slreportgen.webview

Element link and anchor in embedded Web view report

Syntax

elem2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel)

Description

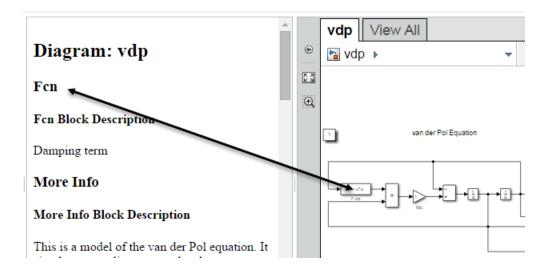
elem2link = createDiagramTwoWayLink(wvdoc,ehandle,domlabel) creates a two-way connection between a Simulink Web view element and a DOM object in an embedded Web view Document panel. The elem2link DOM object is updated to include attributes that identifies it as a link. The elem2link DOM object is of the same type as domlabel or if domlabel is a string, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Examples

Create Two-Way Element Link in Embedded Web View Report

Create a two-way connection between a level 2 heading in the center text pane and an element in the Web view. This creates both a link and an anchor.

```
blockHeading = createElementTwoWayLink(h,blockHandle, ...
    mlreportgen.dom.Heading(3, get param(blockHandle, 'Name')));
```



Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

ehandle — Handle of Web view element anchor

character vector | object handle

Handle of Web view element anchor, specified as a character vector of the path or as an object handle. You can use the <code>getExportDiagrams</code> method to obtain the element paths and handles.

Example: Character vector: 'vdp/mu'. Object handle: get_param('vdp/mu', 'handle')

domlabel - DOM object from which to link

DOM object | character vector

DOM object from which to link, specified as a valid DOM object or as a character vector. If you enter a character vector, an mlreportgen.DOM.Text object is created.

Output Arguments

elem2link — Element link and Web view anchor

DOM object

Element link and Web view anchor, returned as a DOM object. The elem2link object connects a DOM object in the embedded Web view Document panel to the specified Simulink Web view element. The DOM object is updated with an attribute that indicates it is a link to the anchor.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createDiagramTwoWayLink |
slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument.createElementLink |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams
```

Topics

```
"Create an Embedded Web View Report Generator" on page 5-30
```

[&]quot;Embedded Web View Reports" on page 5-24

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.fill

Fill report holes

Syntax

fill(wvdoc)

Description

fill(wvdoc) fills the holes in the report generated by wvdoc. This method loops through the holes in the report's template. For each hole, it determines if this object has a method named fillId(wvdoc), where Id is the id of the hole. If the method exists, this method invokes the method to fill the hole.

Input Arguments

wydoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Tips

- The default template specified by wvdoc contains a hole named slwebview. Thus
 invoking this method will invoke
 slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.fillslwebview to fill the hole with
 web views of the model(s) specified by wvdoc's ExportOptions property.
- This method allows you to fill holes in a custom template by deriving a class from slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument and providing the derived class with filld methods to fill the holes.

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.ap pend

Append content to a web view document

Syntax

append(wvdoc,content)

Description

append(wvdoc,content) appends content to the web view document. You can append any type of content that can be appended to an mlreportgen.dom.Document object.

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

content — Objects to be appended to the web view document

Any MATLAB or DOM objects that can be appended to an mlreportgen.dom.Document object.

The value of this object can be any type of MATLAB or DOM API object that can be appended to a DOM document.

Tips

 Use this method to fill holes in a custom template that you create to be used with slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument or slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument objects. • To fill the Content hole defined by the default template specified by a class that you derive from slreportgen.webview.EmbeddedWebViewDocument class, define a fillContent method in your derived class and use this method in the fillContent method to fill the hole with document content. See slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.fillfor more information.

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.fills lwebview

Package: slreportgen.webview

Create and insert a web view in an HTML document

Syntax

fillslwebview(wvdocgen)

Description

fillslwebview(wvdocgen) creates the web view specified by the ExportOptions property of the specified web view document generator (i.e., wvdocgen) and inserts the web view in the generator's output document at the location specified by an slwebview hole in the generator's document template.

Input Arguments

wvdocgen - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

See Also

mlreportgen.dom.document.fill

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.get ExportDiagrams

Package: slreportgen.webview

Get names of diagram paths and handles to export

Syntax

```
[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc)
```

Description

[paths, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc) returns an array of diagram paths
and handles to export.

Examples

Get Diagram Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for a Web view of the ${\sf f14}$ Simulink model and subsystems.

```
f14
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','f14');
[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc)

paths =

5×1 cell array

'f14'
  'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model'
  'f14/Controller'
  'f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models'
  'f14/Nz pilot calculation'
```

```
handles =

5×1 cell array

[ 2.0001]
  [ 7.0001]
  [39.0001]
  [69.0004]
  [84.0001]
```

Input Arguments

wydoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Diagram paths

cell array of character vectors

Diagram paths in the model, including the model name and its subsystem names, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Diagram handles that correspond to the diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportModels |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportSimulinkSubSystems |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowCharts |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportModels

Package: slreportgen.webview

Model paths and handles to export

Syntax

```
[paths,handles] = getExportModels(wvdoc)
```

Description

[paths, handles] = getExportModels(wvdoc) returns an array of model paths and handles to export.

Examples

Get Model Paths and Handles

Get the path and handle for a Web view of the f14 Simulink model.

```
f14
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','f14');
[path,handle] = getExportModels(wvdoc)

path =
   cell
    'f14'
handle =
```

100.0002

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Model paths

array of character vectors

Model paths in the model, returned as an array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Diagram handles that correspond to the diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportSimulinkSubSystems |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowCharts |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportSimulinkSubSystems

Package: slreportgen.webview

Subsystem paths and handles to export

Syntax

```
[paths,handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc)
```

Description

[paths, handles] = getExportDiagrams(wvdoc) returns a cell array of subsystem
paths and handles to export.

Examples

Get Simulink Subsystems Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for a Web view of the f14 Simulink subsystems.

```
f14
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','f14');
[paths,handles] = getExportSimulinkSubSystems(wvdoc)

paths =

4×1 cell array

'f14/Aircraft Dynamics Model'
 'f14/Controller'
 'f14/Dryden Wind Gust Models'
 'f14/Nz pilot calculation'
```

handles =

105,0001

137.0001

167,0004

182,0001

Input Arguments

wydoc — Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Subsystem paths

cell array of character vectors

Subsystem paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Subsystem handles

array of character vectors

Subsystem handles that correspond to the Subsystem paths, returned as an array of character vectors.

Definitions

Diagram

Diagram refers to a Simulink model, subsystem, or Stateflow chart.

Element

Element refers to an individual item within a diagram, such as a block, annotation, state, or transition.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportModels |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowCharts |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowCharts

Package: slreportgen.webview

Stateflow chart paths and handles to export

Syntax

```
[paths, handles] = getExportStateflowCharts(wvdoc)
```

Description

[paths, handles] = getExportStateflowCharts(wvdoc) returns an array of the Stateflow chart paths and handles at the top level of the model to export.

Examples

Get Stateflow Charts Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for Stateflow charts in the sf_cdplayer Simulink model.

```
sf_cdplayer
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','sf_cdplayer');
[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowCharts(wvdoc)

paths =
    3×1 cell array
    'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerBehaviorModel'
    'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager'
    'sf_cdplayer/UserRequest'
handles =
```

Stateflow.Chart: 1-by-3

Input Arguments

wvdoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Stateflow chart paths

cell array of character vectors

Stateflow chart paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Diagram handles

array of character vectors

Stateflow chart handles that correspond to the paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportModels |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportSimulinkSubSystems |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams

Package: slreportgen.webview

Stateflow chart hierarchy paths and handles to export

Syntax

```
[paths, handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams(wvdoc)
```

Description

[paths, handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams (wvdoc) returns an array of Stateflow chart paths and handles to export. The paths and handles are returned for both charts at the top level of the model and all charts in the hierarchy.

Examples

Get Stateflow Diagrams Paths and Handles

Get the paths and handles for Stateflow diagrams in the sf_cdplayer Simulink model.

```
sf_cdplayer
wvdoc = slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument('myWebview','sf_cdplayer');
[paths,handles] = getExportStateflowDiagrams(wvdoc)

paths =

7×1 cell array

'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerBehaviorModel'
   'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager'
   'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager/AMMode'
   'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager/CDMode'
```

```
'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager/CDMode/Play'
'sf_cdplayer/CdPlayerModeManager/FMMode'
'sf_cdplayer/UserRequest'
handles =
    Stateflow.Object: 1-by-7
```

Input Arguments

wydoc - Web view document

slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object

Web view document, specified as an slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument object.

Output Arguments

paths — Stateflow diagram paths

cell array of character vectors

Stateflow diagram paths in the model, returned as a cell array of character vectors.

handles — Stateflow diagram handles

array of character vectors

Stateflow diagram handles that correspond to the Stateflow diagram paths. returned as an array of character vectors.

See Also

```
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportDiagrams |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportModels |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportSimulinkSubSystems |
slreportgen.webview.WebViewDocument.getExportStateflowDiagrams
```

slwebview

Export Simulink models to Web views

Syntax

```
slwebview
filename = slwebview(system_name)
filename = slwebview(folder)
filename = slwebview(system_name,Name,Value)
```

Description

slwebview starts the Web View dialog box in the Report Explorer.

filename = slwebview(system_name) exports the subsystem system_name and its
child systems to the file filename.

filename = slwebview(folder) exports all models in a folder. See "'RecurseFolder'" on page 8-0 to include models in subfolders.

filename = slwebview(system_name, Name, Value) provides additional options
specified by one or more Name, Value pairs.

Examples

Export Web View for a Subsystem and Systems that Contain that Subsystem

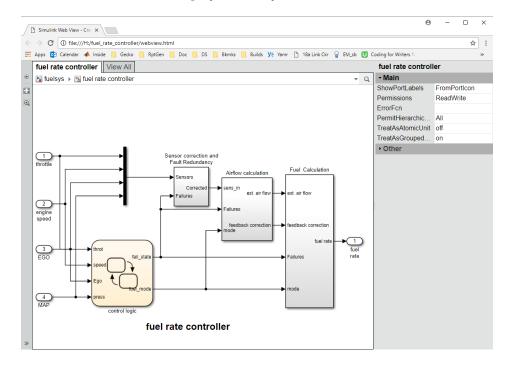
Open the fuel rate controller subsystem.

```
open_system('fuelsys')
```

Export to a Web view the fuel rate controller subsystem and the system that contains it. Do not export the subsystems that it contains. This example assumes the current folder is the H: drive.

```
fuelsys_web_view = slwebview...
('fuelsys/fuel rate controller','SearchScope','CurrentAndAbove')
fuelsys_web_view =
H:\fuel_rate_controller.zip
```

The Web view displays in the system browser.



Export Web View with Access to Referenced Models

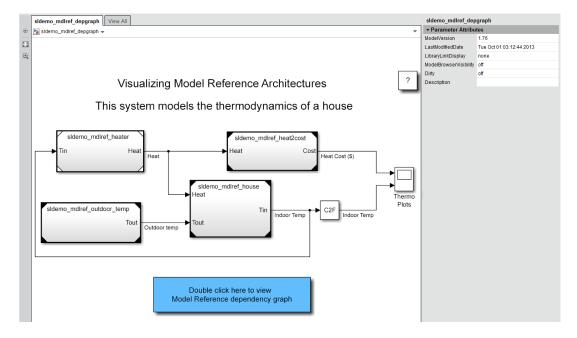
Open the sldemo_mdlref_depgraph model.

```
open_system('sldemo_mdlref_depgraph')
```

Export to a Web view the sldemo_mdlref_depgraph model and allow access to the models it references.

```
depgraph_web_view = slwebview...
('sldemo_mdlref_depgraph','FollowModelReference','on')
depgraph_web_view =
H:\sldemo mdlref depgraph.zip
```

The Web view displays in the system browser. In the Web view, you can open the models referenced by the Model blocks.



Click a Model block to see its properties. Double-click a Model block to display the referenced model.

Input Arguments

system name — System to export to a Web view file

string containing the path to the system | handle to a subsystem or block diagram | handle to a chart or subchart

Exports the specified system or subsystem and its child systems to a Web view file. By default, child systems of the system_name system are also exported. Use the SearchScope name-value pair to export other systems, in relation to system name.

folder — Path to file folder of models to export

string containing the path to the file folder

Path to the file folder containing one or more models to export to a Web view file, specified as a string. All models in the folder are exported.

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside quotes. You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, . . . , NameN, ValueN.

Example: htmlFileName = slwebview(gcs, 'LookUnderMasks', 'all',...
'FollowLinks', 'on') Export to a Web view all layers of the model hierarchy to which the current system belongs, including the ability to interact with library links and masks.

SearchScope — Systems to export, relative to the system_name system 'CurrentAndBelow' (default) | 'Current' | 'CurrentAndAbove' | 'All'

- 'CurrentAndBelow' exports the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by system_name and all systems or charts that it contains.
- 'Current' exports only the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by system_name.
- 'CurrentAndAbove' exports the Simulink system or the Stateflow chart specified by the system_name and all systems or charts that contain it.
- 'All' exports all Simulink systems or Stateflow charts in the model that contains the system or chart specified by system name.

Data Types: char

LookUnderMasks — Whether to export the ability to interact with masked blocks 'none' (default) | 'all'

'none' does not export masked blocks in the Web view. Masked blocks are included in the exported systems, but you cannot access the contents of the masked blocks.

'all' exports all masked blocks.

Data Types: char

FollowLinks — Whether to follow links into library blocks

'off' (default) | 'on'

'off' does not allow you to follow links into library blocks in a Web view.

'on' allows you to follow links into library blocks in a Web view.

Data Types: char

FollowModelReference — Whether to access referenced models in a Web view 'off' (default) | 'on'

'off' does not allow you to access referenced models in a Web view.

'on' allows you to access referenced models in a Web view.

Data Types: char

RecurseFolder — Whether to export models in subfolders

false (default) | true

Whether to export models in subfolders to a Web View file, specified as a logical. If false, the Web view includes models only in the top-level folder and does not include models in subfolders. If true, models in subfolders are also included. This property applies only if you specify a folder as an input argument.

PackageName — Name of the web view output package

model name (default)

Name of the web view output package, specified as a character vector. The web view output is a .zip file or folder of unzipped web view files, or both types of outputs.

Data Types: char

PackageFolder — Path of folder in which to place the packaged web view output current working directory (default)

Path in which to place the packaged web view, specified as a character vector. To save the packaged web view in the same folder as the model, use \$model as the PackageFolder.

Data Types: char

PackagingType — Type of web view output package

'both' (default) | 'zipped' | 'unzipped'

Type of web view output package, specified as a zipped file, a folder of unzipped files, or both a zipped file and folder of unzipped files.

Data Types: char

ViewFile — Whether to display the Web view in a Web browser when you export the Web view

true (default) | false

true displays the Web view in a Web browser when you export the Web view.

false does not display the Web view in a Web browser when you export the Web view.

Data Types: logical

ShowProgressBar — Whether to display the status bar when you export a Web view

true (default) | false

true displays the status bar when you export a Web view.

false does not display the status bar when you export a Web view.

Data Types: logical

Output Arguments

filename — The name of the HTML file for displaying the Web view string

Reports the name of the HTML file for displaying the Web view. Exporting a Web view creates the supporting files, in a folder.

Tips

A Web view is an interactive rendition of a model that you can view in a Web browser. You can navigate a Web view hierarchically to examine specific subsystems and to see properties of blocks and signals.

You can use Web views to share models with people who do not have Simulink installed.

Web views require a Web browser that supports Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG).

See Also

Topics

"Create and Use a Web View" on page 5-14

Introduced in R2006a